Using Location-Based Social Networks for Crowd Sourced Transportation Systems and Apps

Presentation for the United Nations/Croatia Workshop on the applications of Global Navigation Satellite Systems, 20 - 25 April 2013, Baska, Krk Island

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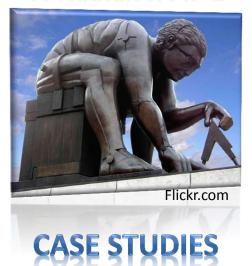


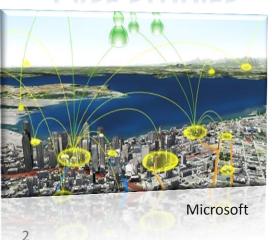
Yuval Ne'eman Workshop for Science, Technology and Security





Outline







discovery.com



iphonebuzz.com



RECOMMENDATIO



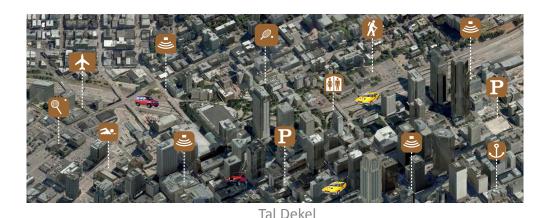
hackingtricks.blogspot.ccm

prosyn.net

Tal Dekel April 22, 2013

Location based Social Network (LSBN)

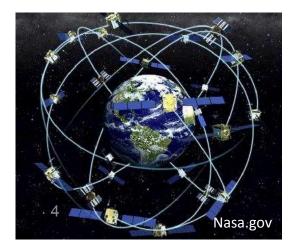
... A social structure made up of individuals connected by the interdependency derived from their locations in the physical world ... a given timestamp and the location history ... [and their] common interests, behavior, and activities



Mobile Crowdsensing Apps

"Mobile crowdsensing applications leverage consumer mobile devices (e.g., smart phones, GPS gadgets, and cars) to collect and share information about the user or the environment, either interactively or autonomously, towards a common goal."

Source: IBM









Motivation to develop LBSN

- Maximize existing infrastructure efficiency
- Maximize infrastructure utilization by relevant users
- Reduce congestion and pollution in crowded city centers
- Reduce loss of time and valuables (Money, fuel)
- Reduce uncertainty in decision making process (how to go, where to go, ETA, estimated cost)
- Mobile Crowd sensing as a disruptive innovation changing traditional concepts and market inefficiencies

Israel is Start-Up Nation

#1 in the world R&D as % of GDP

in the world

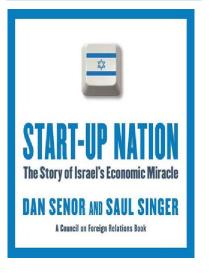
Nasdaq-listed companies (outside of North America)

#1
in the world
VC investment per capita

#1
in the world
Engineers per capita

~ 4% yearly economic growth

A+
credit rating



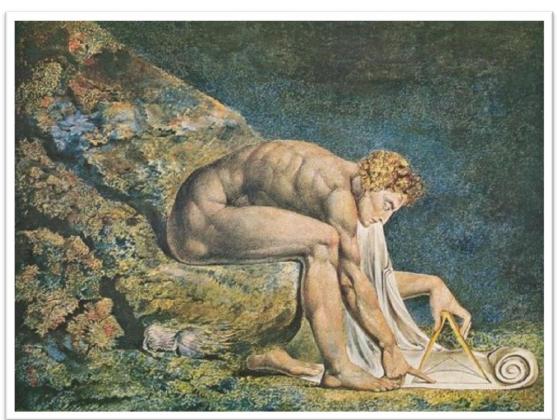
Source: www.TerraVP.com

Current Work

- Social Networks Applications (SNA) are a new phenomenon that changes the way people take daily decision.
- LBSN are used for various applications: social navigation, parking discovery, geo-social consuming, etc.
- We witness a global success of Israeli sourced GNSS based SNA with increased traction
- What is the LBS vision according to Israeli start-ups?

"If I have seen further it is by standing on the shoulders of giants"

-Sir Isaac Newton





William Blake, Newton, 1795
Source: http://blog.julianlass.com

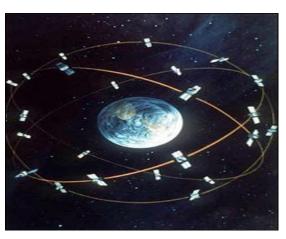
Augmented Reality in NYC, 2011
Source: http://www.gizchinailcom 2013

Enabler 1 - GNSS

- GPS IOC in 1993, Removal of Selective Availability in 2000
- GLONASS announced IOC on GNSS meeting December 2011
- Areas covered with up to 4 systems
- Price, size and power consumption decreasing dramatically

"Global shipments of GNSS-enabled mobile phones are expected to reach 1 billion in 2020. This is driven by increasing attractiveness and affordability of devices ..."

