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# **Introduction to RTK Data Processing** **How to get centimeter level accuracy?** **Part - 1**

GNSS Data Processing for High-Accuracy Positioning using  
Low-Cost Receiver Systems

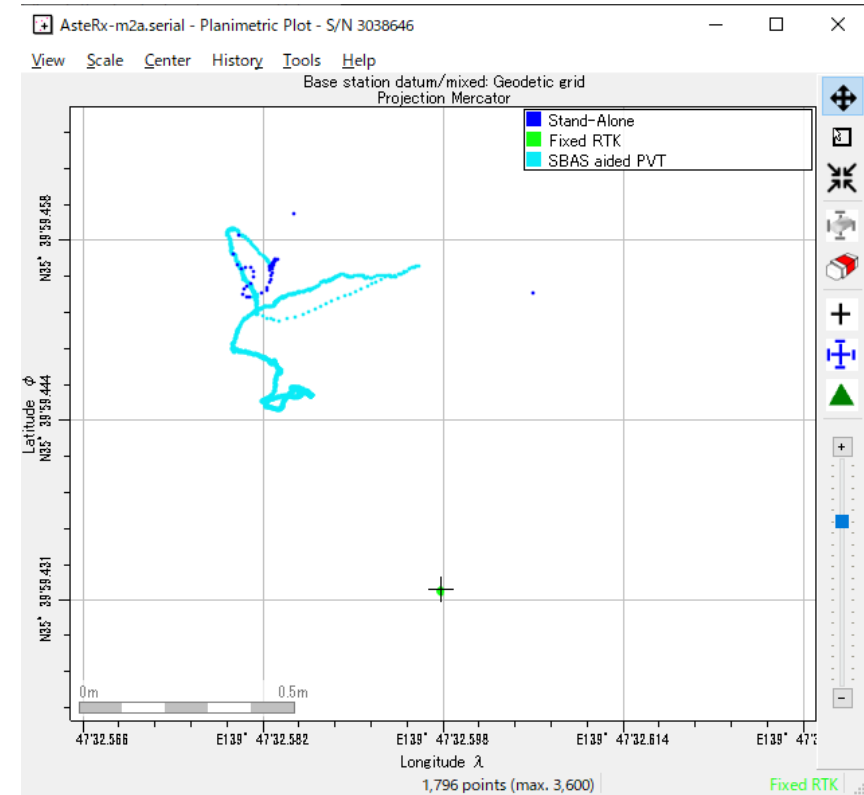
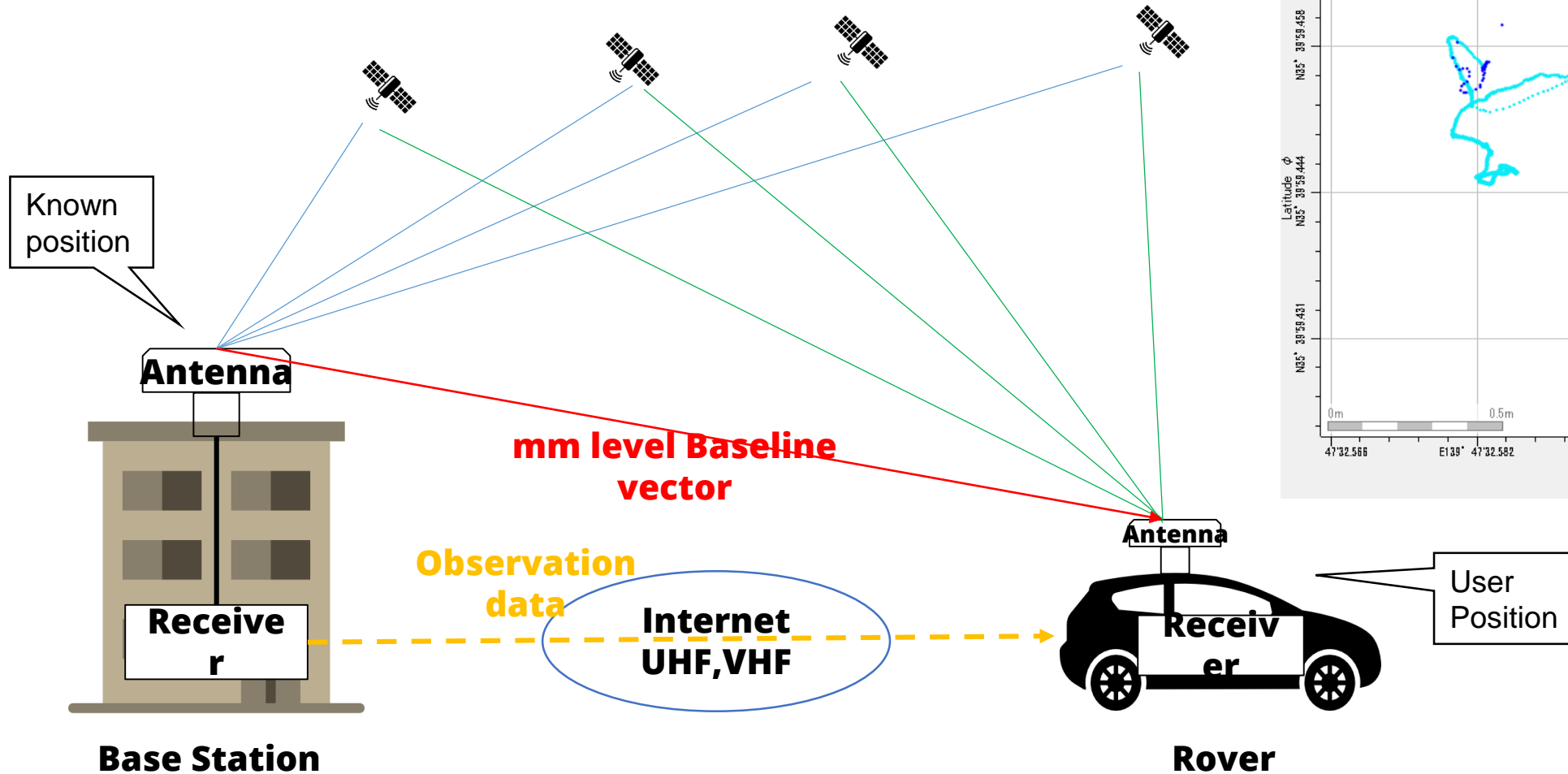
11 – 13 JAN 2022

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Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology

1. What is RTK
2. RTK applications
3. How to build RTK environment
  1. Base-Station
    1. Receiver and Antenna types
    2. How to setup base-station
  2. Rover Unit
    1. Receiver and Antenna Types
    2. How to setup rover
4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK
  1. SBF, UBX, JPX etc. to RINEX
  2. Which version of RINEX shall be used?

# 1. What is RTK

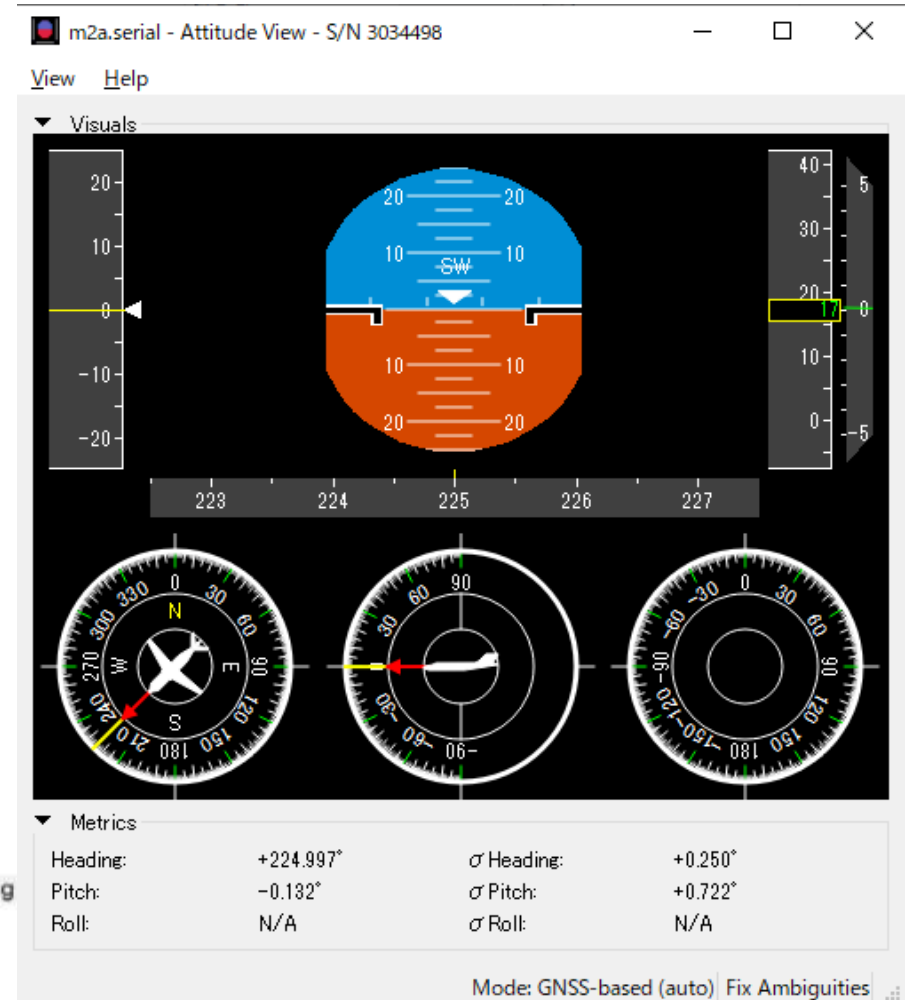
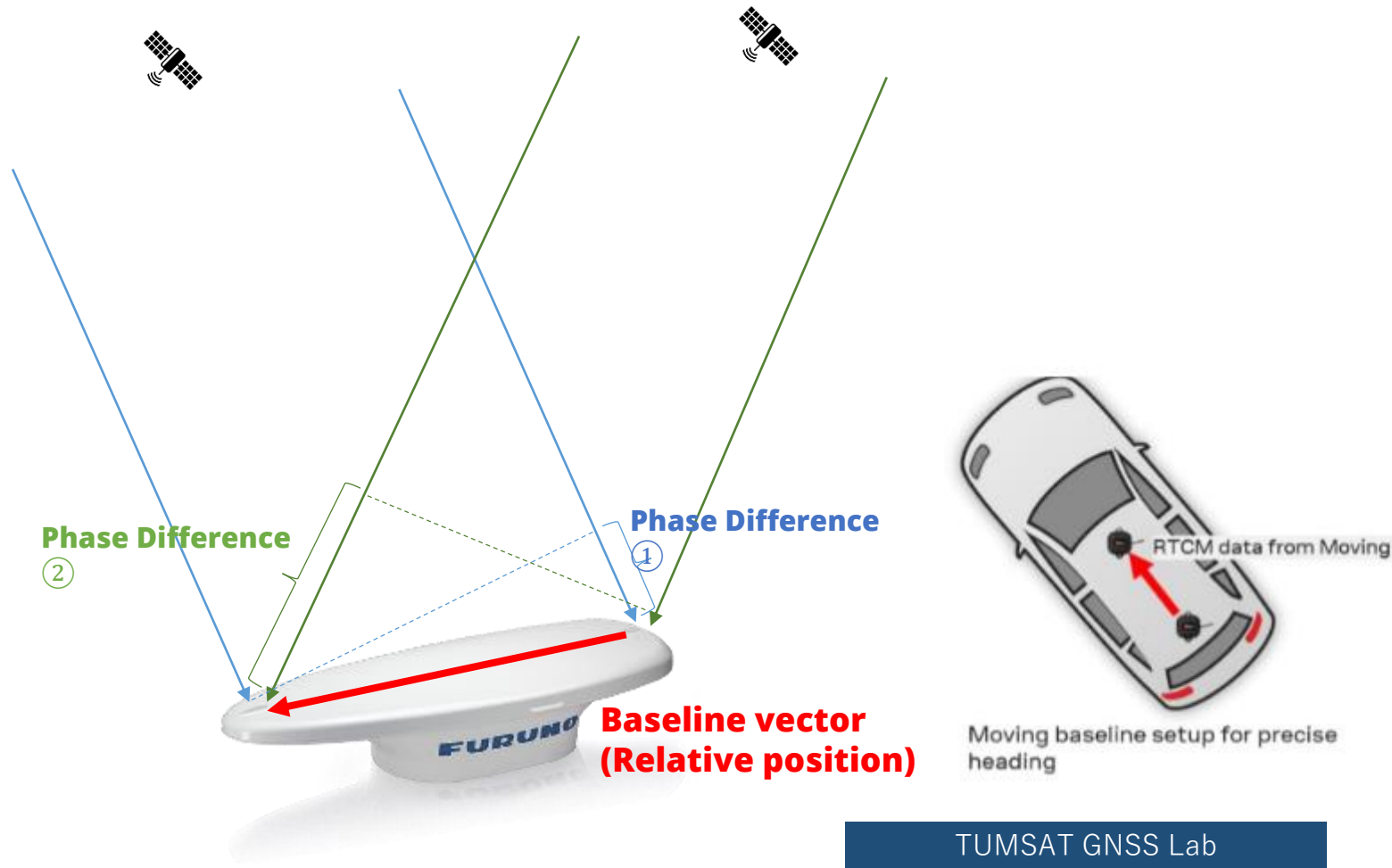
RTK is high accuracy positioning method using "Base Station".



# 1. What is RTK

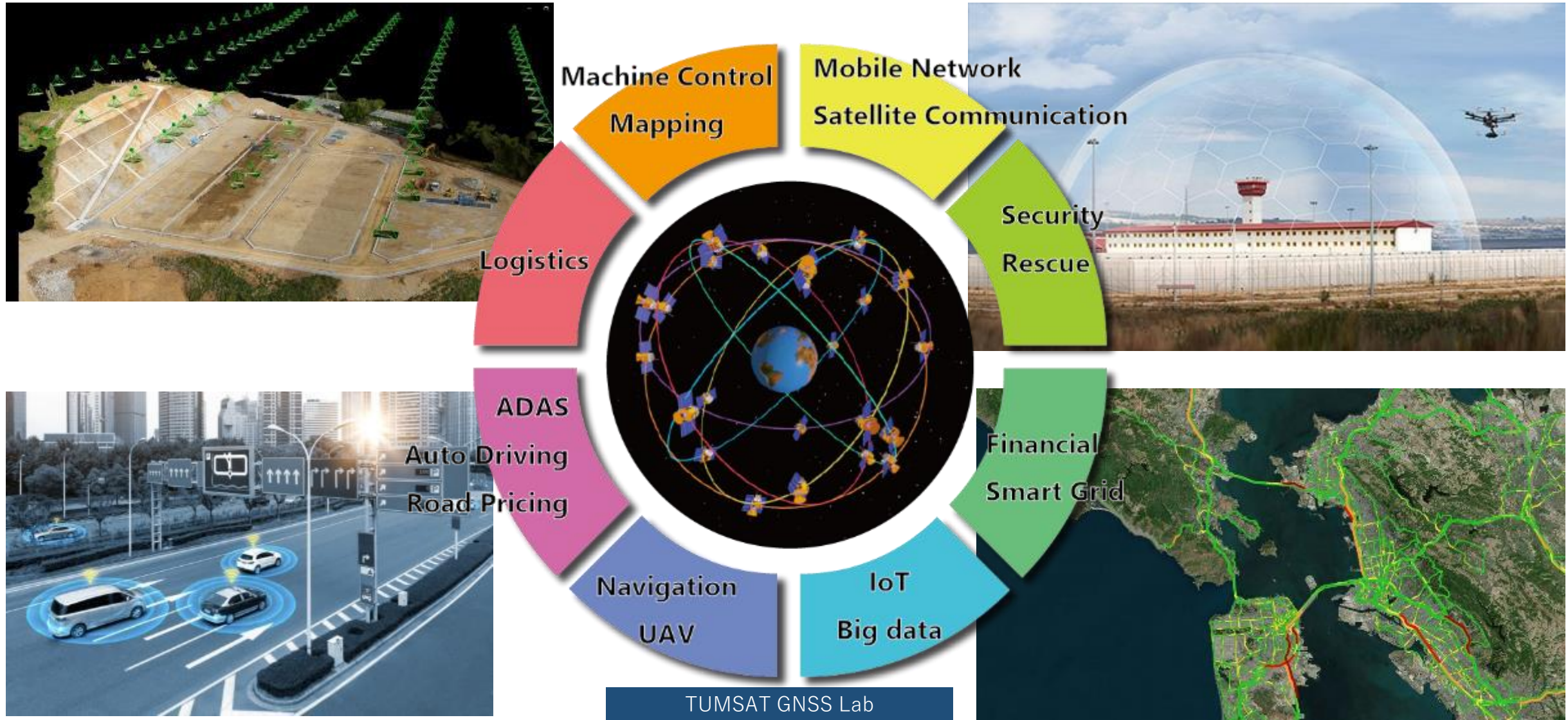
If "Base station" is not fixed → Moving-base RTK

You can get precise relative position, angle between 2 antenna.



