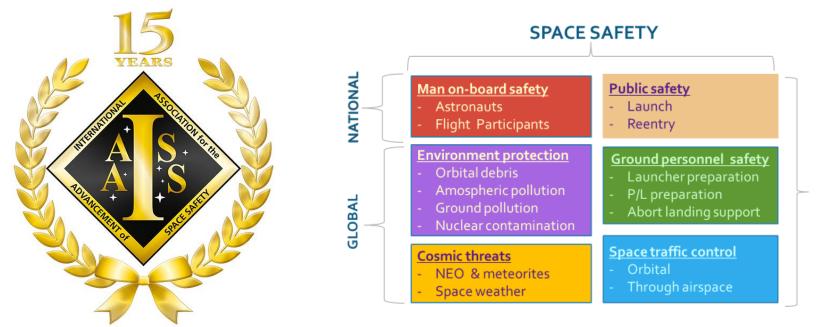


IAASS Fifteen Years of Activity

By Isabelle RONGIER IAASS President



NATIONAL & INTERNATIONAL

Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space - 62nd Session – June 2019





Mission

Advancing space safety forms the foundation of our endeavour. Compared with the vastness political, financial and intellectual resources that space programs require our forces minute, truly a drop in the ocean. Nevertheless, we want to be that drop and indeed a catalyst drop. We are committed, through the knowledge and dedication of our members, to internationally advance space safety as parents are to their children, to help finally ensure that no accident shall ever happen because of:

- Risk badly measured or willingly underestimated;
- Necessary knowledge not made available to others;
- Lack of management commitment and attention;
- Lack of personal accountability, which makes people negligent.

Goals

1. Advance the science and application of Space Safety

2. Improve the communication, dissemination of knowledge and cooperation between interested groups and individuals in this and related fields

- 3. Improve understanding and awareness of the Space Safety discipline
- 4. Promote and improve the development of Space Safety professionals and standards

5. Advocate the establishment of safety laws, rules, and regulatory bodies at national and international levels for the civil use of space

How far did we go?

15 years, time to assess the road covered...

- 1 Advance the science and application of Space Safety
 - "Round robin test" of risk assessment tools for launch and reentry •
 - Space debris mitigation for aviation (ADMIRE project), •

civil protection and air traffic control authorities

Debr Warni

- **Near-Space Region legal status definition** • (instead of Karman line delimitation)
- **Publication of Manifesto** •
- Space Safety Institute proposal •

74.8 77.2 Fragmentation altitude 26 21 23 15 (30) 5 6 159.7 Number of fragments 47.2 58.7 73 71.4 124.5 (41) 37.7 12 Surviving mass 14.5 18.7 18.2 30 (10) 29.4 Surviving mass (%) 15.3 18.2 14.1 33.4 5.28 5.3 3985 Casualty area (m²) 4301 3955 3510 3777 4395 4368 Range (min-heel) (km) 4604 4509 4332 4411 4430 4597 -time risk management of space debris reentries in support of decision making by 4631 619 max-toe) (km) 208 377 438 652 202 263 nt length (km)

DRAMA/

SESAM

78

SCARAB

v. 3.1

SCARAB

v3.0

MAX - min

ASTOS/

DARS

78

GENSAT re-entry cases study

A SAFE AND SUSTAINABLE SPACE Ensure that citizens of all nations are equally protected from the risks po by over-flying space systems and objects during launch and re-entry/rel ١. operations Ensure that space systems are developed, built and operated accordin common minimum ground and flight safety rules 11. III. Seek to prevent collisions or interference with other aerospace systems during launch, on-orbit operation, and re-entry Ensure the protection of the ground, air and on-orbit environments from chemical, radioactive and debris contamination related to space operations IV. V. Ensure that mutual aid provisions for space mission safety emergencies are

MANIFESTO

FOR

IAAS

progressively agreed, developed and made accessible without restriction anywhere on the Earth and in Outer Space

tracks stud 4 ADMIRE





O Data to be transmitted at appointed authorities in order to mitigate the risk

Focus on

major air trafic

density regions

Definition of the impact risk

sea and ai

SAFET

INSTITUTE

CATNS

~74

ORSAT

78

DEBRISK

78

International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety

2 - Improve the communication, dissemination of knowledge and cooperation between interested groups and individuals in this and related fields

- **Technical committees and workshops**
- **IAASS** Position papers •



Hunstville, 2010

IAAS



IAASS POSITION PAPERS: - A Grand Challenge for Active Removal of Space Debris (7-5-2017) - Applicability of Pressure Suits for Suborbital Flights (7-5-2017) IAASS REPORTS TO UN COPUOS:



POSITION PAPER APPLICABILITY OF PRESSURE SUITS FOR SUBORBITAL FLIGHTS

Statement of Position:

The IAASS considers that pressure suits should be worn for suborbital flights due to the risks involved in the event of a loss of cabin atmospheric pressure.

