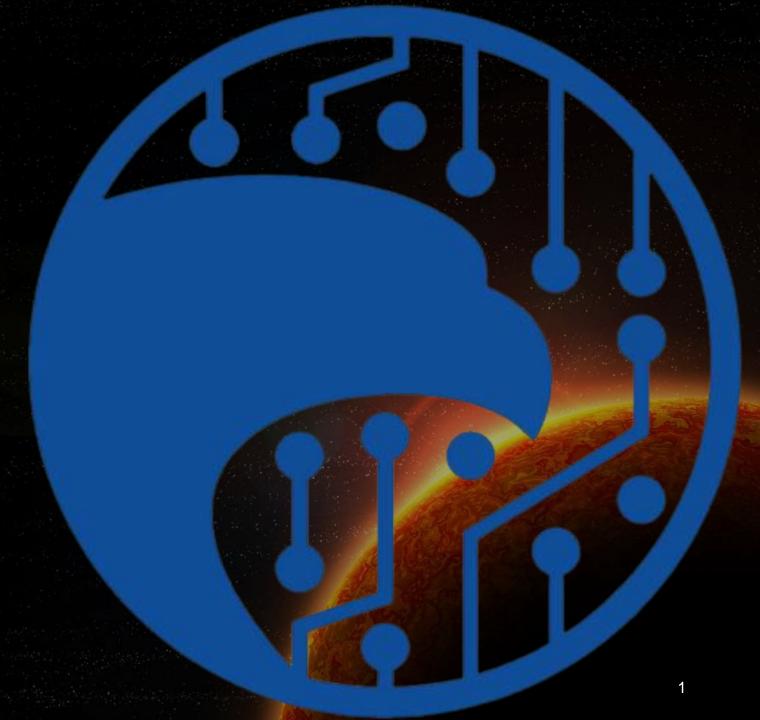


MINISTRY OF DIGITAL DEVELOPMENT, INNOVATIONS AND AEROSPACE INDUSTRY OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN

On the development of the space industry of the Republic of Kazakhstan



DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY



The mission is to carry out space activities that contribute to economic growth and improve the quality of life of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan



We are striving to develop our own advanced space technologies for the creation and launch space systems, for development scientific and production capabilities in relevant industries. In perspective we are planning to attend in International missions to the planets in the Solar system



The vision is a state with a developed space infrastructure capable of turning the possibilities of space activities for the benefit of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan

DIRECTIONS OF DEVELOPMENT



Support of R&D activities, development of human resources;



JSC «National Center Of Space Research And Technology»



LLP «Institute of lonosphere»



LLP «Ghalam»



Production of space equipment and technologies;



LLP «Fesenkov Astrophysical Institute»



LLP «Institute of space technique and technology»



Development of the remote sensing space system and services based on it;



JSC «National Company «Kazakhstan Gharysh Sapary»



Development of the space communication system and services based on it;



JSC «Republican Center for Space Communications»



Development of the potential of the Baikonur complex, ensuring the safety and effective use of property;



RSE «INFRAKOS»



RSI «Baikonyrbalance»



JSC «Kazakh-Russian Joint Venture «Baiterek»



Development of international cooperation.

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH IN THE FIELD OF SPACE ACTIVITIES











TECHNOLOGIES FOR MONITORING OBJECTS OF FAR AND NEAR SPACE

- Software complexes;
- Optical systems;
- Telescopes.





- Power supply system;
- **Earth Station**;
- Software.



MULTI-LEVEL COMPLEX FOR KEY SPACE WEATHER PARAMETERS MEASUREMENTS

- Measurements of the solar radio spectra of the Sun
- Ground-based neutron monitoring

TECHNOLOGIES FOR MONITORING OBJECTS OF FAR AND NEAR SPACE

On current situation in developing of National Space Situational Awareness (SSA) at Academician Omarov Assy-Turgen Observatory FAI.

