



GNSS Spectrum Protection, Interference Detection and Mitigation (IDM) Activities in China

Jun Shen* Weimin Zhen**

The 54th session of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (COPUOS)
February 6, 2017
Vienna, Austria

*Dr. Jun Shen, Deputy Director, International Cooperation Center, China Satellite Navigation Office
**Mr. Weimin Zhen, Senior Engineer, the 22nd Institute of China Electronic Technology Corporation







- 1. Background
- 2. National RNSS spectrum allocations
- 3. Regulations regarding non-licensed emission limits from RF emitters and non emitters
- 4. Existing or planned laws regarding GNSS jammers
- 5. Domestic efforts to detect and mitigate GNSS interferences





Background – UN COPUOS Agenda Item on Spectrum Protection and IDM (Recommendation 10A.2)

- UN COPUOS, based on a presentation to the Science & Technology Subcommittee (STSC), recommend to establish a multi-year agenda item focused on National Efforts to protect RNSS Spectrum, and pursue GNSS Interference Detection and Mitigation in member states.
- Under this agenda item, Member States will be asked to report on:
 - National RNSS spectrum allocations and the consistency with ITU allocations
 - Regulations regarding Non-licensed emission limits from RF emitters and non emitters
 - Planned or existing Laws and Regulations related to the manufacture, sale, export, import, purchase, ownership, and use of GNSS jammers
 - Domestic efforts to detect and mitigate GNSS interference

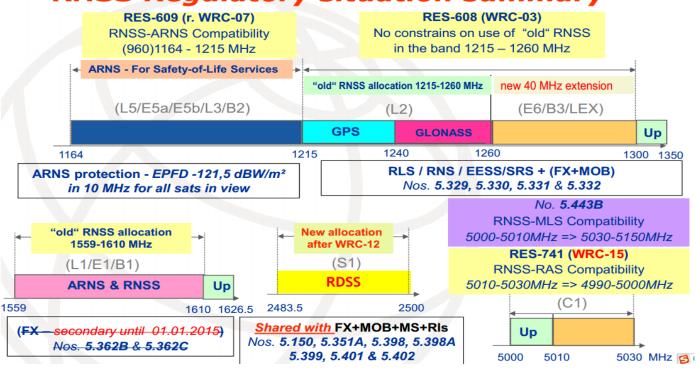




National RNSS Spectrum Allocations and the Consistency with ITU Allocations

ITU-Radio rules(RNSS frequency band)

RNSS Regulatory situation summary

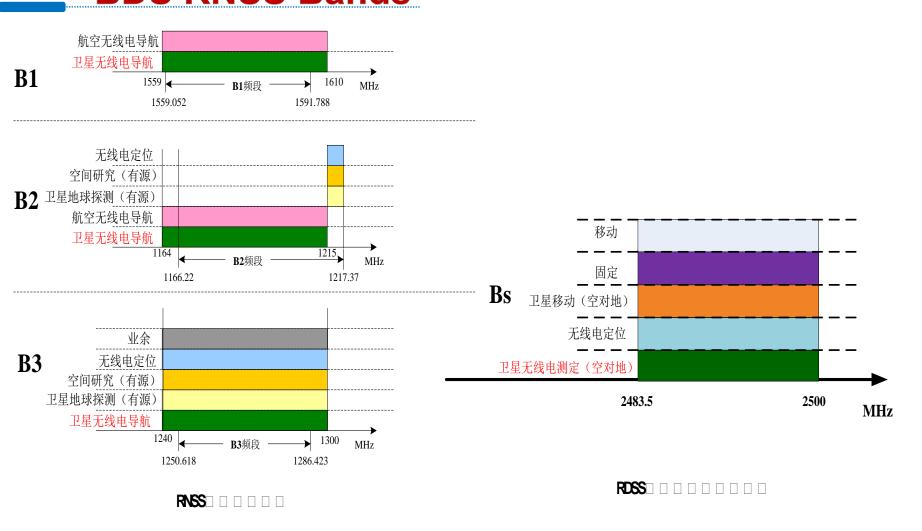


ITU spectrum allocations, cited from Attila Matas, "Radio Navigation Satellite Service and the ITU Radio Regulations".





Radio Frequency Allocation Regulations for BDS RNSS Bands



BDS RNSS frequency Allocations



Comparison between BDS Frequency Allocations and ITU Allocation Regulations

BDS Frequency Bands	Frequency allocation of P.R.C.	Frequency allocation of ITU
B1 Frequency Band	RNSS and ARNS	RNSS and ARNS
B2 Frequency Band	RNSS, ARNS, RLS, EESS and SRS	RNSS, ARNS, RLS, EESS and SRS
B3 Frequency Band	RNSS, RLS, EESS and SRS	RNSS, RLS, EESS and SRS
Bs Frequency Band	RDSS, FX, MOB, MS and RLS	RDSS, FX, MOB, MS and RLS

For the BDS frequency bands, the frequency allocations in China and the ITU regulations are exactly the same.