(The Space Report 2011)













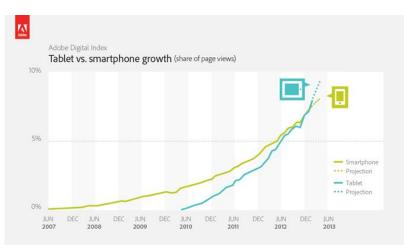


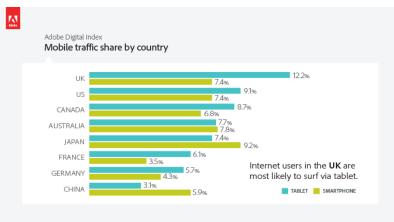
Enabler 2 – Internet

- Began in 1960s with rapid acceleration in 1990s
- Services less than "15 years old": Email, search, Wikipedia, social networks, e-payments, blogging and more
- Major growth in accessibility due to the mobility and network availability

"global websites are now getting more traffic from tablets than smartphones, 8% and 7% of monthly page views respectively."

(Adobe digital index 2011)





Source:adobe.com

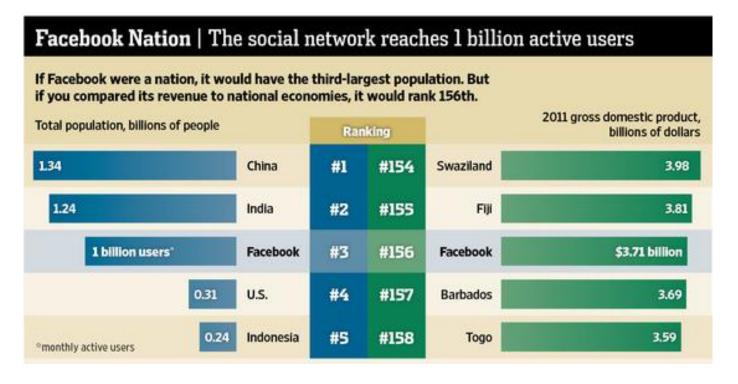
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Enabler 3 – Social Networks



Enabler 3 – Social Networks

Increase the speed and reach at which a community can communicate, coordinate, mobilize and use resources



Source: wall street Journal

Benefits of Social Networks

- Interactivity Users can interact and disseminate information in one-to-many and many-to-many forms
- Selective distribution information is spread using relevant criteria
- Measurability online actions of users can be measured
- Documented history actions online can be stored for past analysis.
- Relevancy request analysis improves the understanding of user needs and personalizes the service and offered.

Enabler 4 – Smartphones and applications

- Global shipment of Smartphones reached 1 billion devices representing 25% of total devices
- Devices become faster and stronger in respect of computing power, batteries and display
- High relevance to mobility and GNSS based apps (mapping and navigation requirements

Apps dominating the mobile communications sphere while usage of standard phone calls and text messages gradually diminish

(source: arabiangazette)







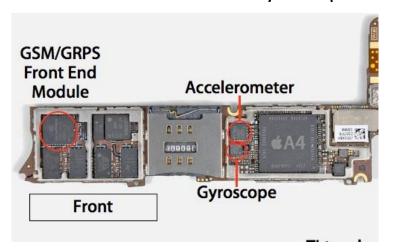
15 Tal Dekel Source: ITU

Active sensors in smartphones

Proximity Sensor

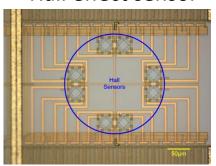


Accelerometer and Gyroscope





Hall effect sensor



Camera and flash



Microphone for noise



Ambient light detector

Apps for iPhone 5

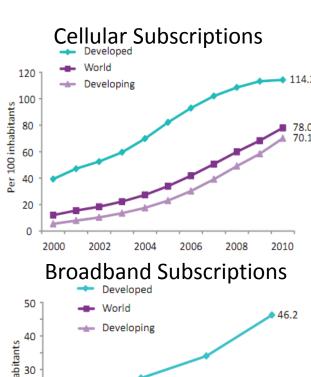


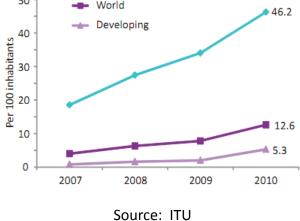
Enabler 5 - Wide BW Mobile Networks

- Latest developments had made various mobile networks with higher BW available
- Growth in global subscription rate for cellular (114 sub. Per 100 inhabitants)
- Growth in wide BW subscription
- First experiment in social Wi-Fi









April 24, 2013

Timeline of Major Technology

Hotmail

Facebook Twitter 1998 1996 2003 2006 PayPall Social hotmail **Networks** Wikipedia YouTube 2001 2005 **Arpanet** You Tube 1967 **Email** Google Internet Internet 1966 1997 1995 Google 1990 1960 2000

GNSS

Satellite **Triangulation** 1970



GPS / **GLONASS** IOC 1993



1992

Palm Pilot 1996

1997



PayPal

GLONASS renewal GPS s/a 2001



WIMAX

2001

2000



iPhone iOS4 2007 April 2009



2012

Mobile & Cellular

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Timeline of Major Technology – focus on the last 2 years

Social Networks

Internet

GNSS

facebook.