## 2. RTK applications

RTK can expand GNSS use field over traditional PNT (Positioning, Navigation, Timing).

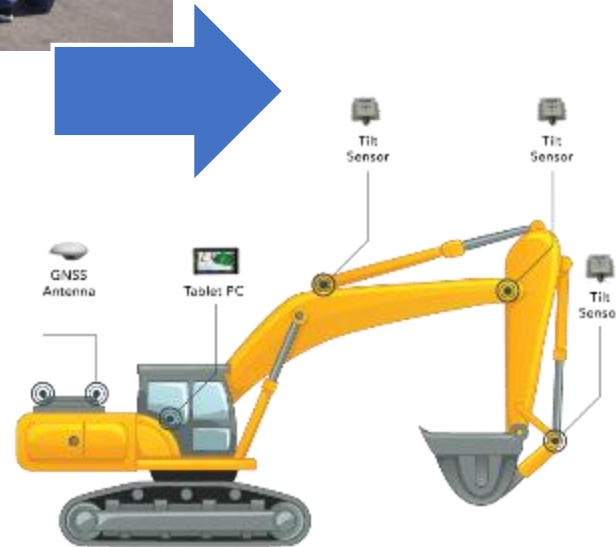
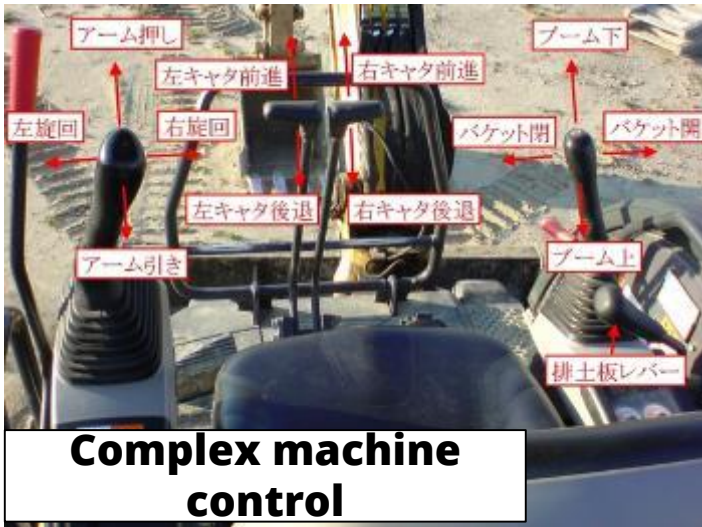
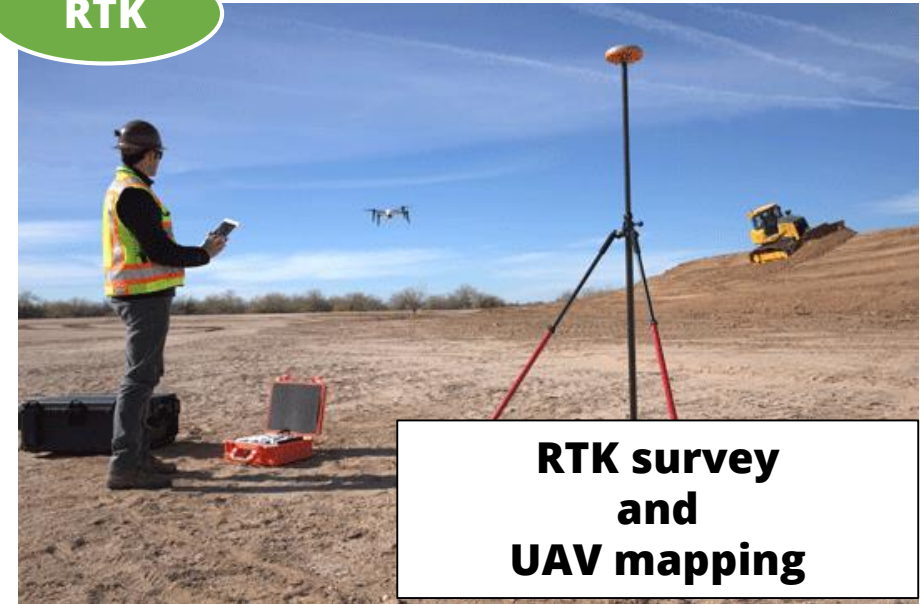


# 2. RTK applications

## ◆ Construction



RTK

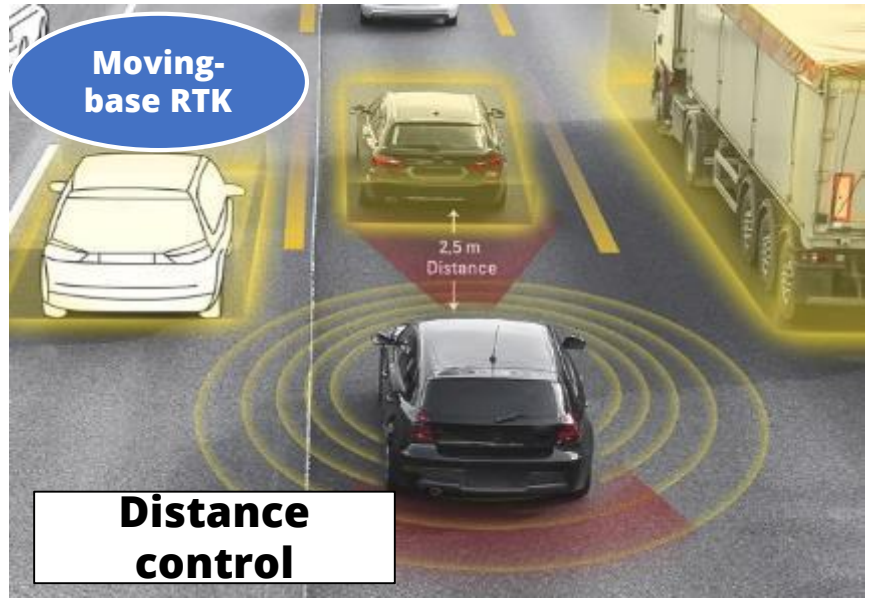
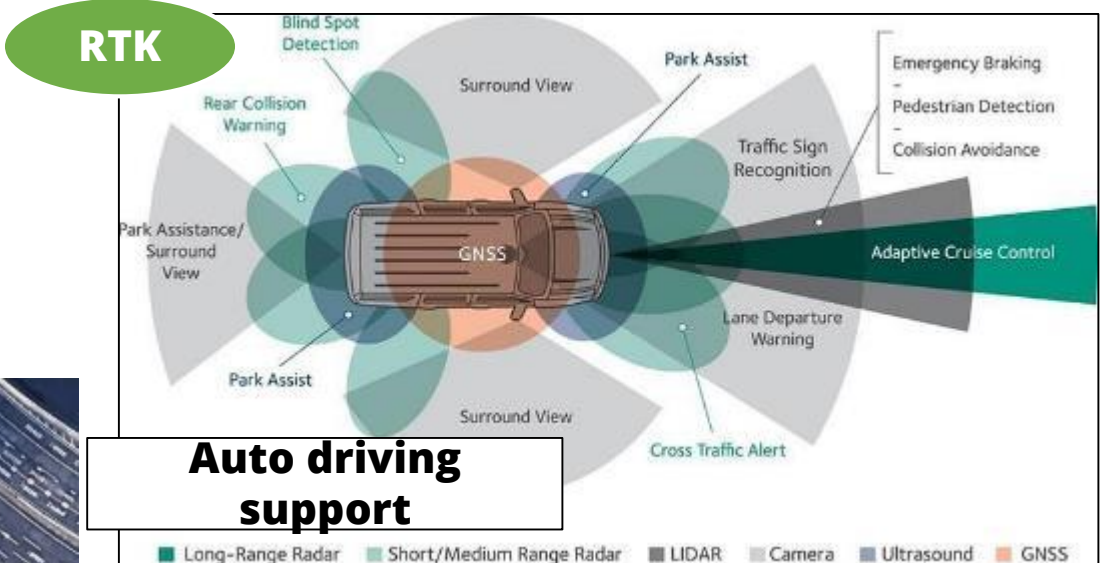


RTK  
Moving-base RTK



# 2. RTK applications

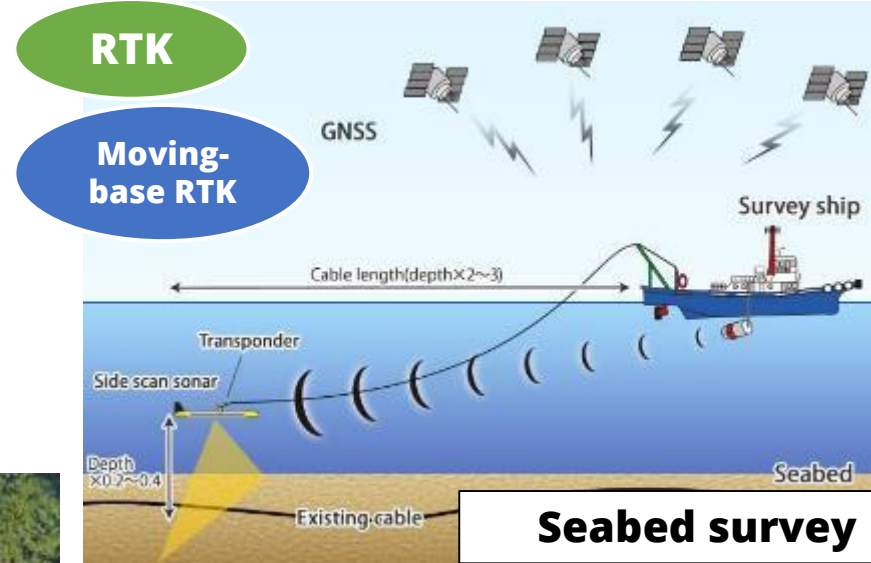
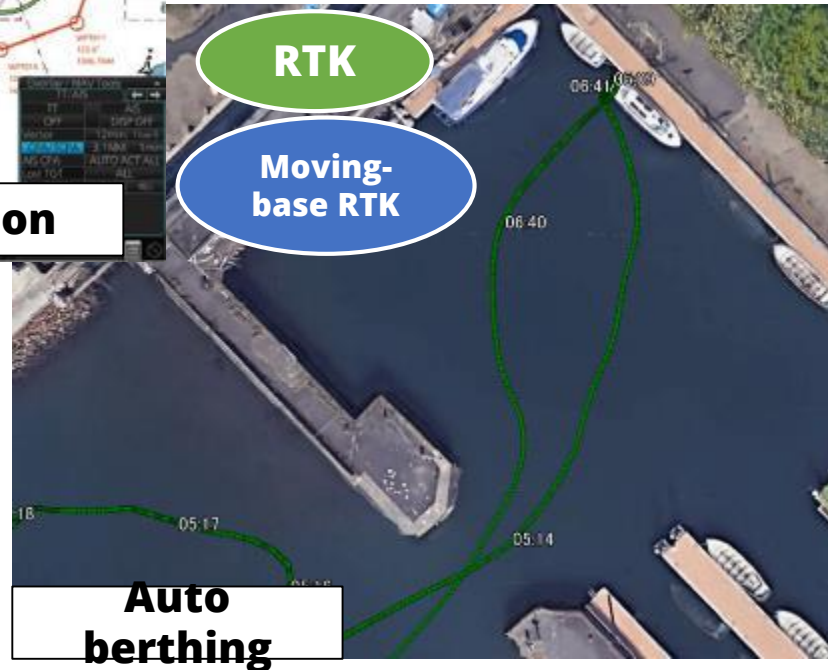
## ◆ ITS (Intelligent Transportation System)



# 2. RTK applications



## ◆ Maritime





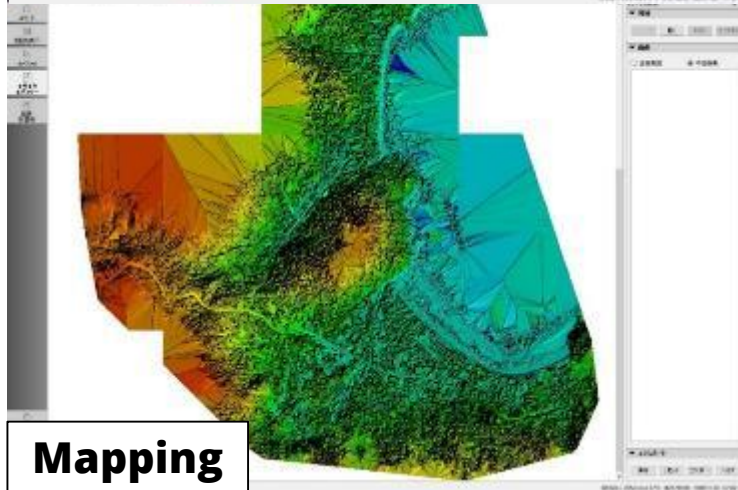
# 2. RTK applications



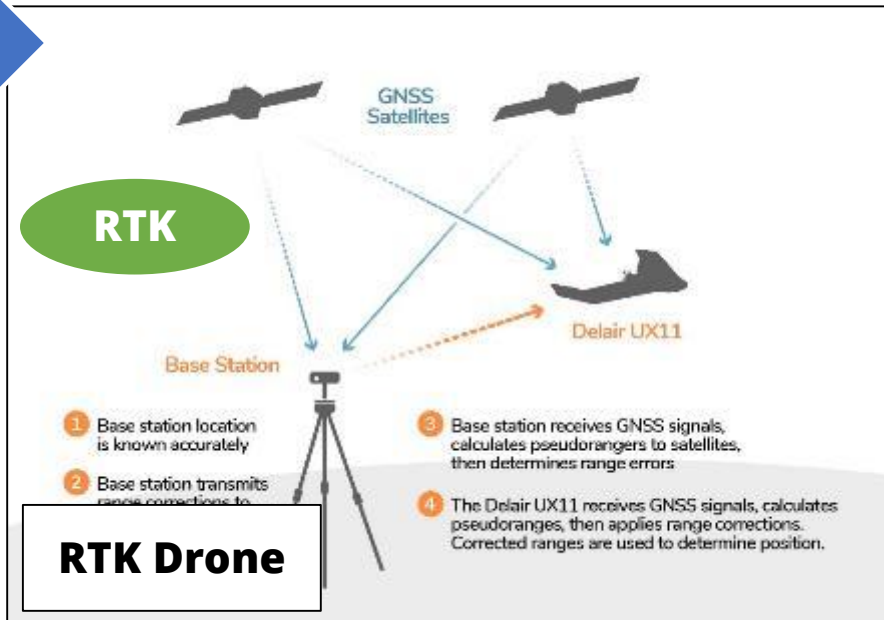
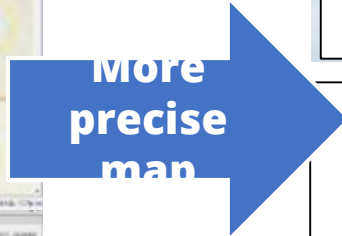
## ◆ UAV



