Space-Based Information for Emergency Management in China

Liu Longfei National Disaster Reduction Center of China







Disaster Situation

>>> Disaster situation

China is one of the countries affected by most of the natural disasters in the world



\gg

According to statistics, natural disasters affected 28 million people, 156 people are missing or lost life in the past half-year, 2021.

Recently, Henan province was hit by floods caused torrential rains on July 16 that caused 302 deaths and about 50 people remain missing.









Satellites Resources

Satellites Resources

Disaster Monitoring Satellite constellation

GF Series Satellites



HJ-1A



HJ-1B

HJ-1C



HJ-2A

HJ-2B







GF-1

GF-2

GF-3





GF-5



GF-6

GF-7



Other Cooperation Mechanism (Commercial satellites/International cooperation mechanism)

Disaster Monitoring Satellite 2A and 2B



Launched: 27 Sept.2020 Payloads: 16m multi visible spectral CCD, hyper-spectral imager and infrared camera Together with GF-1 and GF-6 satellites, the revisit frequency could be less than 24 hours. **Status:** Completed in-orbit tests **Capacity**: Provide images for monitoring disasters in China as well as the rest of the world





Since its establishment in 2018, the **Ministry** of Emergency Management has attached great importance to the application of spacebased information and strengthened the application of space technology in disaster risk reduction, relief, and emergency response.

Space-based Information for Emergency Management Framework

The framework includes satellite resources, observation mechanism, data acquisition and processing technology, products and services, hardware and software infrastructure, etc.

Capacity after the establishment of this framework:

--Dynamic forest fire monitoring, using GF-4 and other domestic on thermal anomaly areas, identifying fire spot, fire line and burnt area takes 2-3 hours after the event

--Major disasters like monitoring of flood affected areas and damages to critical infrastructures takes 24 hours after the event.



Background products, Disaster element monitoring, Risk monitoring, Emergency mapping, Recovery and reconstruction monitoring



Dynamic forest fire monitoring

四川省凉山州西昌市森林火灾遥感监测图(八)

制图时间:2020年4月2

四川省木里县、盐源县森林火灾遥感监测图

四川省木里县森林火灾遥感监测图(四)

四川省木里县森林火灾遥感监测图(八)

2回日日:2020年4月1日168

Flood monitoring

安徽省庐江县石大圩洪涝灾害遥感监测图

Continue to support annual conferences, technical advisory support and emergency response

Work as the project manager

GEO GROUP ON Actively participate in disaster reduction **EARTH OBSERVATIONS** activities under GEO, AOGEO and other international initiatives

Earth Observations for Asia-Oceania

NDRCC use Chinese EO data (granted by CNSA)to undertake disaster reduction and emergency services through relevant mechanisms

Chinese EO satellites and the main parameters for Charter

Satellite	Sensor	Resolution
CBERS-02B	CCD	20m
	Wide field imager(WFI)	258m
SJ-9A	Multi-spectural camera	2.5m(Pan)
		10m(Multi-spectual)
GF-1	Multi-spectural camera(PMS)	2m(Pan)
		8m(Multi-spectual)
	Multi-spectural camera(WFV)	16m
GF-2	Multi-spectural camera(PMS)	0.8m(Pan)
		3.2m(Multi-spectual)
GF-3	SAR	1-500m
GF-4	Multi-spectural camera	50m(VNIR)
	camera(Geostationary Orbit)	400m(MWIR)

Disaster Monitoring Satellite 2A and 2B

Multi-spectral CCD(16m), hyper-spectral imager and infrared camera

乌克兰森林火灾遥感监测图(一)

UtilizeGF-1SatellitedatatomonitorforestfireinUkrainein2020

🕐 应急管理部国家减灾中心卫星减灾应用中心

制图时间:2020年5月20日12时

乌兹别克斯坦萨尔多巴水库溃坝事故遥感监测图

2 应急管理部国家减灾中心卫星减灾应用中心

制图时间:2020年5月20日12时

Utilize GF-1 and GF-3 Satellites data to monitor Saldoba dam burst and flood in Uzbekistan in May 2020

印度北部阿坎德邦洪涝灾害遥感监测图

应急管理部国家减灾中心卫星减灾应用中心

制图日期:2021年2月8日

印度北部阿坎德邦冰川断裂处监测图

Utilize GF-1 and GF-2 Satellites data to monitor glacier disaster and massive flooding it caused in Uttarakhand state, India. Feb. 7, 2021

印度北部阿坎德邦Reni村周边洪涝灾害监测图

如息管理部国家减灾中心卫星减灾应用中心

制图日期:2021年2月8日

☆ 应急管理部国家减灾中心卫星减灾应用中心

制图日期:2021年2月8日

Utilize GF-1 and GF-2 Satellites data to monitor glacier disaster and massive flooding it caused in Uttarakhand state, India. Feb. 7, 2021

印度北部阿坎德邦道里根加河水电站及周边监测图

Supported by the Ministry of Science and Technology, NDRCC launched a project "Integrated Application research of Earth Observation under the Sendai Framework", which goes in line with GEO priority activities and AOGEO new cross-cutting project "Integrated Priority Study (IPS)".

Project : Integrated Application research of Earth Observation under the Sendai Framework (2020-2022)

Object: Support the monitoring of indicators of the Sendai Framework through earth observation technology

Collaboration: Aerospace Information Research Institute of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing Normal University

Collaboration: UN-SPDER, Regional Centre for Space Science and Technology Education in Asia and the Pacific (China) (Affiliated to the United Nations), the Ministry of Science and Technology of Laos **Pilot projects** : will carry out and demonstrate in Laos, Sri Lanka and Nepal

Thank you for your attention!

Contact:

Lisuju: lisuju@ndrcc.org.cn

Liulongfei: liulongfei@ndrcc.org.cn