

Modernization and New Services of the Brazilian Active Control Network

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Overview

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- ✓Adoption of SIRGAS2000 in Brazil
- ✓ History
- Motivation
- Expansion plan
- ✓Current status of RBMC
- ✓NTRIP real-time data via Internet
- Modernization plan
- ✓ Final remarks



Introduction

✓ Brazilian Network for Continuous Monitoring of GPS (RBMC)

✓ Active geodetic control network

✓ First one to be established in South America

✓ More than 10 years in operation

- ✓ Main geodetic framework in Brazil
- ✓ Main link to global reference frames
- ✓ SIRGAS2000 is realized in Brazil mainly through its stations
- In 2005 a Geocentric Reference System SIRGAS2000 was officially adopted in Brazil

Adoption of SIRGAS2000 in Brazil

✓ Resolution n°1/2005 officialized the adoption of SIRGAS2000 in Brazil

✓ Transition period – 2005 to 2014

✓ Information provided:

✓New data base available on internet

✓ New geoid model + software (MAPGEO2004)

✓Transformation Parameters + software (TCGEO)

✓ **PIGN** (National Geospatial Framework Project) to support activities related to the adoption: Promote, Impacts on cartography, courses...

✓ PIGN is supported by CIDA (Canadian International Development Agency and ABC (Brazilian Cooperation Agency)



<u>History</u>

- ✓ In operation since 1997 with 9 stations
- ✓ <u>Station Configuration:</u>
 - ✓ Double frequency receivers /Choke ring antenna
 - ✓ Computers
 - Phone lines for communications
- ✓ Information: Daily files RINEX format
- TEQC software is used for checking file structure and data quality
- Daily files freely available on Internet after 24h of observation date for post-mission applications



Motivation

INCRA (Instituto Nacional de Colonização e Reforma Agrária) responsibility: National Cadastre for Rural Properties

IBGE responsibility: Brazilian Geodetic System

- ✓ <u>Law 10267/01</u> Federal law requiring owners of rural property to provide a georeferenced plan for all procedures related to notariat
- Georeferencing must be connected to Brazilian Geodetic System
- ✓ <u>Deadline:</u>
 - ✓ Year 2008 properties between 500 and 1000 hectares
 - ✓ Year 2011 properties smaller than 500 hectares.
- ✓ <u>Scenario:</u>
 - ✓ Geodetic system with poor densification
 - Active GPS network maintained by INCRA was not homologated by IBGE because it was not following the standards for reference stations.



- Cooperation Agreement was signed in 2006 between IBGE and INCRA
- In 2007 INCRA acquired 83 double frequency receivers with these main features:
 - IP network port for connecting the receiver to LAN/Internet with no local computer
 - Be remotely controlled through Internet

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- Both store and transfer data through Internet to the Network Control Center
- Be slaved to external frequency standard input
- Possibility of L2C and L5 signals tracking or easy upgradeability
- ✓ All stations have 24 hours Internet connections (satellite link)
- Data availability: Hourly -5 sec (INCRA website) and Daily -15 sec (IBGE website)



	Nº of Receivers	
RECEIVERS	mar/07	jun/08
NetRS	2	14
NetR5	0	30
Trimble 4000SSi	17	4
Leica GRX1200	1	2
Ashtech ZFX	4	4
Ashtech UZ-12	0	1
TOTAL OF RECEIVERS	24	55





Current Status (2/4) Integration of RBMC and **RiBac**



Current Status

- ✓ June 2008 55 stations in operation
- ✓ IGS stations: BRAZ, BRFT and CHPI
- New IGS stations and RTIGS: POVE, RECF, SALU, SAVO, UFPR, CEEU, ONRJ
- ✓ More than 7000 downloads per month
- ✓ All stations belong to SIRGAS-CON densification network in Latin America and the Caribbean
 - ✓ Weekly solutions generated by IGS RNAAC SIR at DGFI
 - ✓ Additional 5 experimental processing centers in Latin America (IGAC, IBGE, IGG, INEGI, IGM) process RBMC data – along with other CORS data in Latin America under the scope of the SIRGAS Project



 $N^{\circ} OF$

STATIONS

1

9







YEAR	N° OF STATIONS	
1993	1	
1997	9	
1999	12	



























Station NAUS – Amazon Region









Data Quality Control

- ✓ Data Archival:
 - ✓ RINEX format
 - ✓ IGS Broadcast orbits (brdcDDD0.YYn)
 - ✓ 24 hour sessions
 - ✓ 15 sec observation rate
 - Observation and broadcast orbits compacted in ZIP format
- ✓ RINEX files header fixed with program RBMCheck
- TEQC software used for checking file structure and quality



