

### *Global Positioning System (GPS) and its Applications*

#### United Nations/Croatia Workshop on the Applications of Global Navigation Satellite Systems

Baska, Krk Island, Croatia

#### April 2013

**U.S. Department of State** 

# GPS enables a diverse array of applications





Satellite







### Planned Global and Regional Space-Based Navigation Systems

- Global Constellations
  - GPS (24+3)
  - GLONASS (30)
  - Galileo (27+3)
  - Compass (27+3 IGSO + 5 GEO)
- Regional Constellations
  - QZSS (4+3)
  - IRNSS (11)

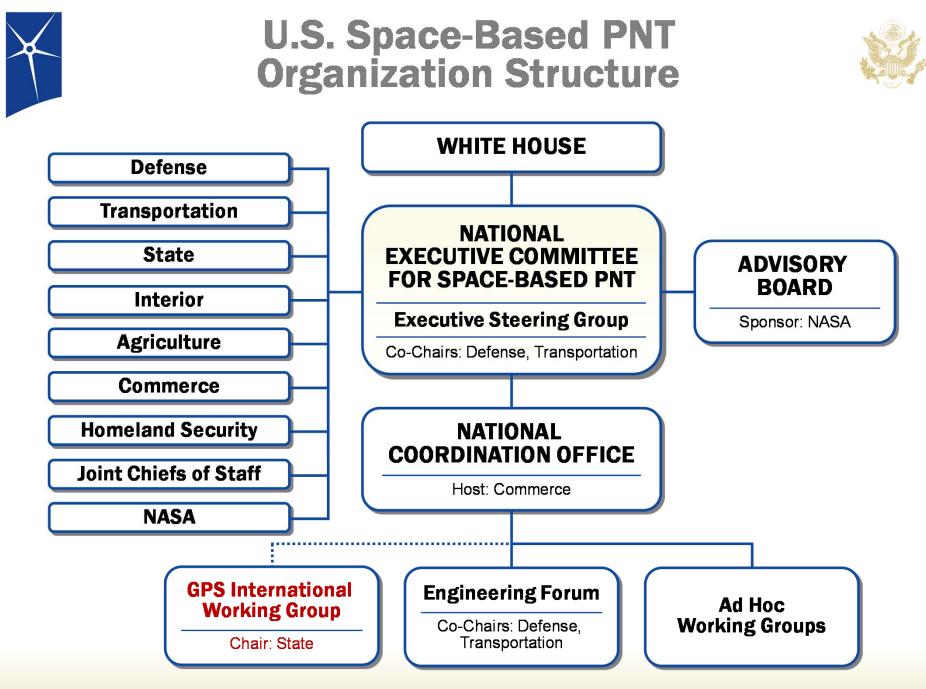
- Satellite-Based Augmentations
  - WAAS (3)
  - MSAS (2)
  - EGNOS (3)
  - GAGAN (2)
  - SDCM (3)



# 2010 U.S. National Space Policy

Space-Based PNT Guideline: Maintain leadership in the service, provision, and use of GNSS

- Provide civil GPS services, **free of direct user charges** 
  - Available on a continuous, worldwide basis
  - Maintain constellation consistent with published performance standards and interface specifications
  - Non-U.S. PNT services may be used to complement services from GPS
- Encourage global compatibility and interoperability with GPS
- Promote **transparency** in civil service provision
- Enable market access to industry
- Support international activities to detect and mitigate harmful interference



NATIONAL COORDINATION OFFICE FOR SPACE-BASED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION & TIMING



#### U.S. Objectives in Working with Other GNSS Service Providers

- Ensure **compatibility** ability of U.S. and non-U.S. space-based PNT services to be used separately or together without interfering with each individual service or signal
  - Radio frequency compatibility
  - Spectral separation between M-code and other signals
- Achieve **interoperability** ability of civil U.S. and non-U.S. space-based PNT services to be used together to provide the user better capabilities than would be achieved by relying solely on one service or signal
  - Primary focus on the common L1C and L5 signals
- Promote **fair competition** in the global marketplace

