





# NavIC Performance using S-Band Signals

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10/12/2019

ICG-14, Bengaluru



#### Introduction to NavIC



➤ NavIC, the operational name for the Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System (IRNSS), provides precise Position, Velocity and Timing (PVT) services to its users over the Indian Region.

> NavIC, broadcasts its Signal-in-space in 2 frequency bands.

L5 band - Centre frequency 1176.45 MHz

S band- Centre frequency 2492.028 MHz

ISRO



## S Band Frequency Allocation



- ITU WRC has allocated, S band frequency range between 2483.5 to 2500 MHz for Radio Determination Satellite Service (RDSS) in Region-1,2 and Region-3.
- India comes under Region-3.

Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
2 483.5-2 500	2 483.5-2 500	2 483.5-2 500
FIXED	FIXED	FIXED
MOBILE	MOBILE	MOBILE
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A
RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398	RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE	RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE
Radiolocation 5.398A	(space-to-Earth) 5.398	(space-to-Earth) 5.398
5.150 5.399 5.401 5.402	5.150 5.402	5.150 5.401 5.402



### **NavIC Performance Evaluation**



NavIC performance analysis using S-band frequency is being carried out at various locations in India viz:

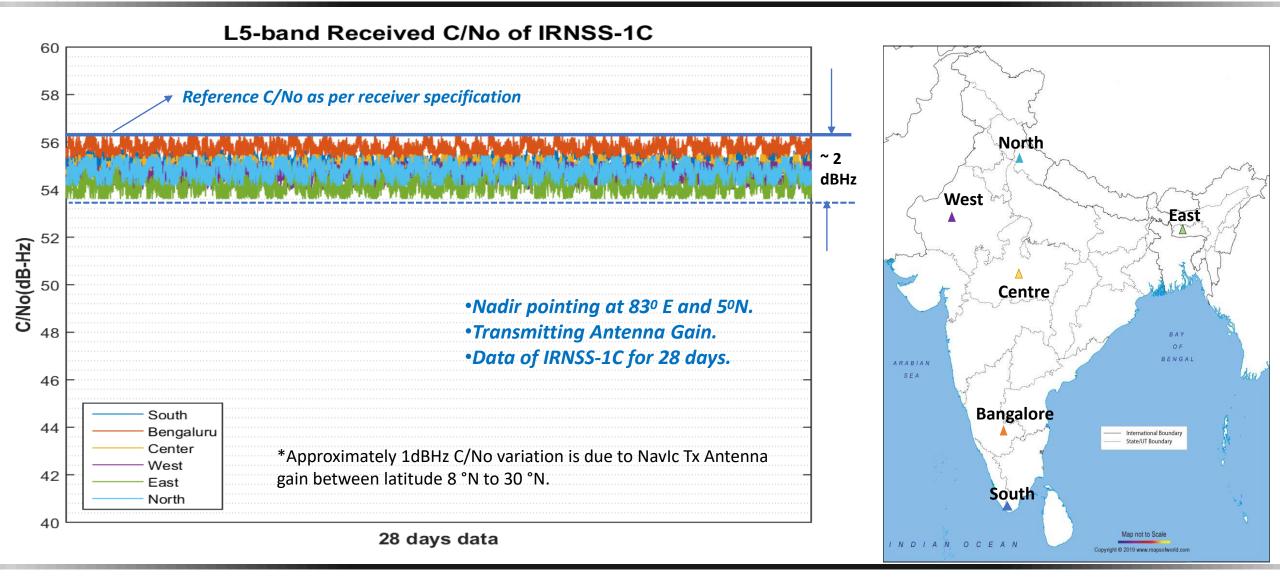
> (08.20° N, 77.67° E) South : Mahendragiri ii. **Bangalore** (12.81° N, 77.37° E) iii. (23.25° N, 77.41° E) Centre : Bhopal : Jodhpur (26.23° N, 73.02° E) iv. West : Shillong (25.57° N, 91.89° E) East V. : Dehradun (30.31° N, 78.03° E) vi. North

■ The navigation data is collected from the various reference stations located across the country and the system performance is evaluated in terms of position accuracy and received C/No.