SPP



Mapping



# 2. RTK applications

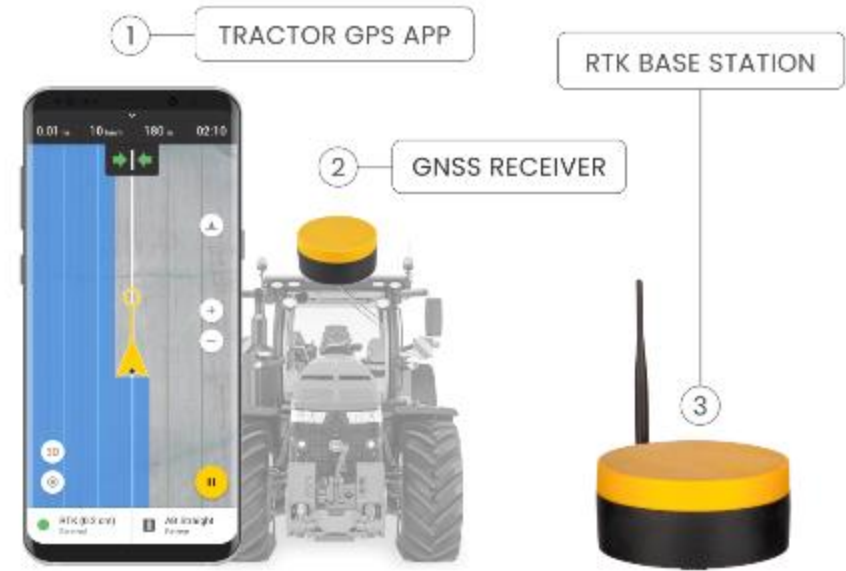
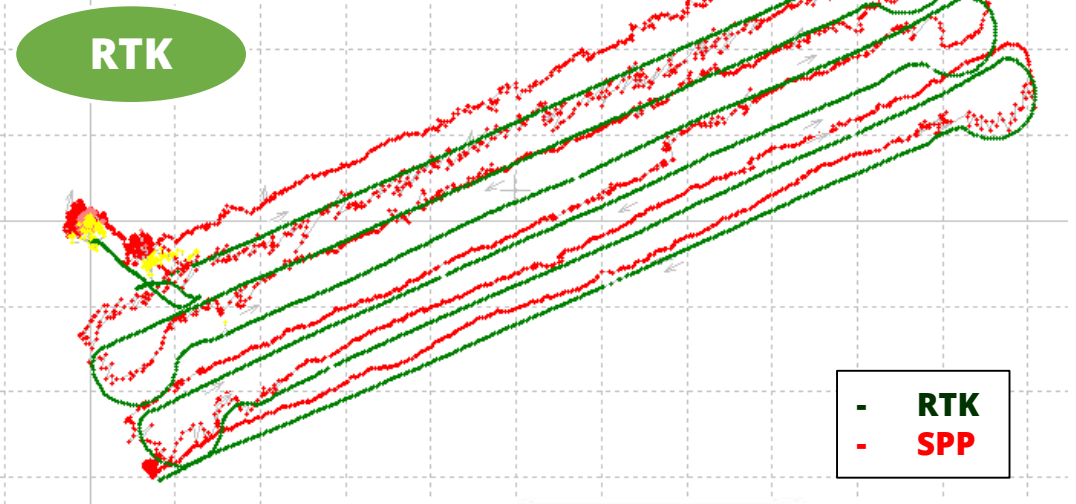


## ◆ Agriculture



Shift to young generation  
Effective working

### Agriculture Machinery Guidance

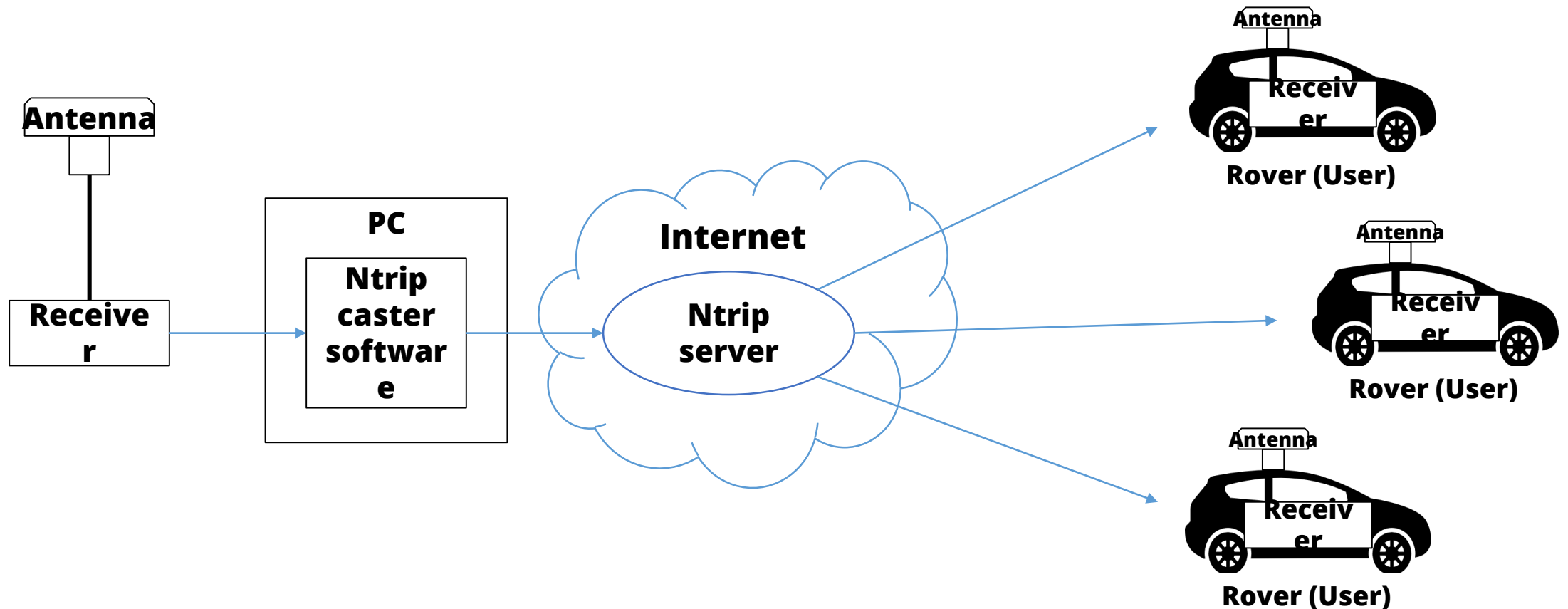


# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Base station overview

I explain the most common broadcast way using "Ntrip server".

However you can also use VHF/UHF radio, Bluetooth, LAN or cable communication to broadcast base station data.



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Base station antenna

Install antenna in open sky & static environment.



**Japanese government base station**



**Our University base station**



**Temporary base station**

# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Base station receiver selection

The receiver should support raw data output.

- RTCM3

Standard format for RTK. Select base station position and observation message is must.

- Receiver manufacturer format

Binary message.

Input support is depend on the rover receiver.

### RTCM Rev3 Common Message Types

Most common message used for >90% of all RTK applications

1004	Extended L1&L2 GPS RTK Observables for GPS RTK Use, <b>the main msg</b> X
1005	Stationary RTK Reference Station ARP X
1006	Stationary RTK Reference Station ARP plus the Antenna Height X
1007	Antenna Descriptor (msg 1008 (X) is also commonly used) X
1012	Extended L1&L2 GLONASS RTK Observables, <b>the other main msg</b> X

<https://www.use-snip.com/kb/knowledge-base/an-rtcm-message-cheat-sheet/>



CHAPTER 4. CONFIGURING THE ASTERX SB AS A ROVER

### Configure input of differential corrections

The format of the differential corrections output by the Base station should be compatible with what is accepted by the Rover. In the **Corrections Input** window of the **Corrections** menu, you can configure the AsteRx SB to only accept differential corrections of a particular format. The default 'auto' setting will accept correction data format **RTCMv2, RTCMv3 or CMR+**.

### 3.1.5.1 RTCM corrections

RTCM is a binary data protocol for communication of GNSS correction information. The ZED-F9P high precision receiver supports RTCM as specified by RTCM 10403.3, Differential GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite Systems) Services - Version 3 (October 7, 2016).

The RTCM specification is currently at version 3.3 and RTCM version 2 messages are not supported by this standard. Users can download the standard from the RTCM website [here](#).

To modify the RTCM input/output settings, see the configuration section in the u-blox ZED-F9P Interface Description [2].

## 3. How to build RTK environment

### ◆ Base station receiver setting

Change receiver configuration to output RTCM message from USB port.

Here I will show example using u-blox F9P.

### 3. How to build RTK environment

#### ◆ Base station antenna position

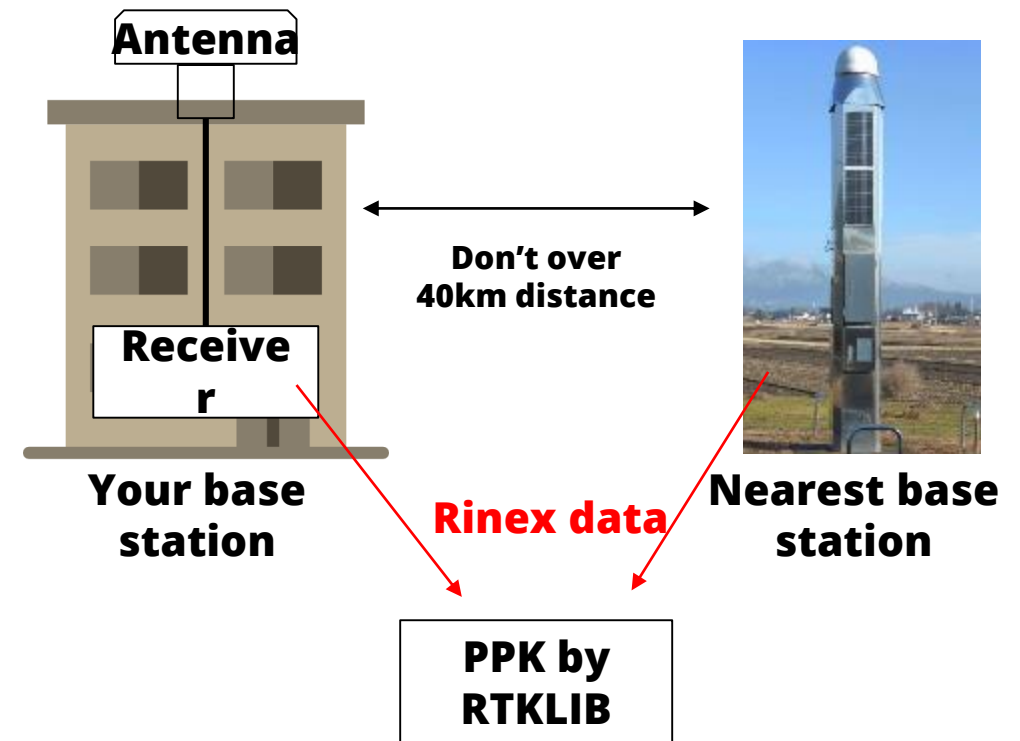
You need to know your base station antenna position with cm level accuracy.

- RTK

If there is another RTK base station near your base, you can calculate by PPK (Post-Process Kinematic).

Free RTK base stations.

- IGS station <http://www.igs.org/network>  
datalink : <ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gnss/data/daily>
- Local CORS <https://www.chcthailand.com/cors-picture>



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Base station antenna position

You need to know your base station antenna position with cm level accuracy.

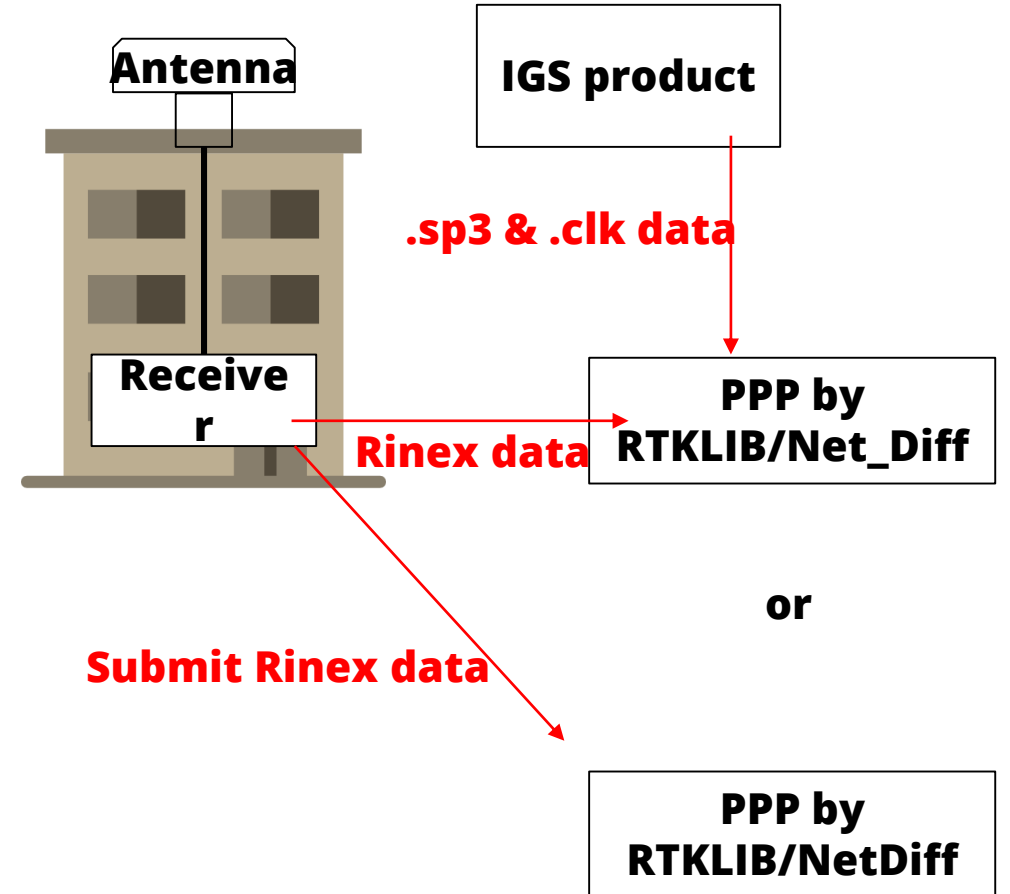
- PPP

If there is no another RTK base station, calculate by PPP.