In the case where a suborbital designer/operator decides against the use of pressure suits they should undertake systematic design and safety analysis to justify this position to provide assurance that the residual risk has been mitigated to a tolerable level of risk and inform the flight participants accordingly. This justification should then be presented to the spaceflight participants and flight crew as part of the informed consent process.



Technical Director Jack Bacon, NASA-JSC, USA Commercial Systems Safety Jean-Bruno Marciacq, Belgium Launch & Re-entry Safety Tobias Lips, HTG, Germany Dr. Bill Ailor, The Aerospace Corporation, Space Hazards 0 Space Safety Laws & Regulations Taro Kuusiholma, former CAA, Finland Human Factors & Performance for Safety Barbara Kanki, NASA-AMES (ret.), USA 0



International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety



10th IAASS Conference

International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety

MAKING SAFETY HAPPEN

15-17 May 2019 - The Aerospace Corporation El Segundo - Los Angeles - California (USA)

> "Home is behind, the world ahead, and there are many paths to tread through shadows to the edge of night, until the stars are all alight."

> > J.R.R. Tolkien The Lord of the Rings

International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety

Launch & Reentry Workshop

> Jeffersonian dinner

IAASS Conference Chairs 3- Improve understanding and awareness of the Space Safety discipline

- Support to educational programmes (universities...)
- Jeffersonian diners
- Books

IAAS







USC University of Southern California



- 4. Promote and improve the development of Space Safety professionals and standards
 - Professional Training Courses

IAASS

Standard for commercial human spaceflights INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SPACE SAFETY MASS-GP-02122019 Rev A • Professional Training Courses Catalog LAASS-551-1700 ISSUE: 2018-07 International Space Station Payload Design & Operation Safety rofessional Training Courses 4-7 March 2014 COMMERCIAL HUMAN-RATED SYSTEM STEM SAFETY ENGINEERING RUAG Space, Nyon - Switzerland CERTIFICATION FOR MORE INFO ABOUT THIS COURSE AND FOR REGISTRATION, PLEASE VISIT UNCH AND RE-ENTRY SAFETY ANALYSIS http://iaass.space-safety.org/events/courses OMPOSITE OVERWRAPPED PRESSURE VESSELS SOFTWARE SYSTEM SAFETY ENGINEERING For More Information and/or Registration: http://www.iaass.space-safety.org/events/courses/



Upcoming Professional Courses



INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SPACE SAFETY

IAASS Professional Training Course



INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SPACE SAFETY

IAASS Professional Training Course



INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SPACE SAFETY

IAASS Professional Training Course



SPACE DEBRIS: RISK ANALYSIS AND MITICATION 17-18 September 2019 Toulouse - France

Registration:

https://www.conftool.net/iaass-courses-workshops-2019-EU/index.php?page=login

Course Description



Registration: https://www.conftool.net/iaass- courses-workshops-2019-EU/index.php?page=login

Course Description



4

SPACE GENERATION ADVISORY COUNCIL



McGill

Cooperation Agreement between International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety and McGill Institute of Air and Space Law

Memorandum of Understanding

between

International Association for the Advancement of Space

Safety (IAASS) and

McGill Institute of Air and Space Law (IASL)



International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety British Interplanetary Society



Cooperation Agreement

Memorandum of Understanding between International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety (IAASS) and

British Interplanetary Society (BIS)



International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety

Space Generation Advisory Council

Cooperation Agreement

Memorandum of Understanding

between

International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety (IAASS) and Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC)

AND

- ISSS (International System Safety Society)
- AICQ (Associazione Italiana Cultura Qualita')
- AAS (American Astronautical Society)



International Association for the Advancement of Space Safety

5 - Advocate the establishment of safety laws, rules, regulatory bodies at national and international levels for the civil use of space

> Wilde, Ph.D. COPUOS 2014 STSC be 115L-PCSL Space Lay Kuusihelma & Ram

Lips COPUDS STSC 2015

- Presentation to COPUOS Technical Sub-committee •
- **Report submitted to COPUOS Legal Sub-Committee** ٠

a TAASS General presentation & by Tommaso Socials CD2UOS 2010

2. « Towards Long-term Sustainability of Space Activities: Overcoming the Challenges of Space Debris » by Prof.