600M -> 1B Users Jan 2012-> Oct 2012)



20M users 2B check ins Q1 2012 30M users Q4 2012



25K+ active contributors/month Q1 2012





36M users 65K active contributors Q4 2012

20% of internet surfing Sourced from Smartphones and tablets

.

2011



GLONASS IOC 2011



GLONASS accuracy<2.8m 2012



MEDIATEK



Baidu IOC over AP 5 in 1 GNSS chip GIOVE-A
Dec 2012 2013 High altitude fix









2012

Quad Core Tal Galaxy S3



Octa Core Galaxy S4



ZTE U956 Quad Core For 240\$



ZTE Blade 3.5 w/ A-GPS for \$140

Case study A – Waze

crowd-sourced traffic and navigation app.

The Need: Get fastest navigation rout to destination based on real time information

Social features: passive speed& location contribution, alerts, ride update, pick me up and more is coming

When drivers work together the road ahead gets a little brighter

(source: Waze)



Waze -traction





Waze won the Best overall mobile app.

Preferred over Dropbox file hosting service, Flipboard news application, Sky Sports F1 and the Square electronic payment service.

Case study B – Moovit

crowd-sourced public-transportation information system

The need: get fastest relevant public transportation rout

The environment:

7B people in the world only 900M cars; in NY people commute 12.5 days and 1.5 days delayed per year



Public transportation as percent of motorized trips

Tal Dekel Source: Publictransportation. Orgil 22, 2013

Case study B – Moovit

The solution: Multilayered real-time information system based on PT agencies data and crowd sourced information based on passive contribution of users

Benefit: accurate ETA

Social features: passive location

contribution, bus occupancy



Case study B - Moovit

crowd-sourced public transportation information system

Traction: 31 countries

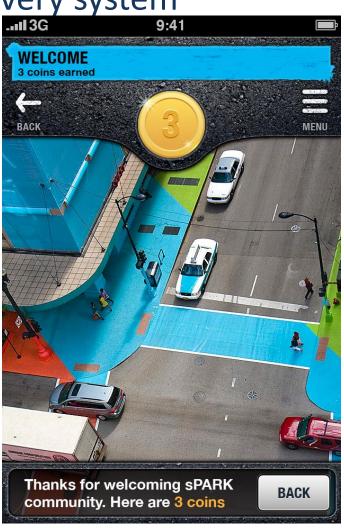
1M downloads (Q1 2013)



Case study C - sPARK

Crowd sourced parking discovery system

- The need: drivers lack the ability to navigate toward an urban destination while taking optimal parking decision
- Market: Drivers in crowded cities
- Solution: Platform and app. That enables best route to closest cheapest parking
- Benefit: reduced congestion, pollution; reduce time loss and frustration, maximizes use of resource in shortage
- Social features: passive contribution, share a spot, double hitch hike
- Traction: N/A



Source: sPARK April 22, 2013

Case study D – Get Taxi

Virtual taxi station

- Need: inefficient service of offline taxi stations
- Market: \$31B global spending
- LBS features: closest taxi, fastest route, immediate feedback, lost baggage, mPayment