Free PPP service

- RTKLIB with IGS product (<http://www.rtklib.com/>)
- Net\_Diff with IGS product ([https://github.com/YizeZhang/Net\\_Diff](https://github.com/YizeZhang/Net_Diff))
- Trimble RTX (<https://www.trimblertx.com/UploadForm.aspx>)
- CSRS-PPP (<https://webapp.geod.nrcan.gc.ca/geod/tools-ouils/ppp.php>)
- MADOCA-PPP

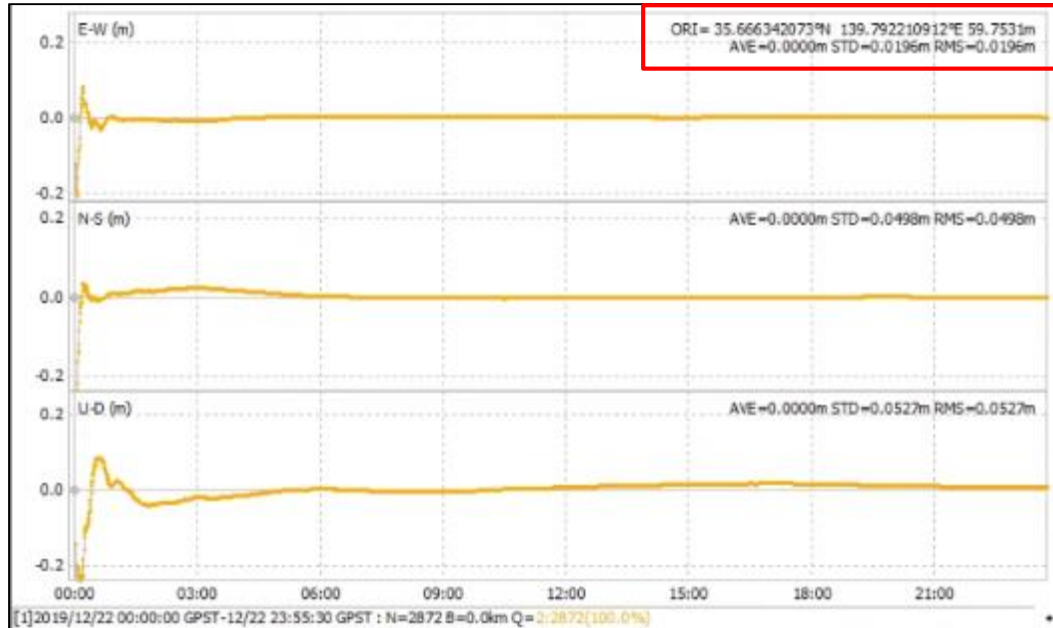
IGS product : ([http://mgex.igs.org/IGS\\_MGEX\\_Products.php](http://mgex.igs.org/IGS_MGEX_Products.php))





# 3. How to build RTK environment

- ◆ Base station antenna position
- Sample of PPP solution



**Net\_Diff + MGEX product**

**Trimble**

**Post-Processing Service Based on RTX Technology**  
 TrimbleRTX.com

Contributor: 1161064@edu.kaiyodai.ac.jp  
 Reference Name: 5301K56165201911030000D.T02  
 Upload Date: 11/05/2019 09:32:44 UTC

Report Time Frame:  
 Start Time: 11/03/2019 00:00:00 UTC  
 End Time: 11/03/2019 23:59:59 UTC  
 Observation File Type(s): T02  
 Observation File(s): 5301K56165201911030000D.T02

Antenna:  
 Name: TRM55971.00 NONE  
 Height: 0.000 m  
 Reference: Bottom of antenna mount

Receiver Name: TRIMBLE NETR9  
 Coordinate Systems: ITRF2014  
 Tectonic Plate: Dzhoksk (Auto-detected)  
 Tectonic Plate Model: MORVEL55  
 Processing Interval: 10 s

**Statistics**

# Total Obs	# Usable Obs	# Used Obs	Percent
81815	8181	8172	99

**Used Satellites**

# Total Satellites:	82
GPS:	G01 G02 G03 G05 G06 G07 G08 G09 G10 G11 G12 G13 G14 G15 G16 G17 G19 G20 G21 G22 G23 G24 G25 G26 G27 G28 G29 G30 G31 G32
GLONASS:	R01 R02 R03 R05 R07 R08 R09 R11 R13 R14 R15 R16 R17 R18 R19 R20 R21 R22 R23 R24
QZSS:	J01 J02 J03
Galileo:	E01 E02 E03 E04 E05 E07 E08 E09 E12 E13 E15 E19 E21 E24 E26 E27 E30 E31 E33 E36
BeiDou:	C06 C07 C08 C09 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14

**Processing Results**

ITRF2014 at Epoch 2010.0			ITRF2014 at Epoch 2019.84		
Coordinate	Value	$\sigma$	Coordinate	Value	$\sigma$
X	-3961904.891 m	0.006 m	X	-3961905.003 m	0.006 m
Y	3348992.800 m	0.006 m	Y	3348992.726 m	0.006 m
Z	3698212.544 m	0.006 m	Z	3698212.805 m	0.006 m
Latitude	35° 39' 58.83700" N	0.003 m	Latitude	35° 39' 58.83146" N	0.003 m
Longitude	139° 47' 31.95195" E	0.004 m	Longitude	139° 47' 31.95911" E	0.004 m
El. Height	59.679 m	0.009 m	El. Height	59.679 m	0.009 m

**Report Information**

Trimble RTX Solution ID: 22163547  
 Solution Type: Static  
 Software Version: 6.1.4.17185  
 Creation Date: 11/05/2019 09:38:09 UTC

**Use this position as your base station position. Trimble RTX service**

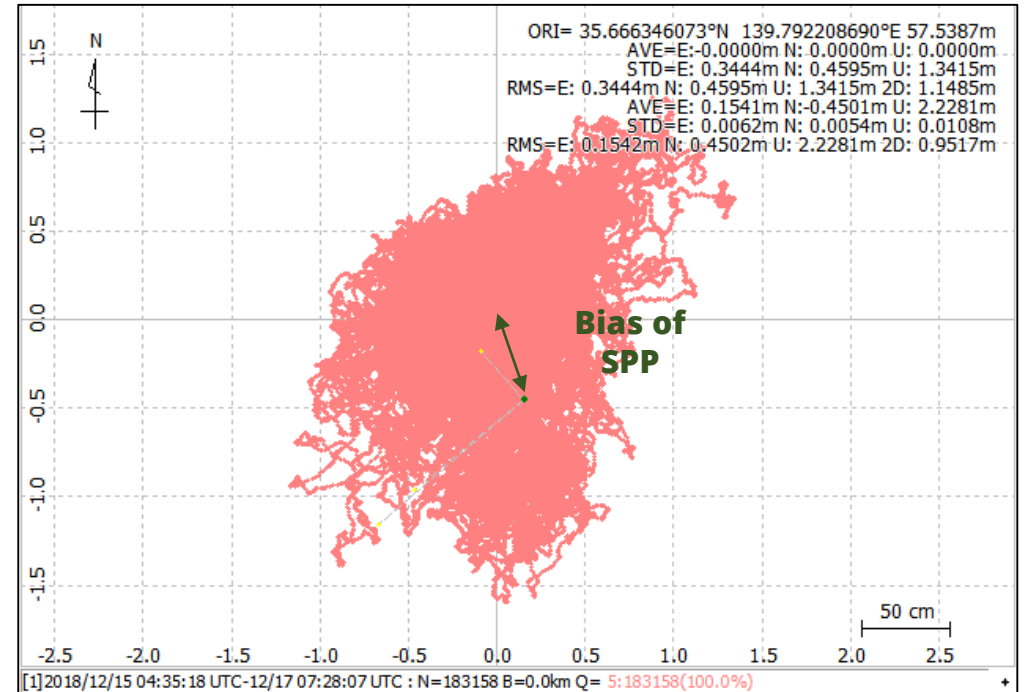
# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Base station antenna position

Unless there is a special reason, I don't recommend to use optical survey position or SPP average position for the base station position.



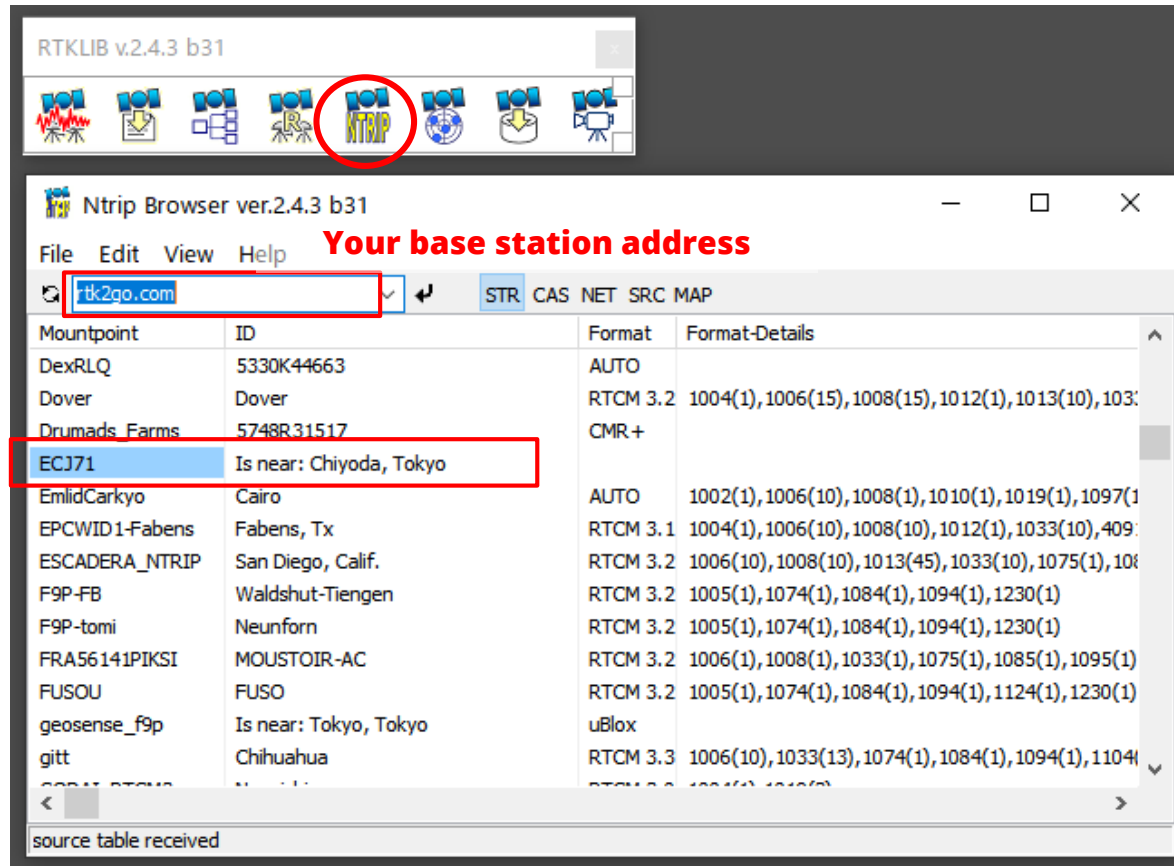
**Local survey coordinate has a gap with GNSS coordinate (ITRF).**



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ Push out data to Ntrip server

You can check your Mount Point from "NTRIP Browser" in RTKLIB.



# 3. How to build RTK environment

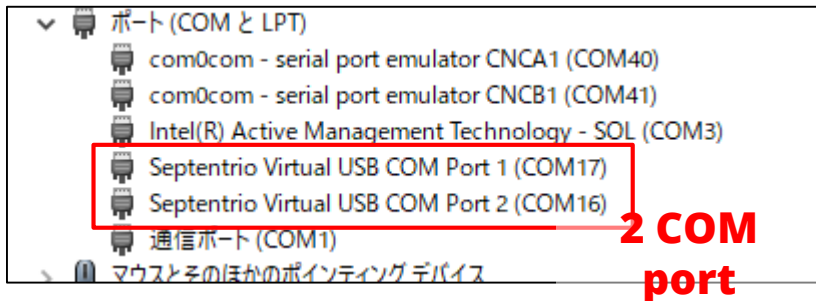
## ◆ RTK (Septentrio with PC)

Use Ntrip client function of "Data Link" in "RxTools"

<https://www.septentrio.com/en/products/software/rxtools>

Download link

<https://www.septentrio.com/en/support/software/rxtools>



The screenshot shows the RxTools software interface. The main window displays position information, satellite status, and receiver status. The receiver status shows the mode as "RTK Fixed (0)".

The "Data Link" window is open, showing configuration for five connections. Connection 1 is configured as an NTRIP Client (153.121.59.53/ECJ27) with Link 2 selected. Connection 2 is configured as a Serial connection (COM17-115200-8-None-1-Off) with Link 1 selected. Connections 4 and 5 are configured as TCP/IP Clients (localhost:28784) and are currently disconnected.

Key elements highlighted in red boxes:

- "NTRIP Client 153.121.59.53/ECJ27" in Connection 1.
- Link 2 checkbox in Connection 1.
- "Serial COM17-115200-8-None-1-Off" in Connection 2.
- Link 1 checkbox in Connection 2.
- "Mode: RTK Fixed (0)" in the Receiver Status.
- "I/O 1.4/1.1 kBps" for Connection 1.
- "I/O 1.1/1.4 kBps" for Connection 2.
- "I/O 0.0/0.0 kBps" for Connection 4.
- "I/O 0.0/0.0 kBps" for Connection 5.

Labels in red text:

- "Select base station" above Connection 1.
- "Input to COM17 port" above Connection 2.

# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (ublox with PC)

Use Ntrip client setting in u-center.

<https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center>

NTRIP client setting

Receiver > NTRIP Client

Select mount point and click "OK".

RTK support is M8P and F9P

The screenshot shows the u-center software interface with the 'Receiver' menu open. A dialog box titled 'NTRIP client settings' is displayed, with the following fields:

- NTRIP caster settings:
  - Address: 153.121.59.53
  - Port: 2101
  - Username: gspase
  - Password: \*\*\*\*\*
- NTRIP stream:
  - Update source table: [X]
  - Request Interval (sec): [ ]
  - NTRIP mount point: ECJ27 (selected)
  - Mount point details: [ ]
  - Use manual position
  - Longitude (deg): 0
  - Latitude (deg): 0
  - Altitude (m): 0
  - Geoid sep. (m): 0

The background interface includes a satellite constellation diagram, a data table with the following values:

Longitude	139.79239585
Latitude	35.66651513
Altitude	59.446 m
Altitude (msl)	19.997 m
TTFF	29.226 s
Fix Mode	3D/DGNSS/FIXED
3D Acc. [m]	0.02
2D Acc. [m]	0.01
PDOP	1.0
HDOP	0.5

Other displays include a compass, a speedometer (0.01 m/s = 0.0 km/h), and a heading indicator (59.446 m).

# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

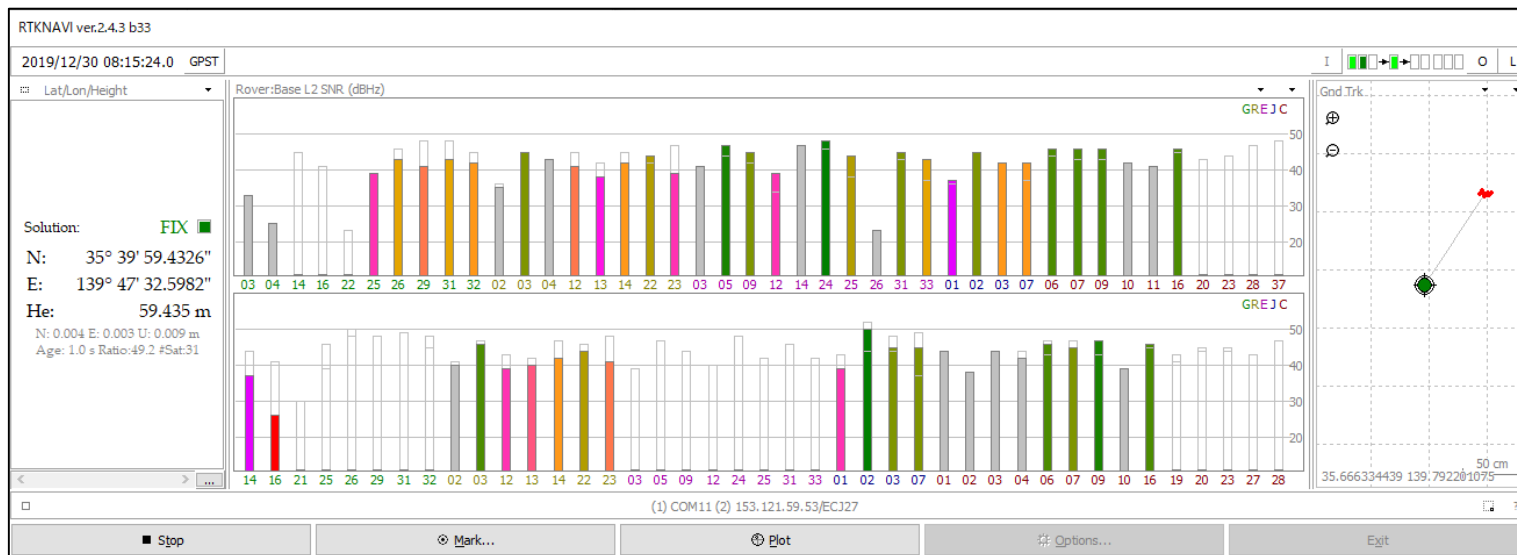
Real time RTK engine that supports many receivers.

To use RTKNAVI, first you should set receiver to output "raw data".

"raw data" means binary observation message include RTCM.

RTKNAVI decodes this "raw data" and calculate RTK solution.

Here, I show the example using u-blox receiver.



- RTCM 2
- RTCM 3
- NovAtel OEM6
- ComNav
- u-blox
- Swift Navigation SB
- Hemisphere
- SkyTraq
- GW10
- Javad
- NVS BINR
- BINEX
- Trimble RT17
- Septentrio
- CMR/CMR +
- TERSUS

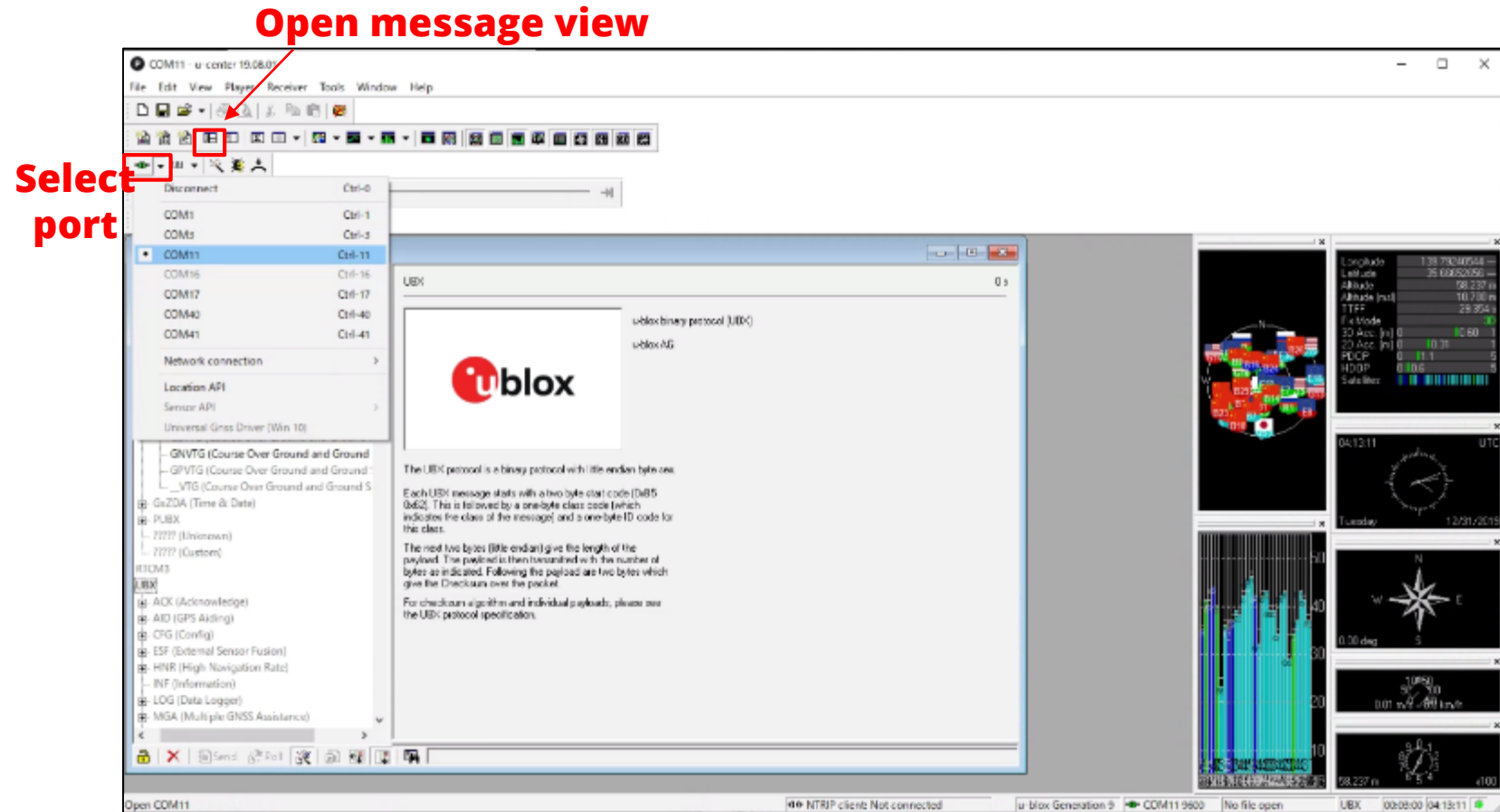
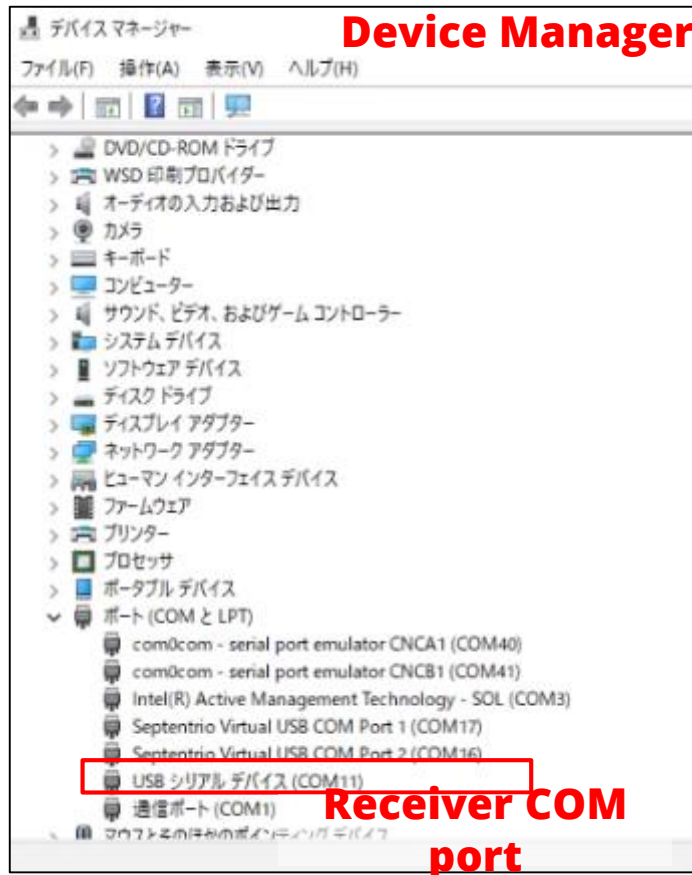
**Supported "raw data" formats**

# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

Receiver configuration on u-center.

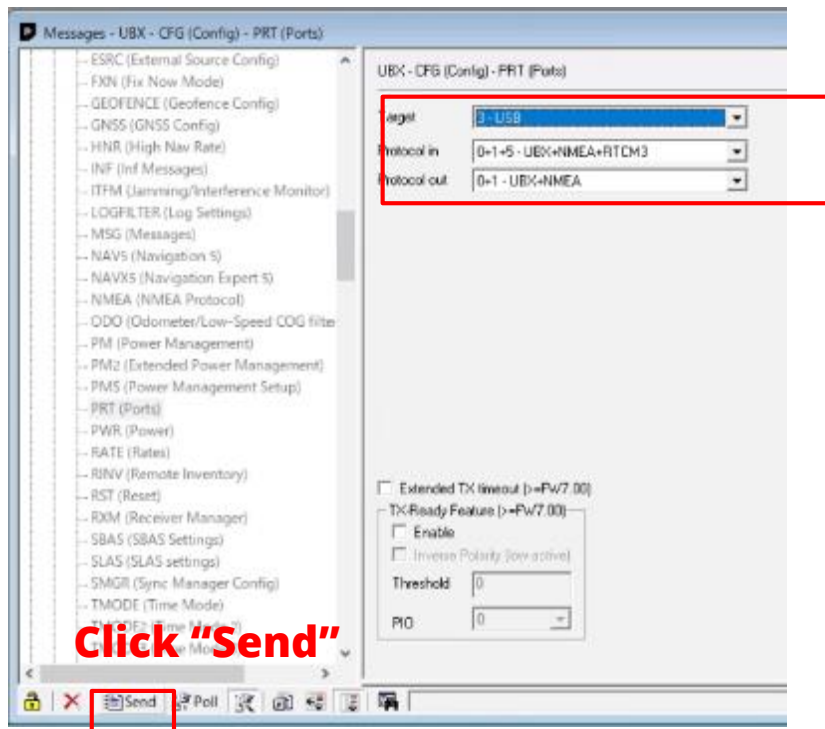
First, select COM port of the receiver and connect. Then open "message view".



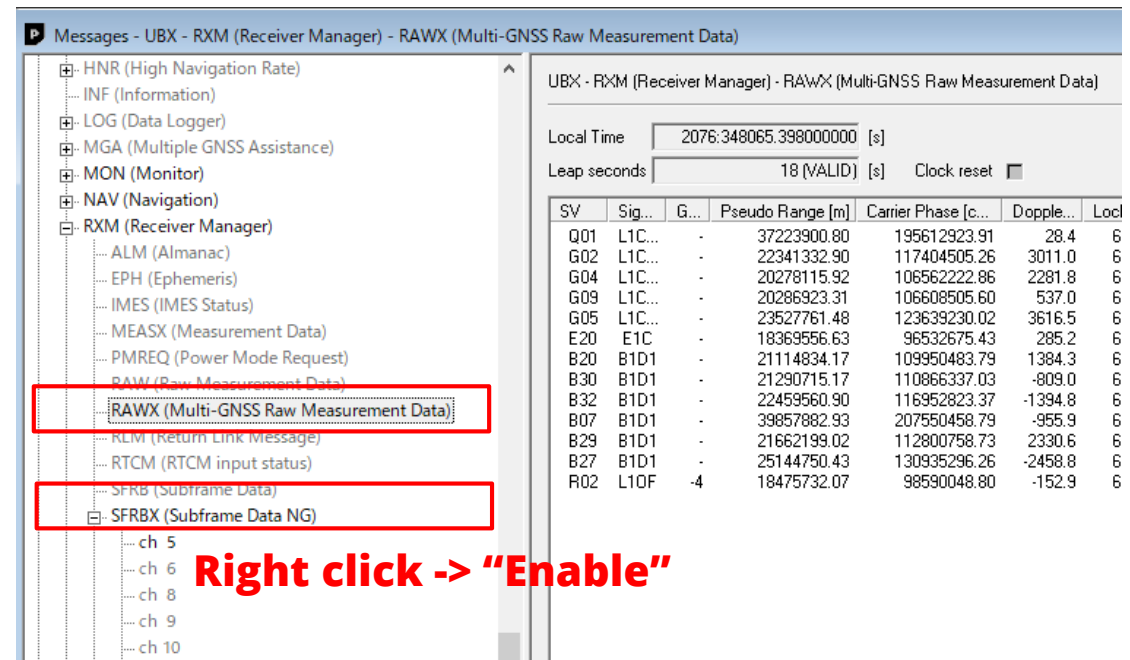
# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

Receiver configuration on u-center. Open message view from View>Message View. You need to click "send" after change configuration.