Regulations regarding Non-licensed Emission Limits from RF Emitters and non Emitters

ICS 33.100 L 06



中华人民共和国国家标准

National standard of the People's 10 10 Republic of China

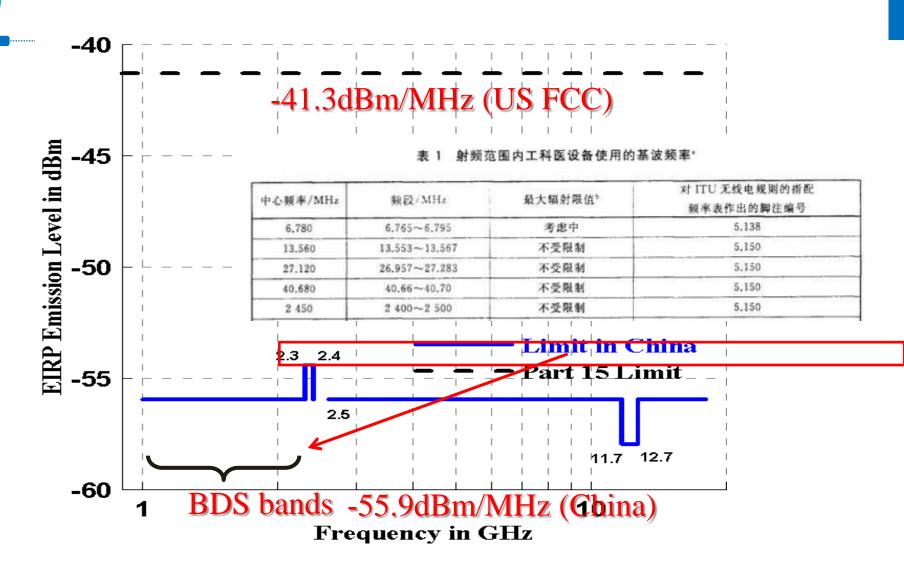
工业、科学和医疗(ISM)射频设备 骚扰特性 限值和测量方法

Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment— Disturbance characteristics—Limits and methods of measurement

(IEC/CISPR 11:2010, IDT)

Taking the CISPR (international special commission on radio interference) 11 as reference, a National Standard of China has been released – "Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment - Disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement"





Emission limits of ISM equipment in each band







In summary,

- ➤ Unlicensed equipment are not allowed to operate in the RNSS bands.
- ➤ The transmitting limits of ISM equipment was -55.9dBm/MHz up to 2.4 GHz which is much more strict than FCC part 15.
- There is no transmitting limits in the band of 2.4~2.5 GHz.





Planned or Existing Laws and Regulations

Main Chinese regulations related to GNSS jammers include:

- Radio Regulations of the PRC
- Prevention of interference to BSS, RNSS, MSS by Micro-Power (Short-Range) Radio Equipment
- Criminal Law of the PRC
- Law of the PRC on Penalties for Administration of Public Security
- Provision concerning punishment for the Radio Administration









GNSS Jammers – National Legal Status

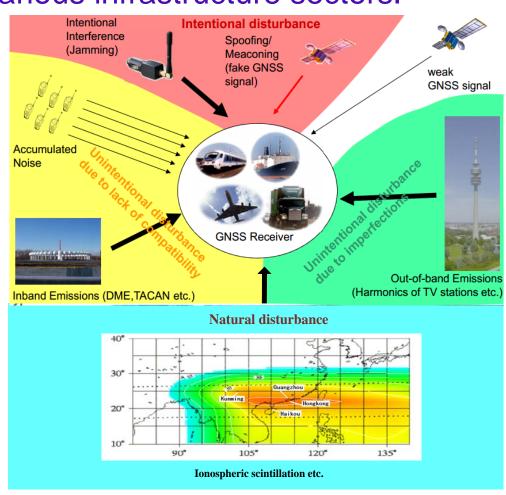
Jammers	US	RU	China	EU
manufacture	illegal	illegal	illegal	Nation-by- nation
sell	illegal	illegal	illegal	illegal
export	illegal	illegal	illegal	Nation-by- nation
purchase	Undefined(con sumer import illegal)	illegal	illegal	illegal
own	legal	no restriction	undefined	legal
use	illegal	illegal	illegal	Illegal



Domestic Efforts to Detect and Mitigate GNSS Interferences

The effective analysis of interferences (including the ionospheric scintillation) in various infrastructure sectors.

- Transportation sector
- Communication sector
- Electricity sector
- Precision agriculture sector
- ...





Ideas in IDM system construction and research in interference detection technologies

System construction

- > IDM system structure design and function analysis
- Work procedures of IDM data center design
- Reporting forms of interference information formulation

Interference detection technologies

- Studies on RF interference detection technique
- Crowd sourcing technique
- Development of the ionospheric scintillation monitoring technique







At ICG-11, China Satellite Navigation Office announced that an IDM system will be established in China.





Policy of Development

5. Protecting the Utilization of Radio-Navigation Satellite Frequency Spectrum

- Protecting the radio-navigation satellite frequency spectrum has been listed in BeiDou project.
- A monitoring network for IDM will be established and the coresponding database will be aslo constructed.
- China prohibits the production, sale and use of illegal interference devices, investigates and punishes in accordance with the law any hostile interference actions which affect the system operations and services.



Eleventh Meeting of the International Committee on Global Navigation Satell 6-11 November 2016 Sochi, Russian Federation



China Satellite Navigation Office



Eleventh Meeting of the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite 6-11 November 2016 Sochi Russian Federation



China Satellite Navigation Office







Other Efforts

- The first legal rule in China for satellite navigation industries has been in planning: "Satellite navigation regulation of PRC"
- Intensity of punishment on use of illegal radio transmitters has been greatly increased in the recently modified "RADIO REGULATIONS OF THE PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA".



Dr. Jun Shen (shenjun@beidou.gov.)
Deputy Director, International Cooperation Center
China Satellite Navigation Office

Mr. Weimin Zhen(Crirp zwm@163.com)
Senior Engineer, the 22nd Institute
Chinese Electronic Technology Corporation

http://en.beidou.gov.cn