<u>Website</u>



NTRIP – real-time data via internet

NTRIP – Networked Transport of RTCM via Internet Protocol

- Protocol developed by Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy (BKG), Germany.
- Composed of a subset of HTTP protocol and thus based on TCP. All data streaming is carried out using one single IP port, in most cases port 80 or 2101.
- Streaming GNSS real-time data in RTCM (version 3) format or any GNSS format (RAW, RINEX).
- Open source software, available for LINUX and Windows platforms.
- ✓ NTRIP usage: real-time applications DGPS/RTK
- ✓ RBMC real-time data availability:

22 stations in gps-ntrip.ibge.gov.br:2101 broadcaster

9 stations in www.igs-ip.net:2101 broadcaster



NTRIP Scheme





NTRIP - Clients

- ✓ Receiving GNSS data streams via:
 - GNSS Internet Radio (PC/Laptop, PDA, or cell phone). Transfers received GNSS data to a serial or IP port to RTK or DGPS application.
 - BKG NTRIP Client (BNC): Transfers RINEX observation and navigation files to support near real-time GNSS postprocessing applications or monitoring data streams







Proposal : SIRGAS-IP Pilot Project

- ✓IGS is incentivating institutions (data centers or data operators) to provide real time or near real time data –RTIGS
- This will also mark an important step towards global and unrestricted stream exchange.
- ✓As a consequence this will open a way to generate and disseminate real-time products like satellite orbits, clocks, atmosphere maps.



Modernization Plan

- Cooperation Project between IBGE / University of New Brunswick (UNB) / Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) / Agência Brasileira de Cooperação (ABC);
- ✓ Generate and provide real-time WADGPS corrections;
- Technology transfer from NRCan CDGPS (The Real-Time Canada Wide DGPS Service);
- Pilot Project: 6 stations (Santa Maria, Rio de Janeiro, Cuiabá, Fortaleza, Rio Branco, Belém) – transmitting data for computation of WADGPS corrections and send through Internet;
- Expected precision in horizontal component:
 - ✓ about 1 meter (95%) for single frequency users,
 - ✓ about 0,5 meter (95%) for double frequency users.
- ✓ <u>Schedule:</u> Installation of systems (RTAP and GPSC), evaluation and tests (2008) and operationalization (2009).



Modernization Plan - Equipment

✓ 2 servers HP - Itanium2 (Processing)

Configuration: Proc. 1.6 Ghz / 6 Mb-cache / 2 HD SCSI 73Gb 2Gb RAM

✓ 5 servers Opteron Dual Core (Data Base)

Configuration: Proc. 1.8 Ghz / 2 Mb-cache / 4 HD SATA 400Gb / 2Gb RAM

✓Time server (in acquisition)

✓ No break system for the Control Center



MACS Configuration for RBMC Real-Time Correction Service







Plans for modernizing RBMC functionality and new service to users

- Transfer 1-Hz real time data from stations to the Network Control Center, located in Rio de Janeiro
- Generate real-time WADGPS corrections (orbit, clocks and ionosphere)
- Make corrections available to users in Brazil (and surrounding areas) through Internet and/or communication satellite
- Offer accuracies of 1 meter (95%) horizontal to single-frequency users and 0.3 meter (95%) to dual-frequency users in real time and cm level for dual frequency post processing
- Collaborate with international organizations such as the IGS Real Time Working Group and IGS CB.



Partners

- ✓ **INCRA** acquisition of new receivers
- ✓ Observatório Nacional (ON) atomic clock at station ONRJ
- Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE) atomic clock at station CEEU
- The Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) for funding towards the modernization of the RBMC
- ✓ NRCan/GSD for technology transfer
- Several Brazilian agencies supporting the operation of the RBMC network



Final Remarks

- RBMC will continue working in post-mission mode since its establishment in 1997,
- Main geodetic framework in Brazil allowing users to precisely link surveys to SIRGAS2000,
- ✓ Provide real-time data to Brazilian users via internet NTRIP,
- Resulting structure will support real-time services, including WADGPS,
- Will provide a rapid and transparent connection of SIRGAS2000 to Brazilian users,
- Collaborate with international organizations such as the IGS Real Time Working Group and IGS CB.



Thank you very much for your attention.

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