**Setting to output UBX format (UBX-CFG-PRT)**



**Enable output of RAWX & SFRBX (UBX-RXM)**

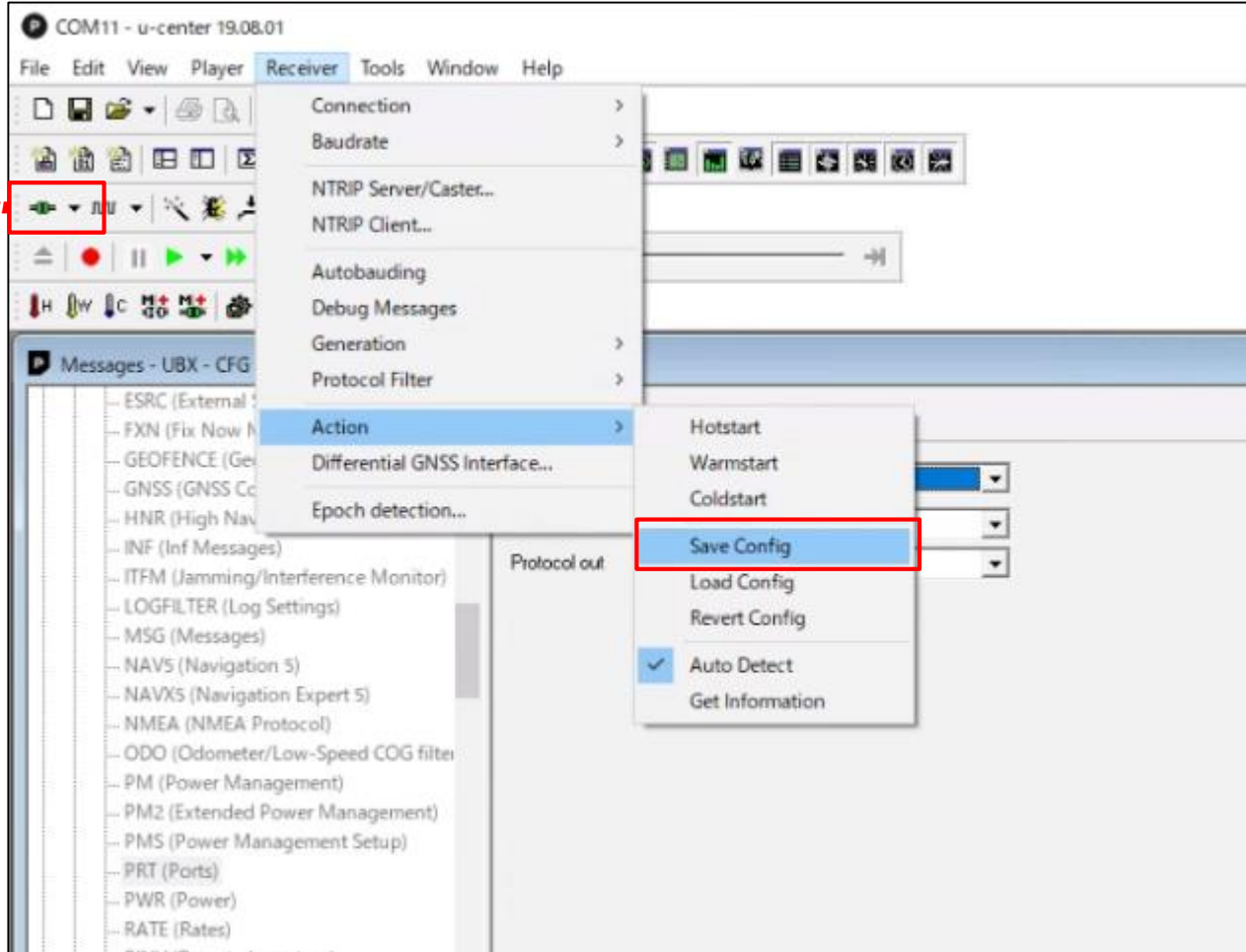


# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

After receiver configuration was completed, save it and disconnect receiver.

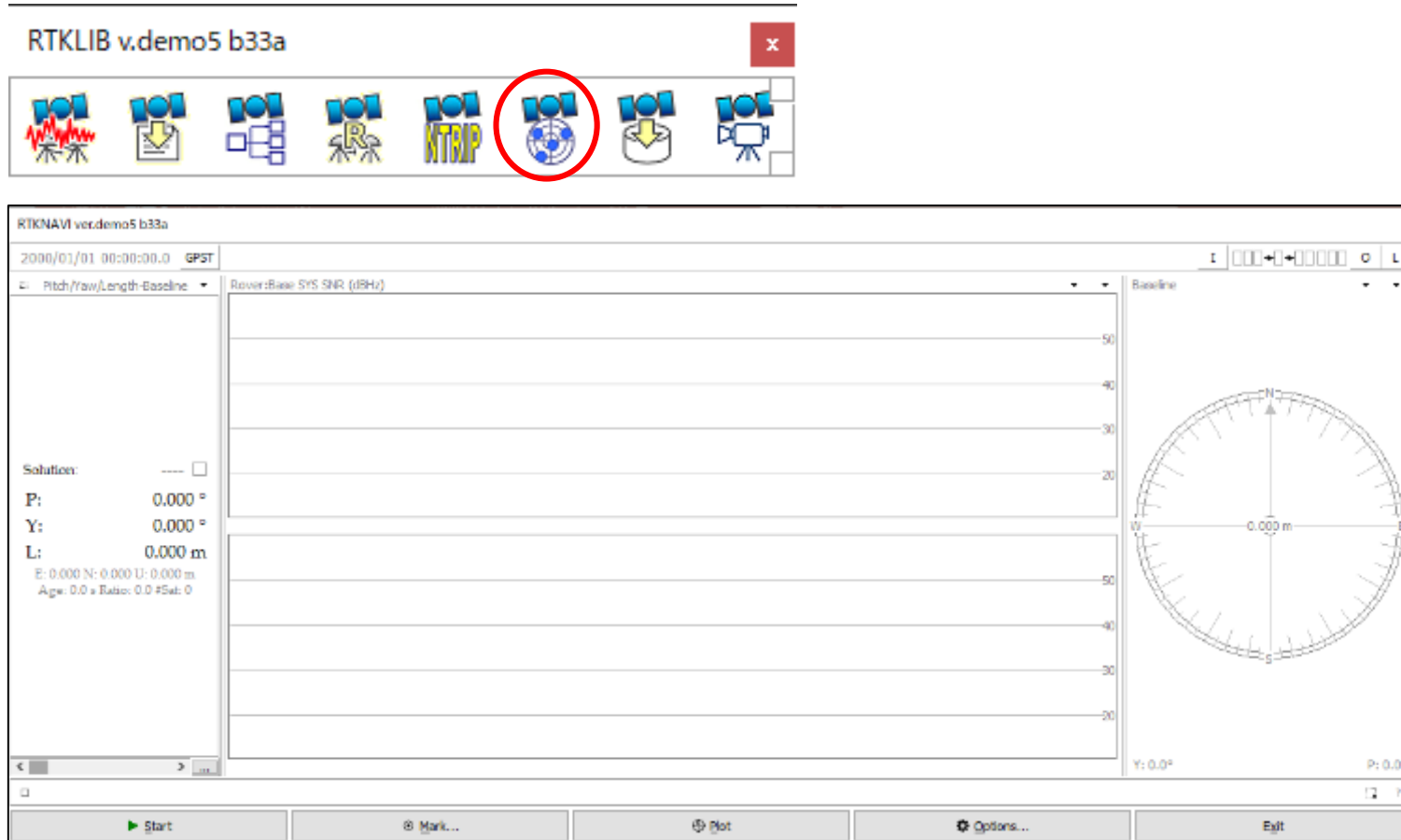
**“Disconnect”**



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

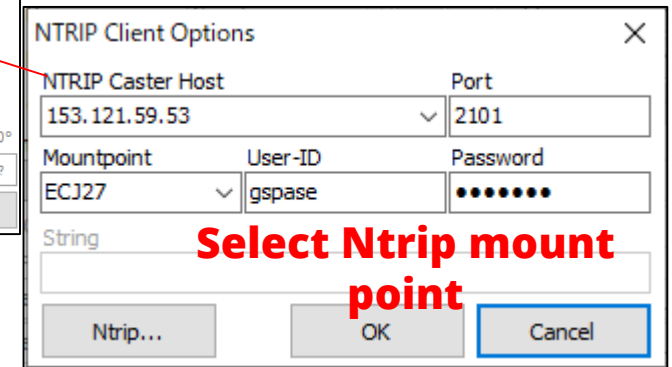
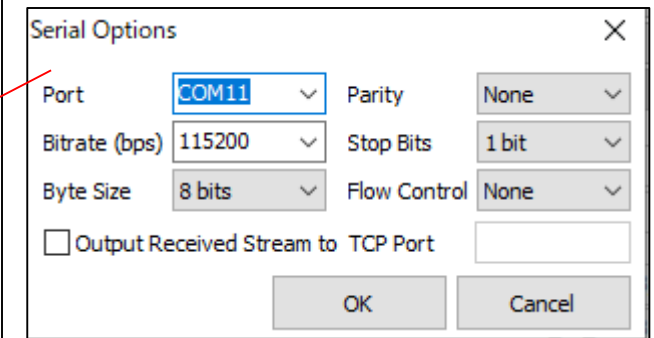
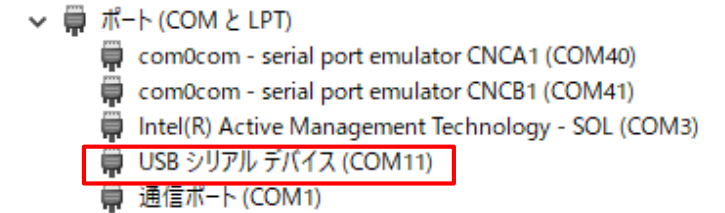
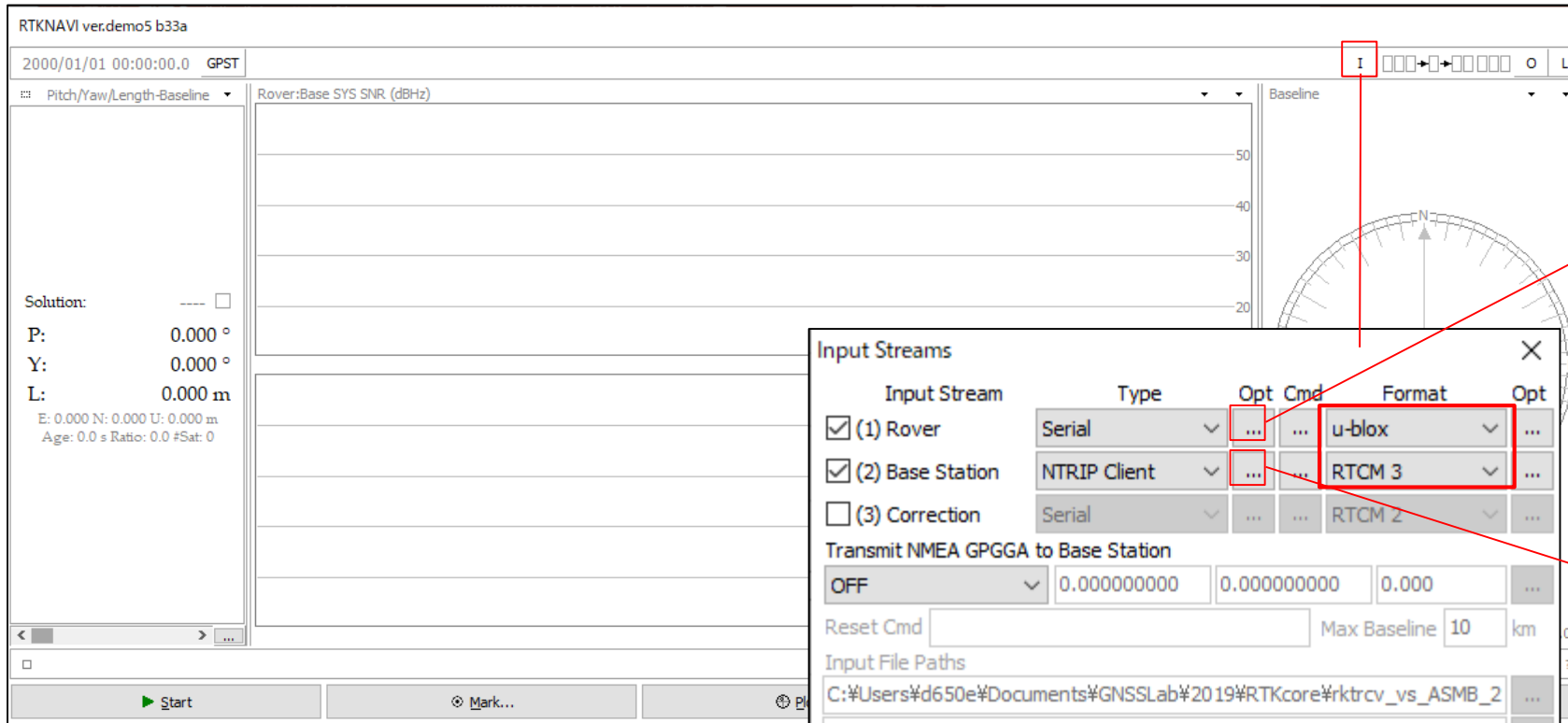
Open RTKNAVI.



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

Set input stream.

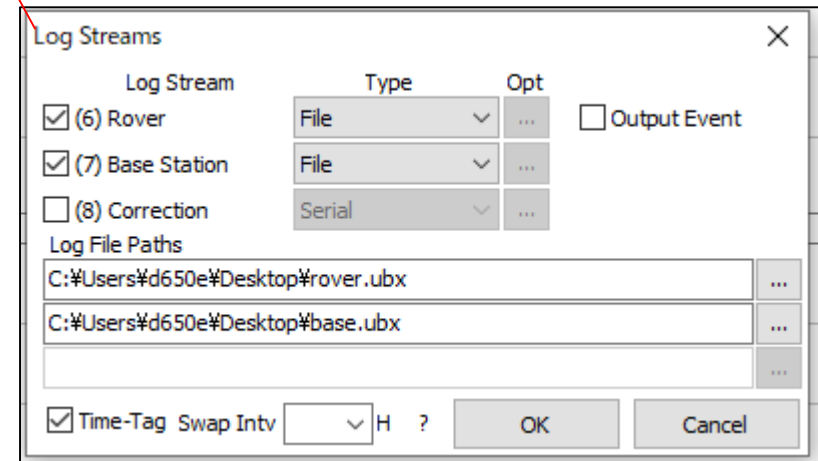
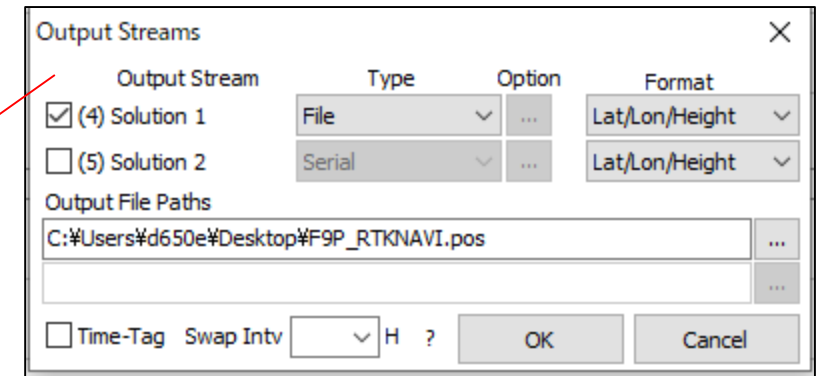
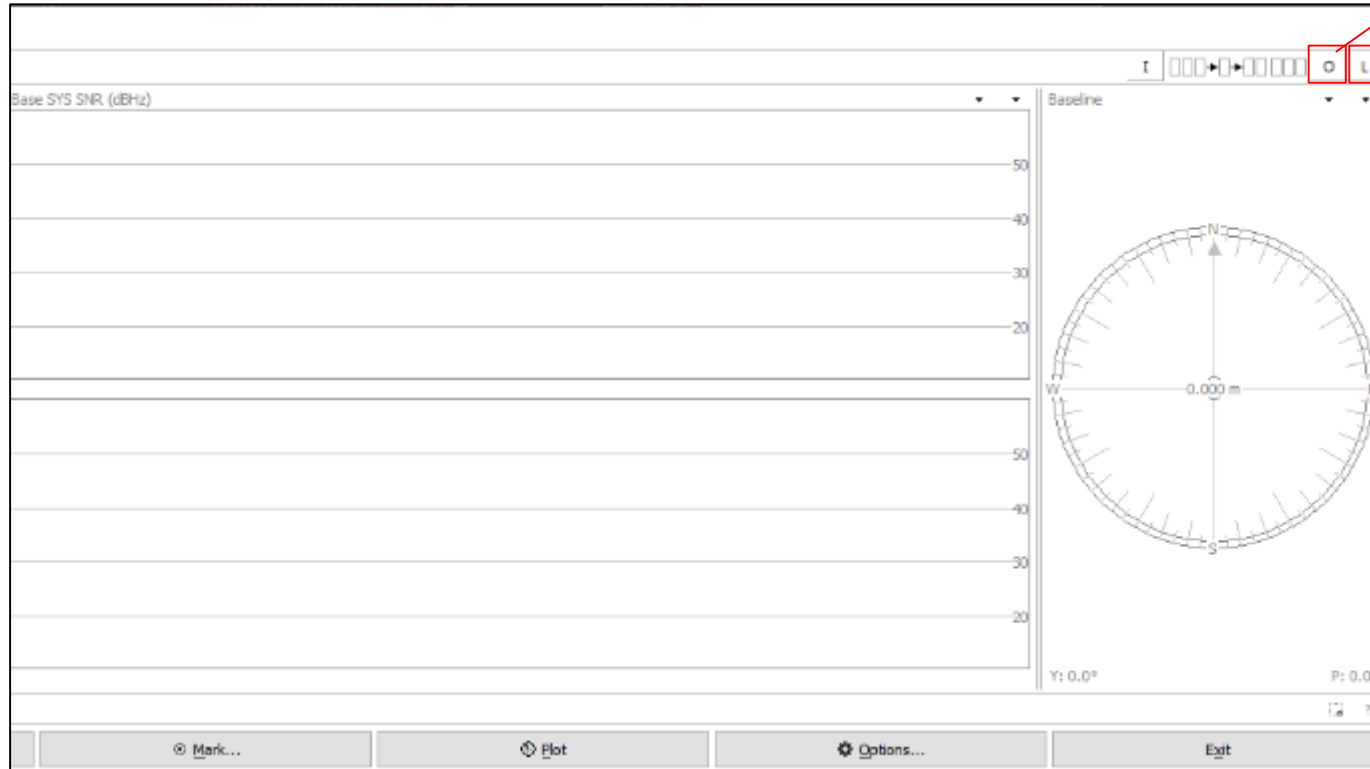


# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

Set output stream & log stream.