# L5-Band Received C/No Variation

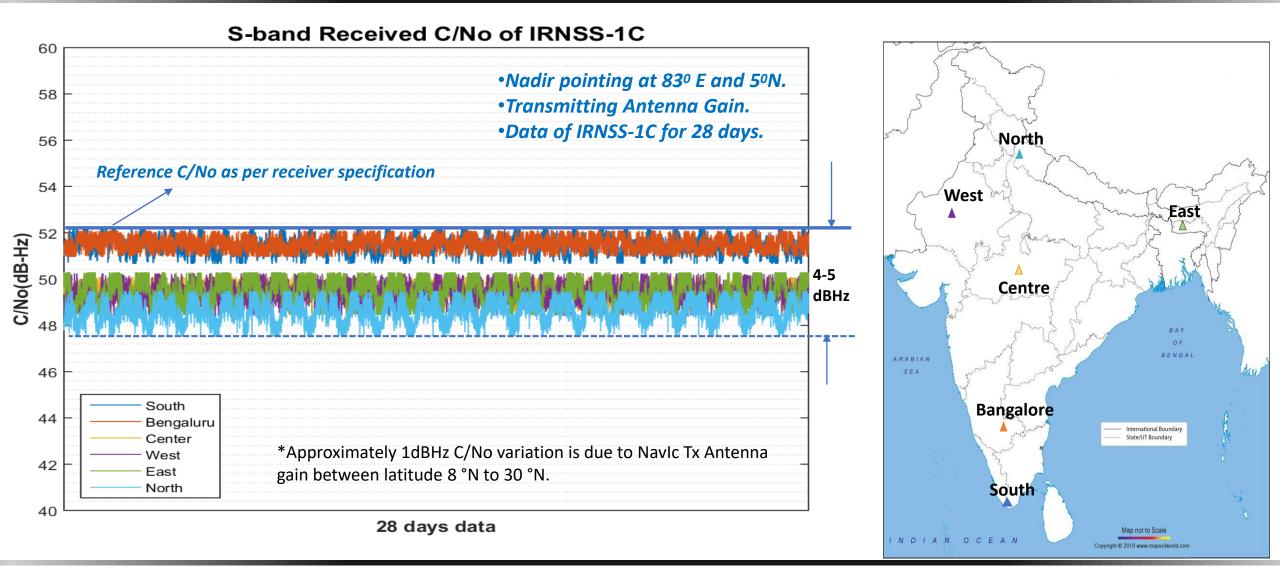






# S-Band Received C/No Variation





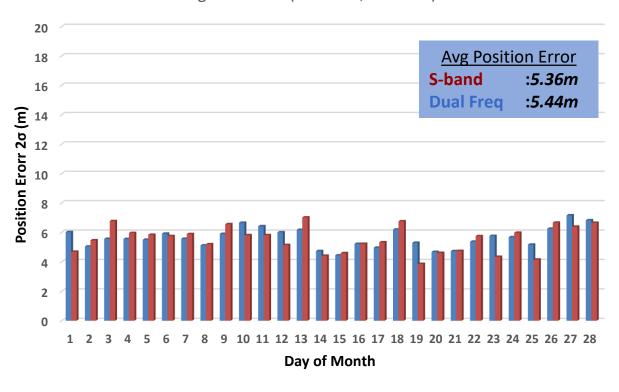


# Comparison of Position Errors(PE)



#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

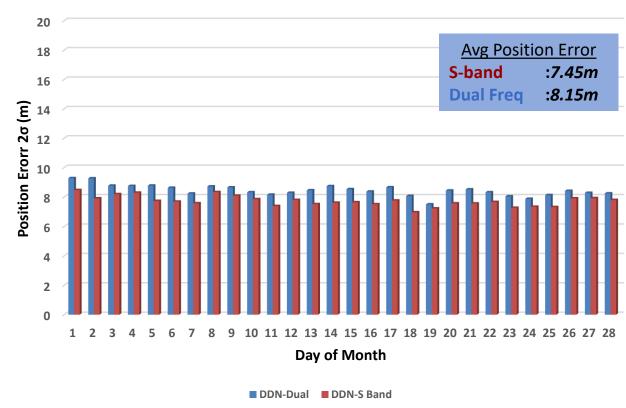
Region: South (18.97° N, 84.37° E)



■ MHG-Dual ■ MHG-S Band

#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

Region: North (30.31° N, 78.03° E)