Source: Get Taxi

Effective use of infrastructure

Run-in time between passengers

KM ORDINARY TAXIS

1 KM GETTAXI DRIVERS

Case study D- Get Taxi

1 GETTAXI RIDE EVERY SECOND



\$30 MILLION in funding

170
EMPLOYEES
full-time equivalents

1,500+
ENTERPRISE CLIENTS
around the globe

6,000+

TAXIS RUNNING
on GetTaxi technology

1,000,000

DOWNLOADS
for mobile devices

20 CITIES in four different countries



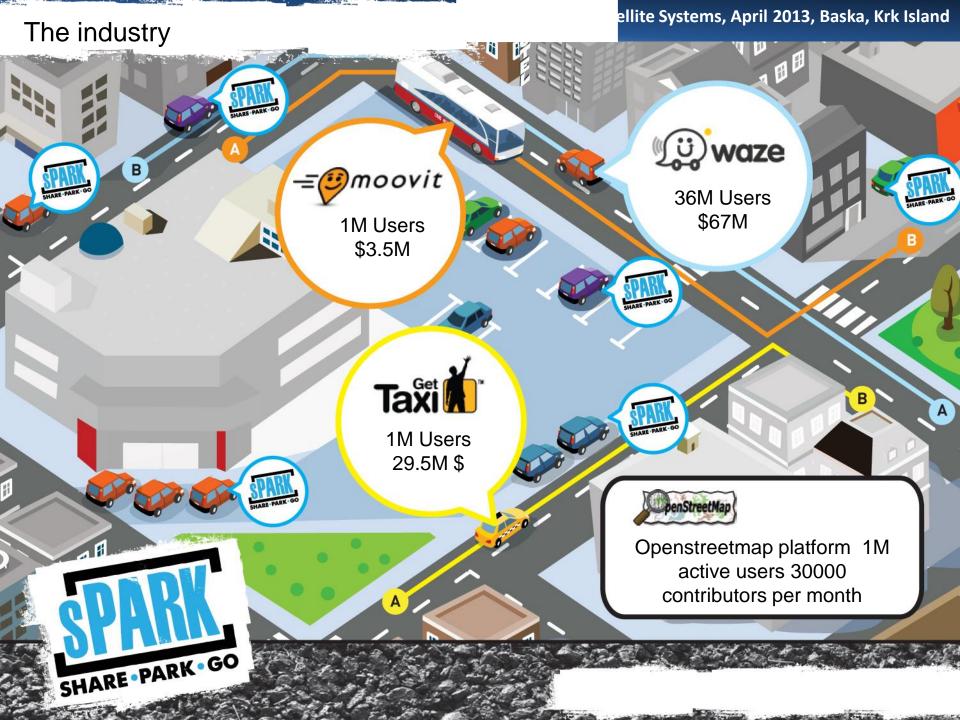
Case study E – iOnRoad

- The need: real time alerts on driving
- Market: 900M cars and drivers
- Solution: User app. Based on GPS combined with advanced Image processing features of built-in camera, accelerometer and gyroscope
- Benefit: real-time feedback on driver behavior enables pre accident reaction
- Social features: share your driving behavior (Car owner, insurance)
- Traction: 1M downloads
- Company was sold to Harman for amount estimated at \$10M





Source: Ion road



Case study F – fuel Monitor

- The need: real time evaluation tool for driving efficiency
- Market: 900M cars and drivers
- Solution: User app. Based on GPS tracker with real-time car specific lookup table
- Benefit: real-time feedback on driver behavior enables fuel consumption reduction
- Social features: share your journey data
- Traction: 100K users globally





Source: fuel monitor

Case study G – Waybetter

Share Taxi ride platform

- The need: Private taxi drive is relatively expensive while most drives takes only a single passenger
- Market: 22K licensed taxis (LNDN)
- Solution: shared rides platform and app.
- Benefit: Cost Reduction of 30-60%
- Social features: share your journey
- Traction: N/A





Source: WAYbetter

Case study H – Buzzjurney

Share Taxi ride platform

- The opportunity:1.3 people in every commuters car. Meaning, there are 3 empty seats in every car.
- Market: 154M Daily commuters. who travel 1.5B Km annually
- Solution: Platform and app. That enables location based drive sharing
- Benefit: reduced congestion & pollution; reduce commute cost
- Social features: share your journey with the community





Source: Buzzjurney

Important notes

- All apps presented are free for users thus enable anyone with smartphone to become a user.
- "when the product is free, you are the product" so users must contribute something usually privacy, passive or active feedback or "face time" for targeted commercial content.

Challenges

- Receive initial traction in order to establish minimal valuable service (chicken-egg problem)
- Monetization of the social networks
- Privacy issues are concern by regulators users and commercial entities (Apple, Google, Microsoft etc.)
- Gapping the digital divide

Recommendations

- Application development level
 - Support entrepreneurs by providing initial data
 - Prizes and contests
 - Approach app developers with global traction
- Increase Awareness Programs
 - Provide citizen with info. on social apps trough conventions, media, blogs and portals
 - Train government authorities and decision makers to learn public behavior through social apps

Recommendations

- R&D for knowledge gaps
 - Deepen crowd sensing R&D
 - Promote local research on Information flow and user behavior
- Government Initiatives and International Agreements
 - Constructive and proactive dialog with major social network companies
 - Improve network availability and promote use of smartphones
 - Encourage innovation by seed funding

Summary

- LBSN are changing the way we consume transportation related services
- LBSN receive growing traction by users but we are still at the beginning phase.
- Technology development lowers the barriers for user adoption.
- Israel became an industry leader in LBSN and location based apps.
- User adoption will result in reduced resource consumption and greater infrastructure efficiency















Using Location-based Social Media for Crowd Sourced Transportation Systems and apps.

Thank You!

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