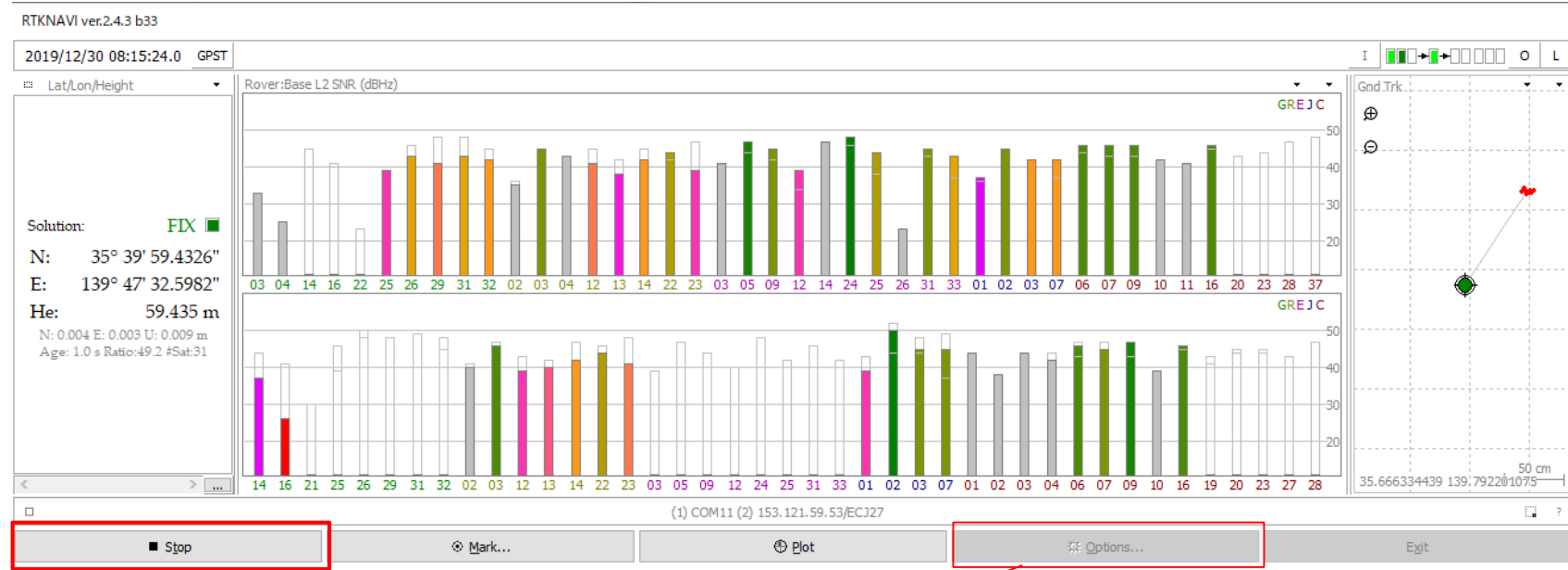
**Here the RTK position will be written to the file. Also you can choose other option (TCP, Serial) according to your use case**



# 3. How to build RTK environment

## ◆ RTK (RTKNAVI)

Set option to calculate RTK.  
After option setting, click  
“Start” and then RTK starts.



Options

Setting1 Setting2 Output Statistics Positions Files Misc

Positioning Mode: **Kinematic**

Frequencies / Filter Type: L1+L2 Forward

Elevation Mask (°) / SNR Mask (dbHz): 15

Rec Dynamics / Earth Tides Correction: OFF OFF

Ionosphere Correction: Broadcast

Troposphere Correction: Saastamoinen

Satellite Ephemeris/Clock: Broadcast

Sat PCV  Rec PCV  PhWU  Rej Ed  RAIM FDE  DBCorr

Excluded Satellites (+PRN: Included):

GPS  GLO  Galileo  QZSS  SBAS  BeiDou  IRNSS

Buttons: Load, Save, OK, Cancel

Options

Setting1 Setting2 Output Statistics Positions Files Misc

Integer Ambiguity Res (GPS/GLO/BDS): **Fix and** OFF ON

Min Ratio to Fix Ambiguity: 3.0

Min Confidence / Max FCB to Fix Amb: 0.9999 0.20

Min Lock / Elevation (°) to Fix Amb: 0 0

Min Fix / Elevation (°) to Hold Amb: 10 40

Outage to Reset Amb / Slip Thres (m): 5 0.050

Max Age of Diff (s) / Sync Solution: 30.0 OFF

Reject Threshold of GDOP/Innov (m): 30.0 30.0

Max # of AR Iter / # of Filter Iter: 1 1

Baseline Length Constraint (m): 1.590 0.020

Buttons: Load, Save, OK, Cancel

Options

Setting1 Setting2 Output Statistics Positions Files Misc

Solution Format: Lat/Lon/Height

Output Header / Output Processing Options: OFF OFF

Time Format / # of Decimals: hh:mm:ss GPST 3

Latitude Longitude Format / Field Separator: ddd.dddddd

Output Single if Sol Outage / Max Sol Std (m): ON 10

Datum / Height: WGS84 Ellipsoidal

Geoid Model: Internal

Solution for Static Mode: All

NMEA Interval (s) RMC/GGA, GSA/GSV: 0 0

Output Solution Status / Output Debug Trace: OFF OFF

Buttons: Load, Save, OK, Cancel

Options

Setting1 Setting2 Output Statistics Positions Files Misc

Measurement Errors (1-sigma)

Code/Carrier-Phase Error Ratio L1/L2: 600.0 600.0

Carrier-Phase Error a+b/sinEl (m): 0.003 0.003

Carrier-Phase Error/Baseline (m/10km): 0.000

Doppler Frequency (Hz): 1.000

Process Noises (1-sigma/sqrt(s))

Receiver Accel Horiz/Vertical (m/s2): 1.00E+01 1.00E+01

Carrier-Phase Bias (cycle): 1.00E-04

Vertical Ionospheric Delay (m/10km): 1.00E-03

Zenith Tropospheric Delay (m): 1.00E-04

Satellite Clock Stability (s/s): 5.00E-12

Buttons: Load, Save, OK, Cancel

Options

Setting1 Setting2 Output Statistics Positions Files Misc

Rover

Lat/Lon/Height (deg/m): 90.000000000 0.000000000 -6335367.6285

Antenna Type (\*: Auto) Delta-E/N/J (m): 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Base Station

Lat/Lon/Height (deg/m): 90.000000000 0.000000000 -6335367.6285

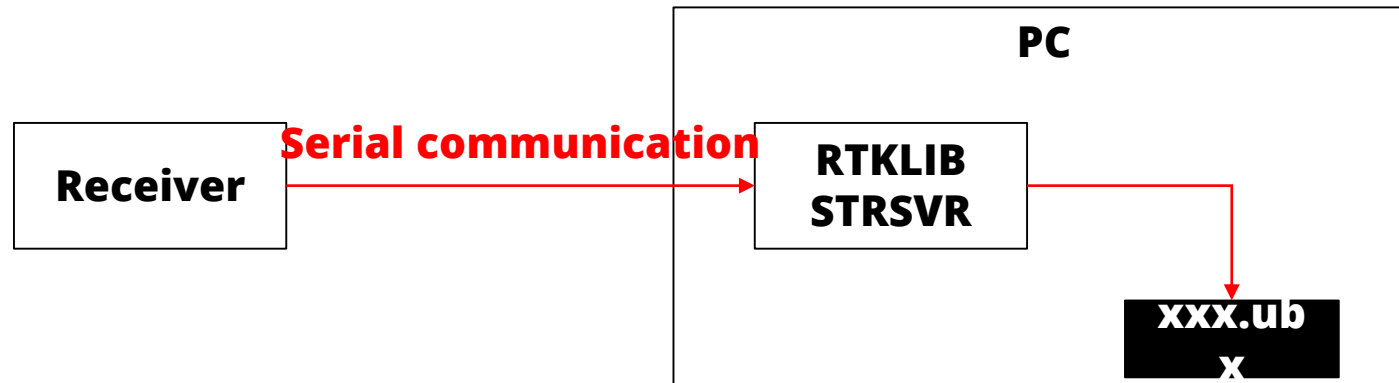
Antenna Type (\*: Auto) Delta-E/N/J (m): 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Station Position File:

Buttons: Load, Save, OK, Cancel

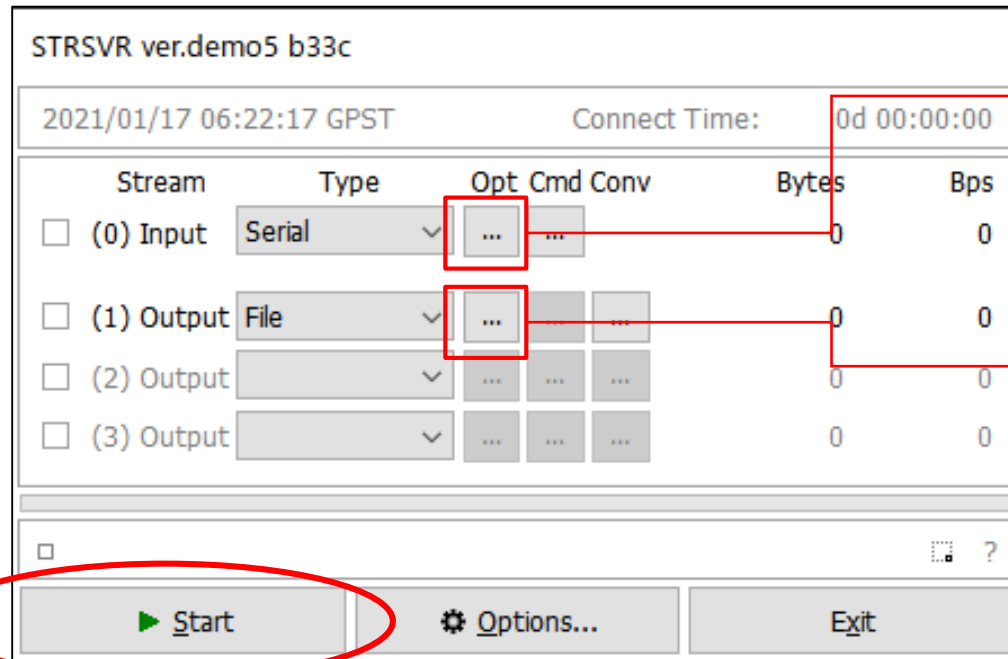
## 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

- ◆ RTK post processing need GNSS raw data.
- ◆ After changed the configuration of the receiver to output raw observation, you need to record it.
- ◆ Most of the receivers output its data stream by serial communication.
- ◆ Easy way to record the data on PC is use RTKLIB.

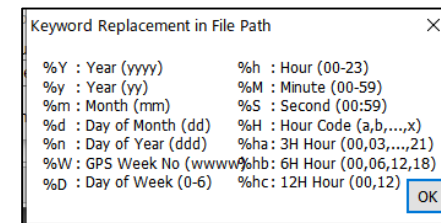
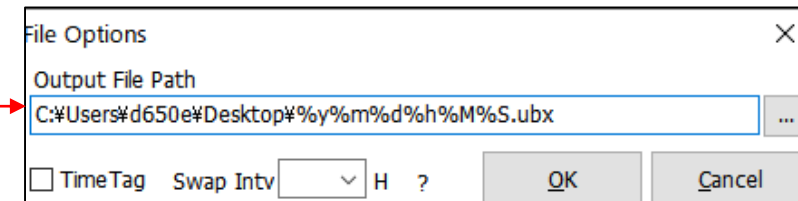
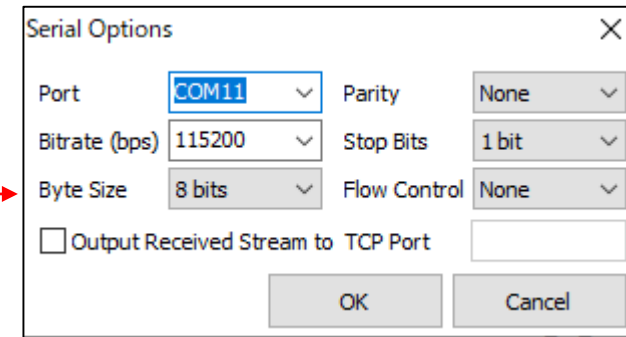
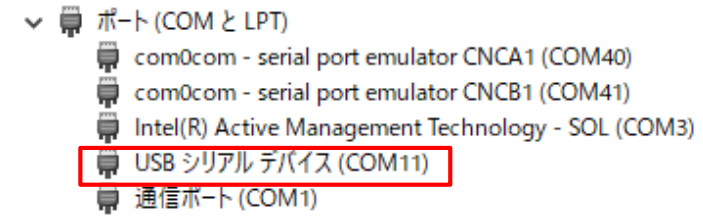