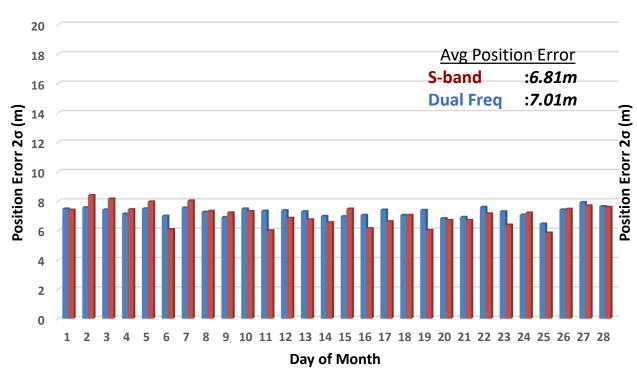


## Comparison of Position Errors(PE)



#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

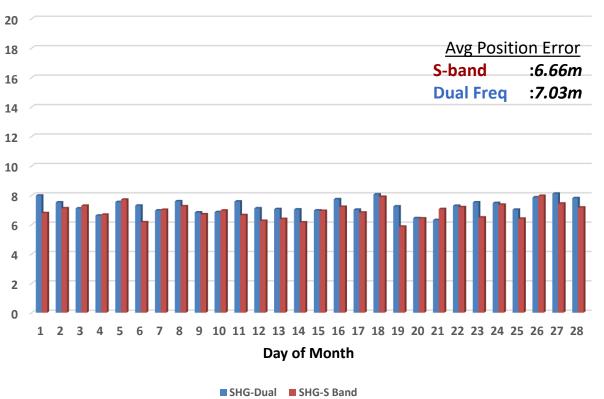
Region: West (26.23° N, 73.02° E)



■ JPR-Dual ■ JPR-S Band

#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

Region: **East** (25.57° N, 91.89° E)



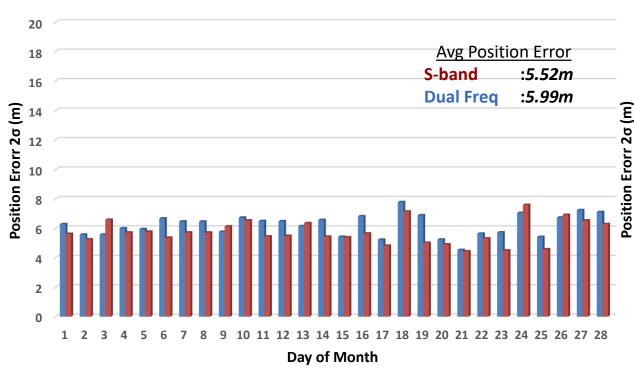


## Comparison of Position Errors(PE)



#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

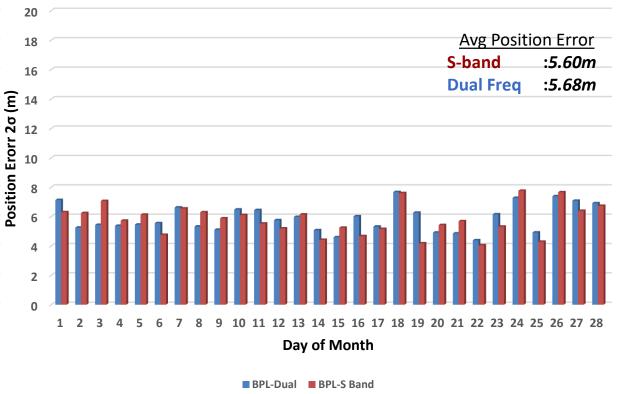
Region: Bangalore (18.97° N, 84.37° E)



■ BLR-Dual ■ BLR-S Band

#### **Position Error - Dual Frequency Vs S-band**

Region: Centre (23.26° N, 77.41° E)





### Conclusion



- The Position Error(PE) performance of NavIC using single frequency S band receiver is comparable with dual frequency(L5 and S) performance.
- South India or at low latitudes, the received C/No levels are in line with designed levels. The peak to peak received C/No variation in S band is 5 dB-Hz, with respect to latitude separation(North- C/No drop is more).
- The received C/No levels in L5 frequency band are in line with the designed levels. The peak to peak C/No variations are within 2 dBHz, with respect to latitude separation.

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# Thank You!!!