

Overcoming Space accessibility's challenges and barriers – UAE achievements

“Space as a driver for socio-economic sustainable development”
United Nations/United Arab Emirates High Level Forum
6-9 November 2017

Session 4: Space Accessibility

7th November 2017

Presented by:

Khaled Al Hashmi

Director of Space Missions, Science and Technology

UAE Space Agency

Space Benefits and trends

Space brings benefits to countries...

Socioeconomic, open access to the knowledge-based economy and exploration

Capacity building in Science, Technology and Innovation

Bring important benefits to the people worldwide: navigation, communication by satellite, Earth observation for monitoring in case of natural disasters or humanitarian aids

Food security, resource management, and climate change studies

A high profile, hi-tech sector, ability to motivate and inspire new generations into science, mathematics and technology

...Trends

- Unprecedented increase in number of spacefaring nations, nearly 50 space agencies throughout the world
- An increase number of satellite operators and launching states
- The increase stimulated by emerging national space program in Middle East, North Africa, Far East and India
- .. and by Increase number of commercial firms venturing into space inclusive e.g. space tourism, small satellite constellations
- Space activity is no longer confined to exploration and scientific research but a contributor to development of Earth
- Rapid increase in innovation based on space science and space technology



Issues and Challenges

Key issues...

Investment in science and technology strengthen economic growth and development

Space development require multi-year high investments

Earth is under pressure from climate change and from degradation processes such as desertification

An increasing number of people rely on space-based positioning and navigation systems

Improving the accuracy of global land cover maps and positioning remains a key challenge

... create set of challenges

- Countries wants to move up the value chain, to diversify its economy and business exchanges
- Create and retain highly skilled engineers and professionals to build local capacity and knowledge in space technologies skills for utilizing data obtained from space
- Building expensive space assets and ground infrastructure,
- Governments face societal challenges: environment and natural resources monitoring; Increased mobility of people and goods; crisis management and disaster recovery; high-speed access to information; and homeland defence & security.
- Demand for scientific data in new areas that are difficult to acquire
- The ability to creating sustainable development in space technology and applications, presents the most significant challenge



Opportunities to Overcome Challenges

Developing countries challenges...

Located in geographic regions that experience a disproportionately large amount of natural disasters - cyclones, earthquakes or volcanoes -, have more vulnerability and difficulty during recovery.

Obtaining timely information about the state of their environment, maintaining a complete communication infrastructure, managing safe transportation and contributing to experimental scientific research.

Access to data is insufficient, and both the infrastructure development and its utilization require a high degree of skill.

The development of space application products and services will require the creation of additional capabilities in industry

Maintaining a high quality research and education infrastructure to participate in space science.

... can be overcome by

- Lowering entry barriers for new spacefaring nations is an essential factor for great power strategic competition in space
- The higher education sector: an opportunity to create professional training with international partners to address these capability gaps.
- International cooperation: offers good opportunities for capacity building in space technologies and application, space science and space exploration, Earth observation, communications and etc.
- Partnerships: for long-term strategies to develop the indigenous space industry.
- Innovation and technology transfer: to stimulate, foster and manage the transfer of technology to and from the space sector.
- The industry: the role of industry ranges from provision of turn-key systems, to provision of training and joint development of satellites in partnership with emerging space countries



Sustainable development goals

... could the sustainable development goals

... resolve and mitigate challenges



- How and in what capacity would the UN, pioneered spacefaring nations and industry ...
 - support developing countries to catch-up and close technological gap?
 - Easing entry barriers?
 - Easing access to space data?
 - Provide financial support?
 - Developing local capabilities?
 - .. Etc?
- How these goals will be followed up and monitored its achievements?
 - What are the monitoring tools?



Toward sustainable development – UAE Case

National Space Program

	ST&I Roadmap <i>A road to prioritize, guide and direct R&D activities</i>	EMM <i>Emirates Mars Mission</i>	Earth Observation Satellites <i>For science and EO</i>	Small Satellite Program <i>For science and EO</i>	CubeSat Program <i>For education and technology demonstration</i>	Mars City <i>A dedicated R&D city to simulate Mars environment</i>	Human Flight Program <i>A sustainable program to send astronaut to ISS</i>
--	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

1	Space Exploration	◐	●	○	○	○	◐	◐
2	Earth Observation	◑	○	●	●	●	○	◑
3	Science	◐	◐	◑	◑	◑	◑	◐
4	Technology	◐	◐	◐	◐	◑	◑	◑
5	Education	◑	◑	◑	◑	●	○	◑
6	Manufacturing, Assembly, Integration and Testing	◑	●	●	●	●	◑	○
7	International Collaboration	◐	●	◐	◐	◑	◑	●

Degree of benefit: ○ None ● Very strong



Recommendations

National programs and sustainable development goals: •

UAE Space Agency to map national program to sustainable development goals -

Report existing achievements and future initiatives -

Monitoring the progress: Monitoring the implementation of sustainability •
development goals and results e.g. the Space Capacity Index (SCI) is an option.

Investigate and analysis the progress and development patterns made by developing countries -

Propose and exchange conceptual development models that can be benefited by other laggard -
countries

Address and promote successful cases -

An international integration solution database: Building an an international •
integrated database on applications could be an option e.g. The development of a
results-based management approach for space capacity-building, based on a Space
Solutions Database (SSD)

Open platform to code and analysis data -

Industry contribution: a low cost option to access space for science and technology •
for education purposes and capacity build up e.g. Dream Chaser

A sustainable low cost service business model -