Deploy the system for near-Earth survey and awareness for safety of Kazakhstan satellites, space debris and hazardous asteroid monitoring.

2024: 6 telescopes, optical systems, complex of program



By 2025 it reaches 15 telescopes

SSA and analysis of NEO data

- Survey of satellites
- Near-miss events prediction and monitoring

2021-2023

- Deploy new instruments
- LEO observations
- Implement ML and NN capabilities
- wide SSA platformsSystematic near-Earth

Integration into world-

- surveysProvide information on
- Provide information on NEO to users and key partners

2022-2024

2023-2025

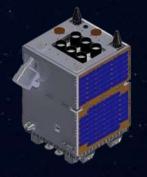




Exterior view of the pavilion (left) and the Wide Angle Optical System installed in it (right)

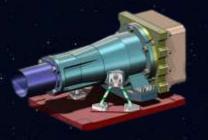
TECHNOLOGIES FOR SPACECRAFT

- Platform 100 kg
- Ground based segment based on SDR technologies





- Optical pay load BDL imager and technology of resolution enhancement during the post-processing
- Onboard computer OBC ARM Gen1



Satellite energy saving system



- Onboard satellite control complex









• Software and mathematics for high-precision of spacecraft motion



KAZAKHSTAN MULTI-LEVEL COMPLEX FOR KEY SPACE WEATHER PARAMETERS MEASUREMENTS

Neutron Monitor 18 NM-64 at high mountain cosmic ray station (3340 m a.s.l.) (www.nmdb.eu)
Geomagnetic observatory «Alma-Ata» (1300 m a.s.l.)



Measurements of the solar radio spectra of the Sun from the CALLISTO spectrometer at Almaty and the solar radio emission flux density at frequencies of 1.08 GHz and 2.8 GHz (2700 m a.s.l.) All measurements are included in a common information system that displays real-time measurements with high resolution.

Developed:

- A prototype system for generating an alert signal about the beginning of a large proton enhancement in solar cosmic rays on Earth to warn about radiation hazards in spacecraft orbits
- A disturbance index for the state of near-Earth space



SPACE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

Meeting the needs of 2 satellite communication channels: KazSat-2 (2011-2026), KazSat-3 (2014-2029)

KazSat-2

KazSat-3

Realized

- **Economic incentive for Non-GSO systems to enter the Kazakhstan market** (acceptable tax rates)
- Coverage of communication services in 176 remote villages using «KazSat»
- Test connection of rural schools to high-speed internet using Starlink technologies

PLANS

Satellite communication system based on a spacecraft with hybrid payload

Coverage of communication services in 504 remote villages using «KazSat» and NGSO systems

2000 schools will be connected to highspeed Internet using Starlink technology

Position 58.5° longitude

«KazSat-3R_HTS»

972 MGts

Ku-Band satellite capacity

Service area:

Territory of Kazakhstan and Central Asia





SPACE MONITORING



CROP MONITORING

COVERED: 22 million hectares 100% of the RoK cropland



FOREST MONITORING

COVERED: 18,6 million hectares 100% of the forest fund of the RoK



WATER RESOURCES MONITORING

COVERED: 3 million hectares



RANGELAND MONITORING

COVERED: 207 million hectares 100% of the pasture lands of the RoK



MONITORING OF LAND USE

COVERED: 100% of the territory of the RoK



WASTE MONITORING

COVERED: 33 million hectares, 23 cities



MONITORING OF EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

COVERED: 272 million hectares 100% of the territory of the RoK



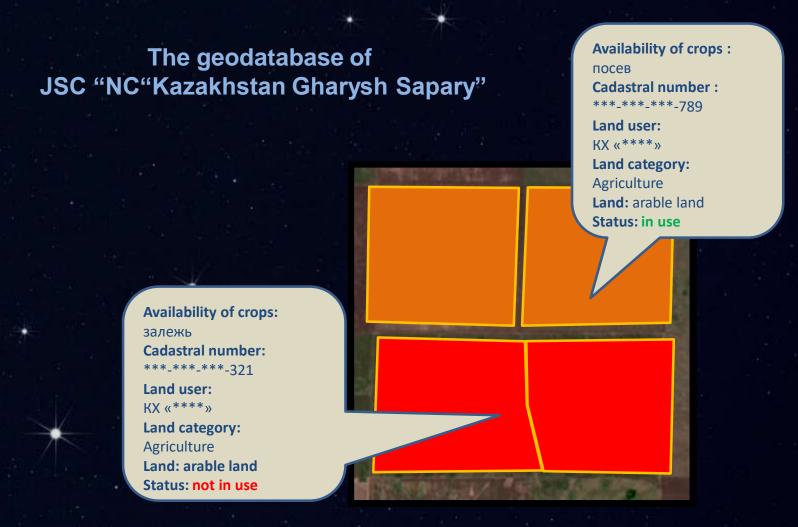
SUBSOIL USE MONITORING

COVERED: 3,6 million hectares

Space monitoring of land management



Satellite images of the current and previous year



Cadastral data of various land for their intended purpose

MONITORING OF EMERGENCY SITUATIONS IN THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN



Monitoring of flood-prone areas Satellite images from high (KazEOSat-1 spacecraft - 87 images) and medium spatial resolution (PlanetScope satellite constellation of 129 images) were transmitted to flood-prone areas

Monitoring of forest and steppe fires is carried out through an automated updating system up to 8 times a day and identifying burned areas of forest-steppe fires with filling in data on location, period, area, type. The total area of burned areas in 2023 is 1.37 million hectares, 121,189 thermal points were discovered



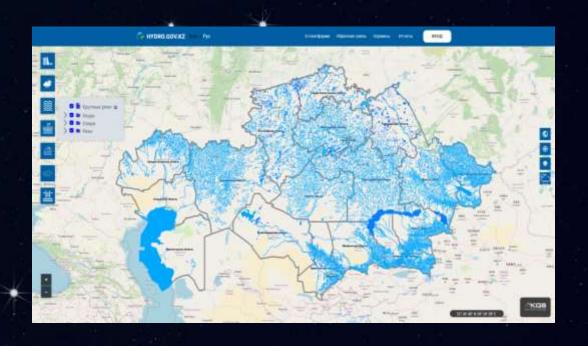
Space monitoring of water consumption

Assessment based on remote sensing data

- Classification of 10 agricultural crops (Zhambyl region, 12 crops)
- Productivity Water consumption up to field level
- Water productivity Evaporation, filtration, etc.

Calculation of water consumption by crop type





Functional

Modules:

Mapping Water user reporting

Water supply processes

Processes for the formation of legal acts

GEOSPATIAL PLATFORMS

«MINERALS.GOV.KZ»: Unified platform of subsoil users

Registration

View interactive map

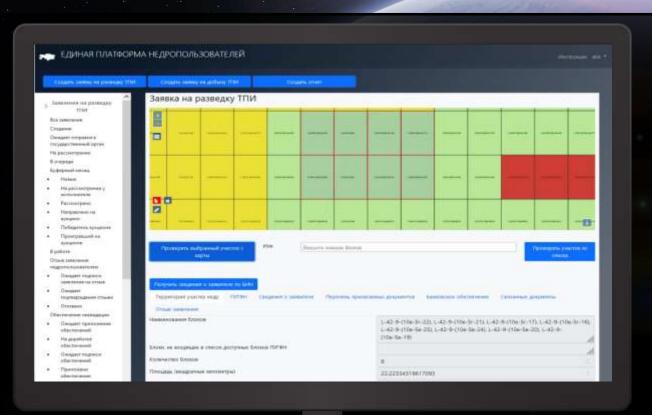
Submission of an application

Consideration by the authorized state body

Notification

License issuance

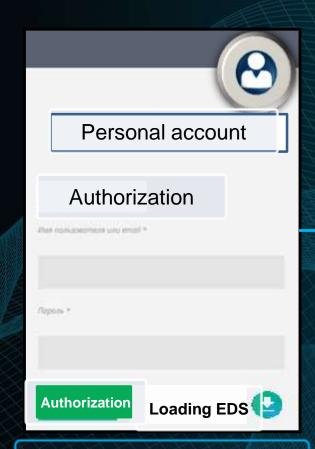
Reports



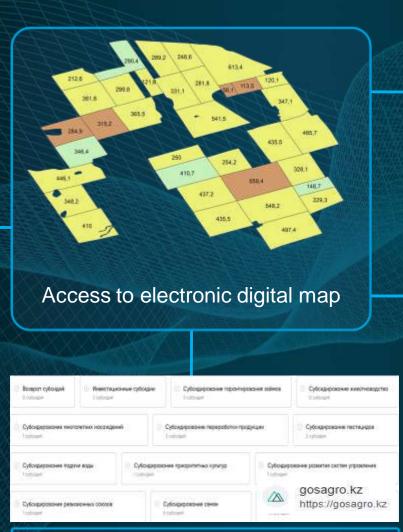
Functionality:

- viewing the interactive map;
- viewing geologic study reports;
- filing/revoking an application for exploration and mining of solid minerals;
- checking for overlapping layers of general geographic content;
- -submission of reports on the results of work and fulfillment of license obligations;
- -exchange of messages with the regulator.

«AGROSPACE»: Platform of agricultural producers



Authorized access through electronic digital signature (EDS)





Applying for public services

Historical data for each field





Analysis based on remote sensing data, entering and correcting agricultural land boundaries and personal data

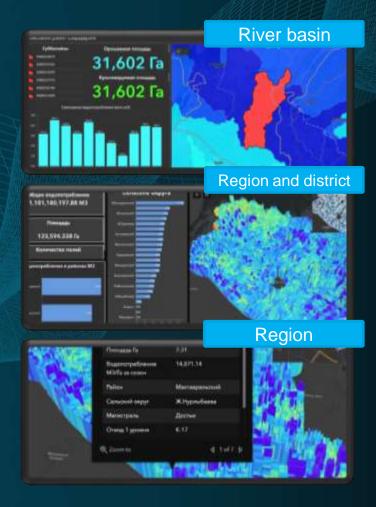
Applying for public services

«HYDROSPACE»: Water resources platform



Satellite assessment and monitoring of the state of riverbed processes

Inventory of hydraulic structures (reservoir)



Digital accounting of water used for irrigation

Determination of productivity of irrigated lands

Analysis of water consumption up to the level of irrigated zones/branches

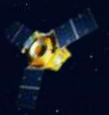
A system of control measures (fines, taxes for excessive consumption, etc.)



Creating a constellation of remote sensing satellites



Mission: Providing access to space technologies through advanced and innovative engineering solutions



KazEOSat-2

Resolution: 5 m

(**2014 – 2026**) P

Productivity 500 000 sq.km/day



KazEOSat-1

(2014 - 2027)

Resolution: 1 m

Productivity 220 000 sq.km/day

KazEOSat-MR PROJECT

3 medium resolution satellites

System Parameters

KazEOSat-HR PROJECT

3 high resolution satellites

- Productivity: 1 million km2/day
- Re-shooting: 1 time per day

Remote sensing microsatellite

- Resolution: up to 2 m
 (~ 1m in post-processing)
- Channels: 5 Pan, R, G, B, NIR+SWIR
- Shooting band width: ~ 40 km

- Productivity: 600 thousand km2/day
- Re-shooting: 1 time per day

Remote sensing microsatellite

- Resolution: 0,7m
 (~ 0,5m in post-processing)
- Channels: 5 Pan, R, G, B, NIR
- Shooting band width: ~ 12 km