Pursue through Bilateral and Multilateral Cooperation

# International Committee on GNSS (ICG)

- Emerged from 3rd UN Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space July 1999
  - Promote the use of GNSS and its integration into infrastructures, particularly in developing countries
  - Encourage compatibility and interoperability among global and regional systems
- Members include:
  - GNSS Providers (U.S., EU, Russia, China, India, Japan)
  - Other Member States of the United Nations
  - International organizations/associations
- First meeting held November 2006 and then annually
- ICG-7 was held in Beijing in November 2012, and ICG-8 will take place in November 2013 in Dubai



#### **GPS Constellation Status**

#### 34 Satellites (31 Operational) (Baseline Constellation: 24+3)

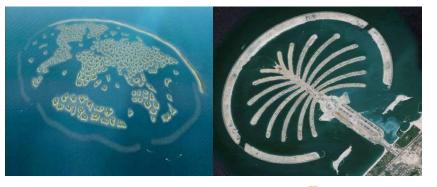
- 12 Block IIA
  - 3 on-orbit in residual status
- 12 Block IIR
- 7 Block IIR-M
  - Transmitting new second civil signal
- 3 Block IIF
  - Transmitting new second & third civil signals
- Global GPS civil service performance commitment met continuously since December 1993

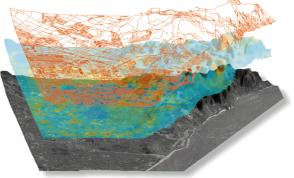




# Surveying, Mapping, GIS







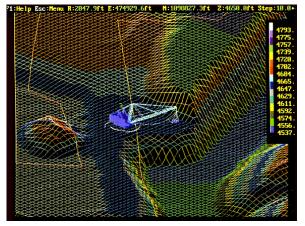
- Surveying is essential to any new development
  - Electrification
  - Telecom tower placement
  - Pipeline installation
  - Dam construction
  - Port dredging
  - GPS enables 2-5 cm realtime positioning accuracy
    - Mm-level accuracy possible with post-mission data processing
- 100%-300% savings in time, cost, labor
  - Stakeless, paperless surveys



# **Construction**, Mining

- Faster site preparation
- Enhanced management of assets, equipment
  - More efficient asset utilization
  - Less idling of workers, machinery
- Precise machine control
  - Up to 70% increased job site productivity
  - Saves time, fuel, and emissions
  - Reduces maintenance
  - Prevents accidents
- Automated, wireless job tasking
  - Smaller, more empowered workforce no foreman
  - Real-time progress tracked remotely







## **Environmental Stewardship**

- Climate monitoring
  - Sea level rise measurements
  - Ice sheet change observations
  - Atmospheric moisture profiles
- Reduced greenhouse gas emissions
  - Efficient routing of aircraft, trucks, and other vehicles
  - Reduction of vehicle fleet idle times
- Oil and chemical spill cleanup
  - Positioning, modeling of spills to guide remediation efforts
- Commercial fishing
  - Enforcement of fishery boundaries
- Forestry
  - Monitoring of illegal deforestation







- Safety Benefits in Aviation
  - Vertically guided approaches at more airports
  - Improved situational awareness for pilots
- Economic Benefits
  - Greater runway capability
  - Reduced separation standards which allow increased capacity in a given airspace without increased risk
  - More direct enroute flight paths reduced fuel use



## **Disaster Management**

- Assists in disaster planning efforts such as flood plain mapping
- Helps relief workers navigate disaster areas devoid of landmarks
- Facilitates containment and management of wildfires
- Enables disaster warning systems
  - GPS-equipped buoys for tsunami warnings
  - GPS ground networks monitor crustal motion, earthquakes





# New Applications Appear Every Day

GPS

- Mobile applications

   Location based services
- Localized GIS datasets
- Personal, pet safety
- GPS radio occultation
- Road use taxation



600 - 1000 km







# THANK YOU!