# 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

## ◆ Data recording (STRSVR)



**Start recording**



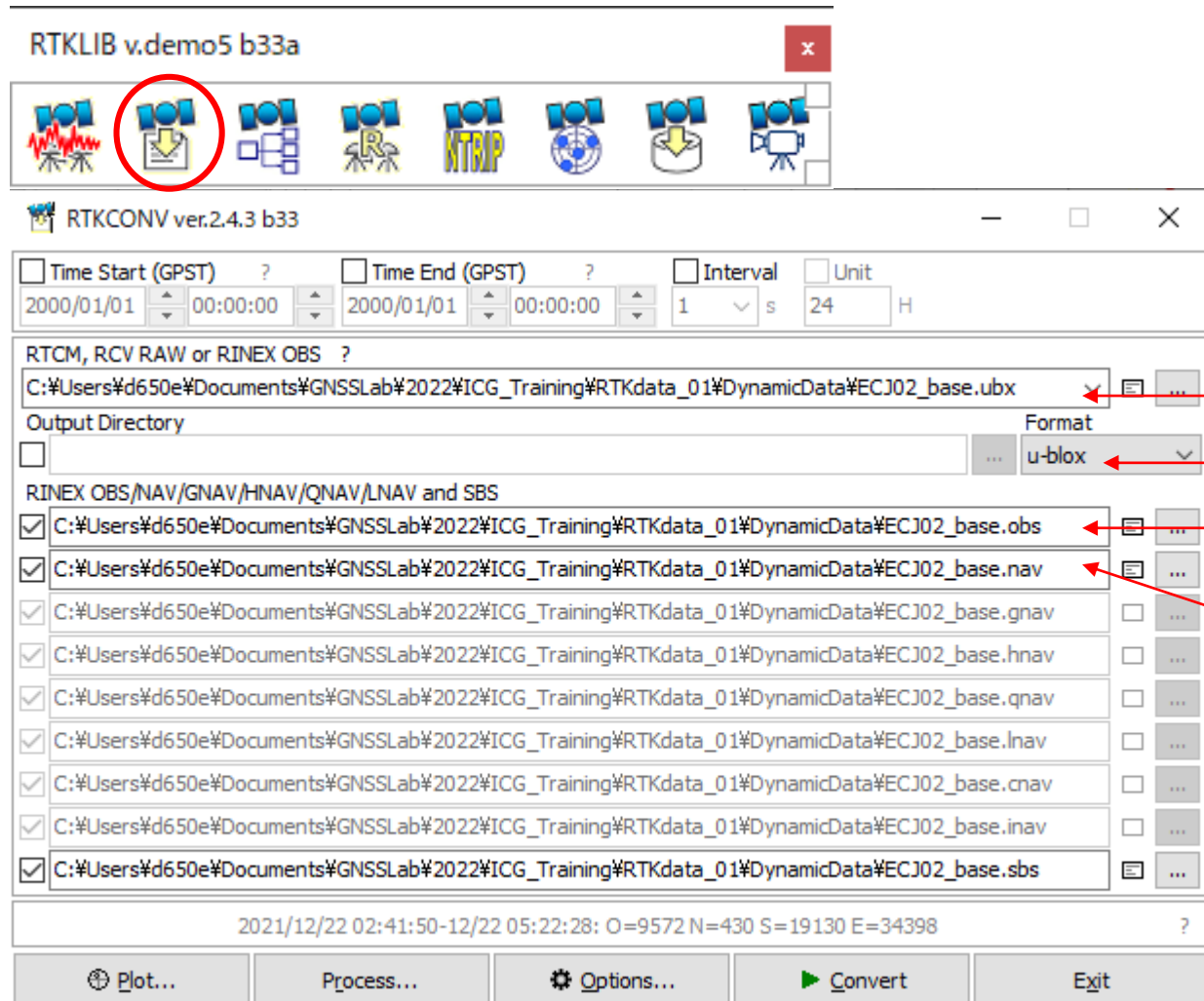
**File name Tips**





# 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

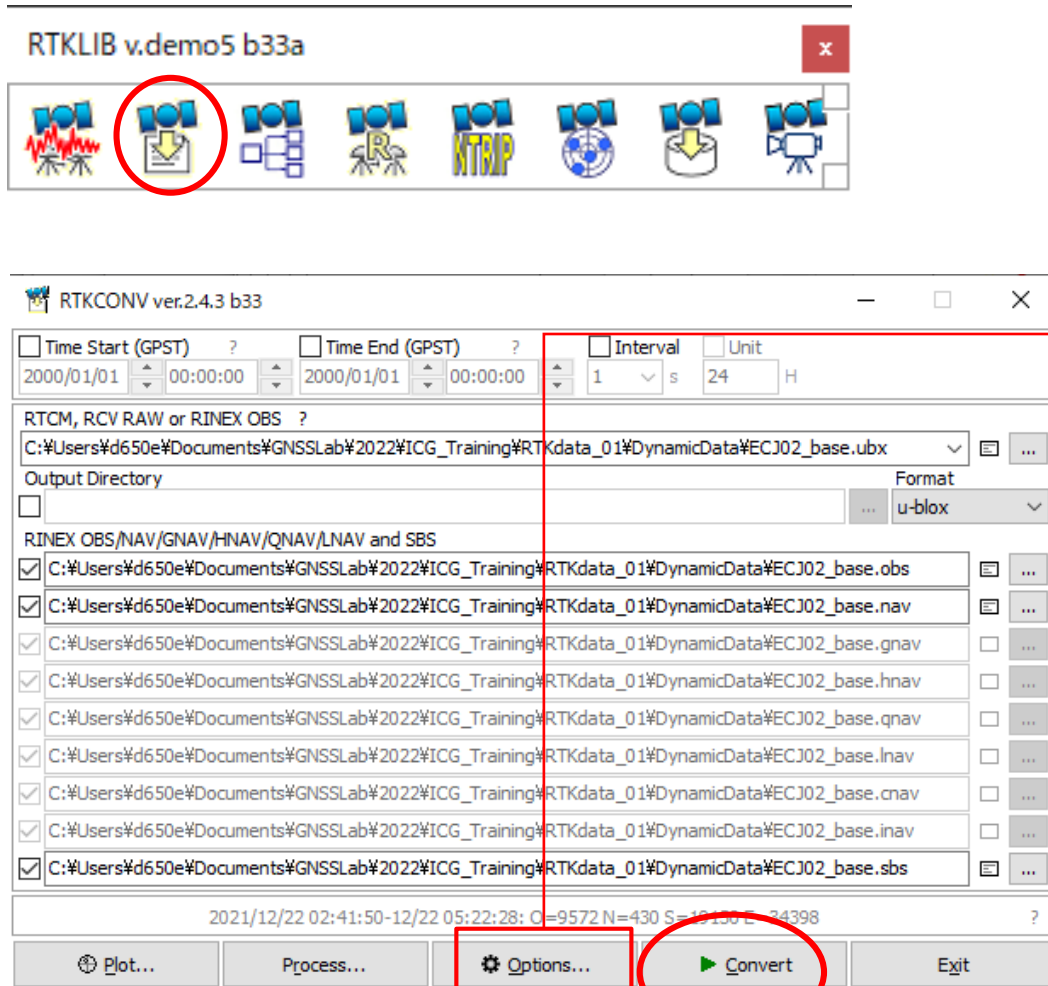
## ◆ Data conversion (RTKCONV)



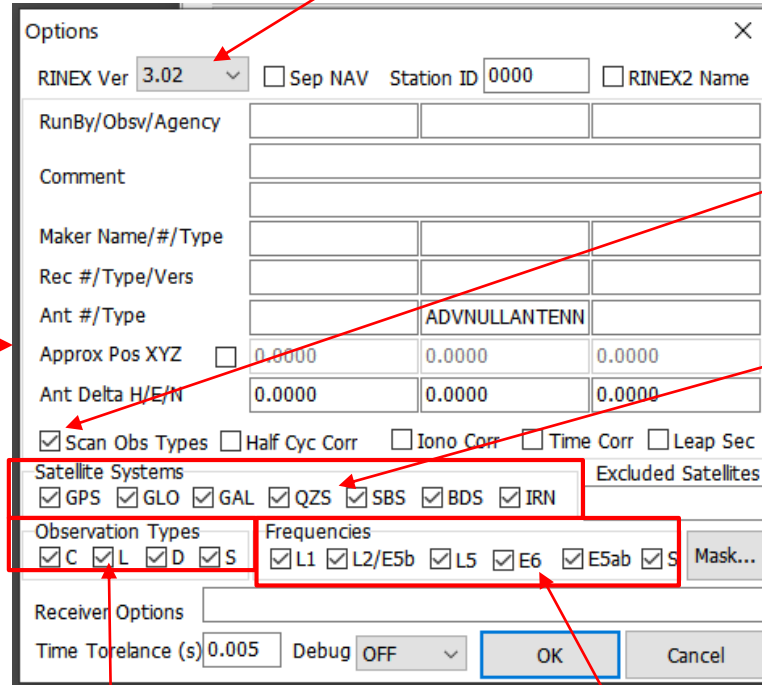
**GNSS raw data**  
**Select receiver manufacturer**  
**.obs is observation file with RINEX format**  
**.nav is ephemeris file with RINEX format**

# 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

## ◆ Data conversion (RTKCONV)



**Start conversion**



**Output RINEX version.  
Recommend upper  
3.02**

**Recommend check  
"Scan Obs Types"**

**Satellite  
constellations you  
want to output**



**Recommend check  
all  
C: Code range  
L: Carrier phase  
D: Doppler shift  
S: SNR**

**GNSS frequencies you want to use  
Recommend check all for general  
purpose**

# 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

## ◆Data conversion (RTKCONV)

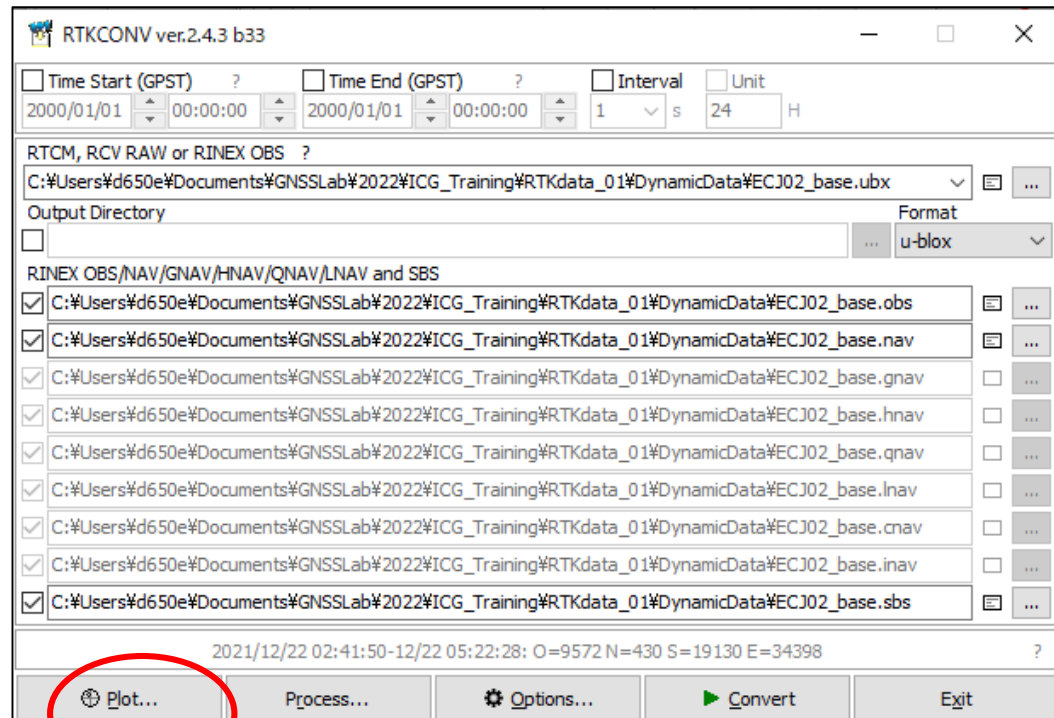
After conversion you can find .obs file and .nav file which can open with text editor.

名前	更新日時	種類	サイズ
 ECI02_base.nav	2022/01/04 11:51	NAV ファイル	194 KB
 ECI02_base.obs	2022/01/04 11:51	OBS ファイル	54,578 KB
 ECI02_base.sbs	2022/01/04 11:51	SBS ファイル	1,514 KB
 ECI02_base.ubx	2021/12/22 14:22	u-blox Log File	44,351 KB

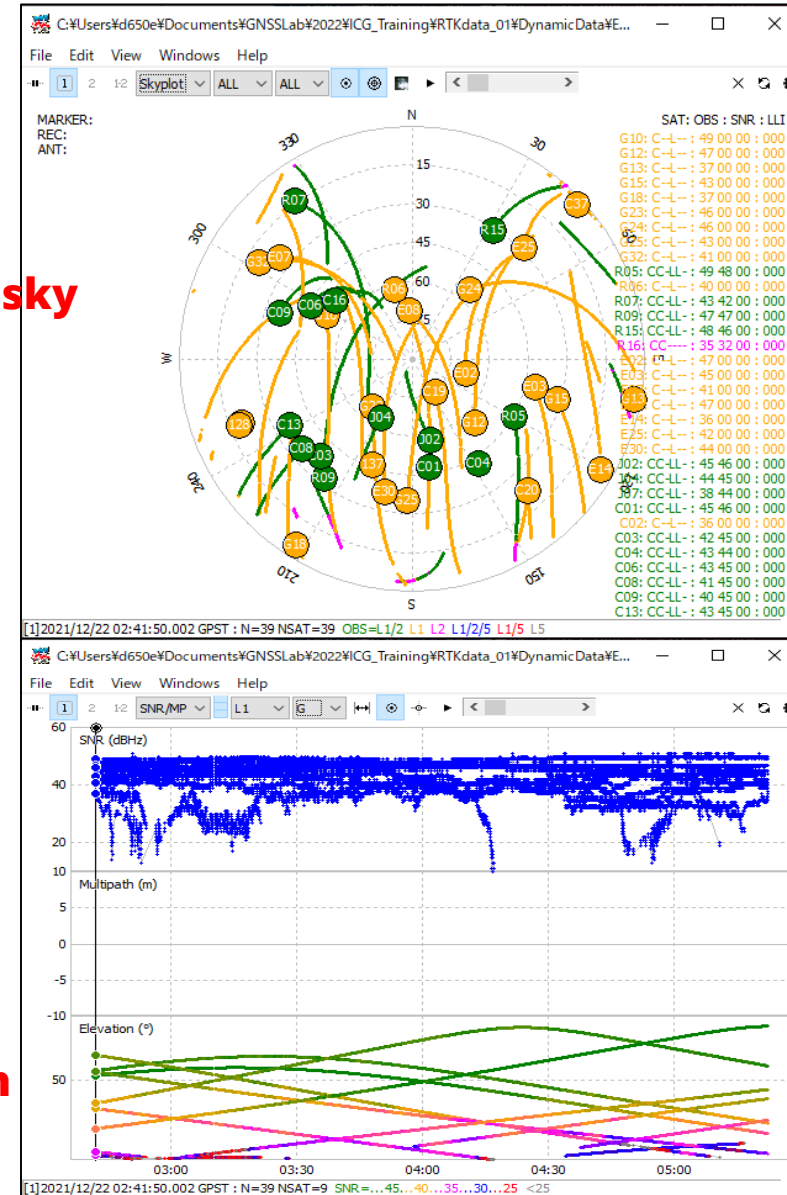
# 4. Data Recording and Format Conversion for RTK

## ◆ Data conversion (RTKCONV)

You can also check RINEX format data graphically by RTKPLOT.



Satellite sky plot



SNR

Elevation

## 7. Useful web sites

### ◆ Useful web sites for your RTK experiment

- [http://www.denshi.e.kaiyodai.ac.jp/gnss\\_tutor/base\\_station.html](http://www.denshi.e.kaiyodai.ac.jp/gnss_tutor/base_station.html)
- <https://home.csis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/~dinesh/>
- <http://www.rtklib.com/>