

THE GAMBIA ENVIRONMENT INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM IN SUPPORT OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

BY

EBRIMA L. CEESAY
THE GAMBIA

CONTENT

- Country information
- EIS Development in the Gambia
- EIS Management in the Gambia
- Elaboration of the role of EIS in environmental policy making in the Gambia
- Co-ordination of EIS in the Gambia

COUNTRY INFORMATION

Country (long form) Republic of The Gambia

Capital Banjul

■ **Total Area** 11,300.00 sq km 4,362.95 sq mi

Population 1,411,205 (July 2001 est.)

Estimated Population in 2050 - 4,165,032

Languages
 English (official), Mandinka, Wolof, Fula, other indigenous

vernaculars

Literacy
 47.5% total, 58.4% male, 37.1% female (2001 est.)

Life Expectancy 51.65 male, 55.58 female (2001 est.)

GDP (per capita) \$1,100 (2000 est.)

Industry processing peanuts, fish, and hides; tourism; beverages;

agricultural machinery assembly, woodworking,

metalworking; clothing

Agriculture peanuts, millet, sorghum, rice, corn, cassava (tapioca), palm

kernels; cattle, sheep, goats; forest and fishery resources not

fully exploited

Arable Land 18%Natural Resources fish



- a. Co-ordinate the production of priority data sets and reference databases
- b. Provide support to collaborating institutions with regard to their constraints, e.g., human
- resource development, equipment, and logistical support
- c. Set quality standards for the production and maintenance of identified core datasets
- d. Ensure the harmonisation, timely production and accessibility of data sets
- e. Establish links among existing and relevant information systems and the EIS
- f. Ensure efficient information flow among the Task Forces and partner institutions
- g. Develop mechanisms to ensure the free flow and access to environmental information

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AT NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

- The mandate and role of the NEA in environmental management requires that an:-
- efficient information management system be developed in house. Information should
- serve as a bridge between the Agency and institutions involved in environmental
- management and the general public. At NEA, the emphasis is placed on facilitating the
- exchange of different types of information rather than controlling information.
- Furthermore, with an efficient information delivery system, information provided to the
- user is guaranteed to be complete, concise, timely, relevant, accurate and consistent



- with other information systems. In essence, the EIS program aims to provide reliable
- and relevant information required for sound environmental management. The Program
- has two distinct Units as described below.



- a. Identify needs for policy relevant information with reference to environmental information management
- b. Co-ordinate information needs for monitoring and evaluation of environmental issues
- c. Co-ordinate the dissemination of information in collaboration with the Environmental Education Working Group
- d. Oversee the production of annual Environmental Data Reports
- e. Monitor and evaluate the EIS development process, taking into account environmental policy and legal issues



- a. address data and information issues common to collaborating institutions, and build
- consensus on the issues and strategies for the production and dissemination of data
- and information relevant to the environment
- b. contribute actively to the discussion on cost recovery in information management
- c. co-ordinate inputs and facilitate the dissemination of information without the constraints
- imposed by institutional rigidities.



EIS Working Group

- The EIS Working Group is inter-sectoral and multidisciplinary in nature.
- Its principal functions are:
 - to manage the harmonised development of EIS,
 - to co-ordinate the production of core datasets, and
 - to promote the use of environment information in decision-making and sustainable development planning



EIS Working Group - ToR

- Elaboration of the role of EIS in policy making
 - Identify needs for policy relevant information with reference to environmental information management
 - Co-ordinate information needs for monitoring and evaluation of environmental issues
 - Co-ordinate the dissemination of information in collaboration with the Environmental Education Working Group
 - Oversee the production of annual Environmental Data Reports
 - Monitor and evaluate the EIS development process, taking into account environmental policy and legal issues



EIS Working Group - ToR

- EIS Development
 - Co-ordinate the production of priority data sets and reference databases
 - Provide support to collaborating institutions with regard to their constraints, e.g., human resource development, equipment, and logistical support
 - Set quality standards for the production and maintenance of identified core datasets

EIS Working Group - Membership

- National Environment Agency (The chairpersons of the Task Forces)
- Department of Lands & Surveys (Spatial Data Task Force)
- National Population Secretariat, Commission (Non-Spatial Data Task Force)
- National Library (Documentation Task Force)
- Department of Planning, Department of State for Agriculture
- Department of Parks and Wildlife
- Department of Planning, DOSH
- FORUT
- Central Statistics Department The chairpersons of the Task Forces



EIS Task Forces

- Three Task Forces that have been set up to look at the technical aspects of EIS development in their specific areas of competence:
 - Documentation task force
 - Chair National Library
 - Secretariat and focal point for coordination NEA
 - Non-spatial data task force
 - Secretariat –National Population Secretariat of the Commission
 - Spatial data task force
 - Chair Department of Lands and Surveys
 - Secretariat NEA



EIS Task Forces - ToR

- They have responsibility for
 - working out the technical details (standards and compatibility of data collection, processing and reporting systems)
 - establishing the mechanisms for co-ordination and the format of dissemination of each type of information (specific data dictionaries, worksheets, nomenclatures, updates, etc.)
 - disseminating currently available information and future updates.



Documentation TF

- ToR for the Documentation Task Force are:
 - establish a networking system to ensure easy access to environmentally related
 - documentation and information
 - define the responsibility of each participating documentation centre
 - establish individual bibliographies covering historic and recent information



Documentation TF

- ToR for the Documentation Task Force are
 - publish, update and disseminate periodically this bibliography
 - strengthen external linkages with international organisations by the individual participating centres
 - study and make recommendations in respect of methods of acquisition, storage and dissemination of documentation information



Documentation TF - membership

- National Library
- National Environment Agency (NEA)
- Department of State for Agriculture (DOSA)
- Department of State for Works and Communication
- Department of State for Finance and Economic Affairs
- The Association of Non- Governmental Organisation (TANGO)
- National Agricultural Research Institute (NARI)
- PRESS
- Department of State for Education



Non-spatial data TF - ToR

ToR for the Non-Spatial Data Task Force are:

- address priority issues of rural land management, urbanisation, coastal zone management a and water resource management.
- identify focal points to provide information on the origin, source and type of information available.
- assure access to non-spatial data by decentralisation of data sets.
- co-ordinate the harmonisation of environmental health, energy, agriculture and natural resource data.



Non-spatial data TF membership

- Central Statistic Department
- National Population Commission Secretariat
- Department of Planning, DOSA
- Department of planning DOSH
- Women's Bureau
- Department of Physical Planning & Housing
- Department of Community Development
- Department of Fisheries
- Department of Parks & Wildlife
- TANGO
- National Environment Agency
- Department of State for Education



Spatial Data TF - ToR

ToR of the Spatial Data Task Force are:

- develop a national capability in geographic information systems, remote sensing and photo interpretation in appropriate institutions
- co-ordinate the production and storage of priority spatial data
- develop capability for proper organisation and storage of spatial information in each institution.



Spatial Data TF - Membership

- Department of Lands & Surveys (DLS)
- Soil and Water Management Unit (SWMU)
- Geology Unit
- Department of Water Resources (DWR)
- Department of Forestry
- Department of Livestock Services
- Department of Planning, DOSA
- Department of Physical Planning and Housing
- Mapping Unit, Central Statistic Department
- National Environment Agency, (NEA)



THANK YOU ALL FOR YOUR ATTENTION