Participation to ICAO Space Learning Group ٠

Jakhu COPUOS LRC 2011

Space Safety Institute proposal •



ICAO Council Meeting 2013

IAAS





Presentations at COPUOS

- 1. « IAASS General presentation » by Tommaso Sgobba COPUOS 2010
- 2. « Towards Long-term Sustainability of Space Activities: Overcoming the Challenges of Space Debris » by Prof. Dr. Ram Jakhu COPUOS LRC 2011
- 3. **« Two Space Debris Issues: Long-Term Cost of Satellite Operations Refining Reentry Disposal Hazards »** by William Ailor Ph.D COPUOS STSC 2011
- 4. « Active Debris Removal An Essential Mechanism for Ensuring the Safety and Sustainability of Outer Space » by Prof. Dr. Ram Jakhu COPUOS STSC 2012
- 5. « IAASS Goals and initiatives » by Carmen Victoria Felix COPUOS STSC 2013
- 6. « The Definition and Delimitation of Outer Space: The Present Need to Determine Where "Space Activities » By Yaw Otu Mankata Nyampong COPUOS LRC 2014
- 7. « Commercial Human Spaceflight Safety » By Tommaso Sgobba COPUOS 2014 STSC
- 8. « Public Risk Criteria and Rationale for Commercial Launch and Reentry » by P. Wilde, Ph.D. COPUOS 2014 STSC
- 9. « Space Safety and Space Traffic Management » By Isabelle Rongier and Tommaso Sgobba IISL-ECSL Space Law Symposium 2015
- 10. « The need for International approach and framework for operations in near-space » by Taro Kuusiholma & Ram Jakhu » COPUOS LRC 2015
- 11. « Risk to Aircraft From Space Vehicles Debris » by Matteo Emanuelli, Tobias Lips COPUOS STSC 2015
- 12. « Lessons Learned from Space Failures » By Isabelle Rongier COPUOS STSC 2015
- 13. « The Definition and Delimitation of Outer Space and the Safety of Aerospace Operations » by R. S. Jakhu and A. Harrington COPUOS LRC 2016
- 14. « International Space Governance » by Tommaso Sgobba COPUOS STSC 2016
- 15. "The definition and delimitation of outer space and the safety of aerospace operations" by Paul Dempsey COPUOS LRC 2017
- 16. "Impact of newcomers on space debris risks" by Fernand Alby and Bruno Lazare COPUOS STSC 2017
- 17. "Massive Collision Monitoring Activity (MCMA) Examining Urgency and Options for Debris Remediation" by Dr. Darren McKnight COPUOS 2017
- 18. « Progress with Commercial Space Safety Institute » by Tommaso Sgobba ICAO/UNOOSA Aerospace Symposium (SPACE 2017)
- 19. "An Institute for Space Debris Prevention and Control" by Tommaso Sgobba and Dr. Mark A. Skinner COPUOS 2018

Good news is we've already walked a long way... but there are new challenges to face!

- Reentry casualty requirement no longer to be based on (rare) events (10⁻⁴), but to be computed and allocated on annual basis
- New fields to be studied:
 - effects of vapors linked to space objects demise, during reentry (pollution of high layers of atmosphere),
 - risk created by small (> 300g) remaining fragments for aviation
- Governance of Space Traffic Management to be agreed at international level, including specific case of air-launches from international airspace

OUR STRATEGIC DRIVERS

- Advancing safety is a key element to expand space programs and make them economically viable
- Space commercialization and international cooperation in civil space programs is the way ahead. It requires an international safety culture!
- Need for an integrated (airspace/outer space) international regulations system to cover traffic and safety of aero-space operations (emerging suborbital spaceplanes, space-based safety critical services, etc.)
- Need for uniform international space safety standards to ensure fair competition in the global (space) market.

