NSF SPACE WEATHER RESEARCH PROGRAM: RESEARCH TO OPERATION

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NSF's Role in Research Efforts

• NSF is the only U.S. federal agency with a mission to support all fields of fundamental science and engineering, except medical sciences

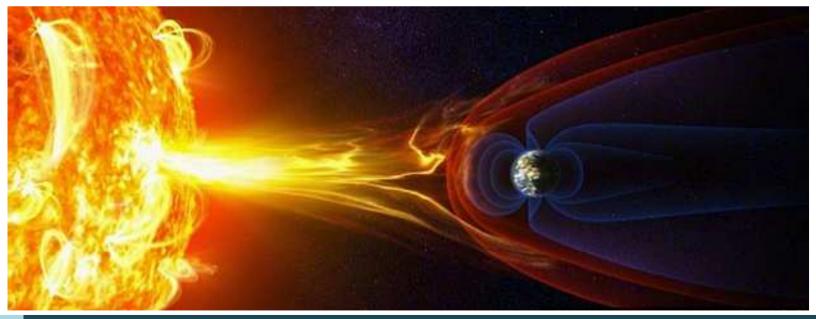


- NSF, unlike many other federal agencies, does not hire researchers or directly operate its own laboratories or similar facilities.
- NSF supports scientists, engineers, and educators through their home institutions
- NSF's mission is to advance science frontiers, provide funding to support research endeavors, and create educational and training opportunities for next generation scientists and engineers



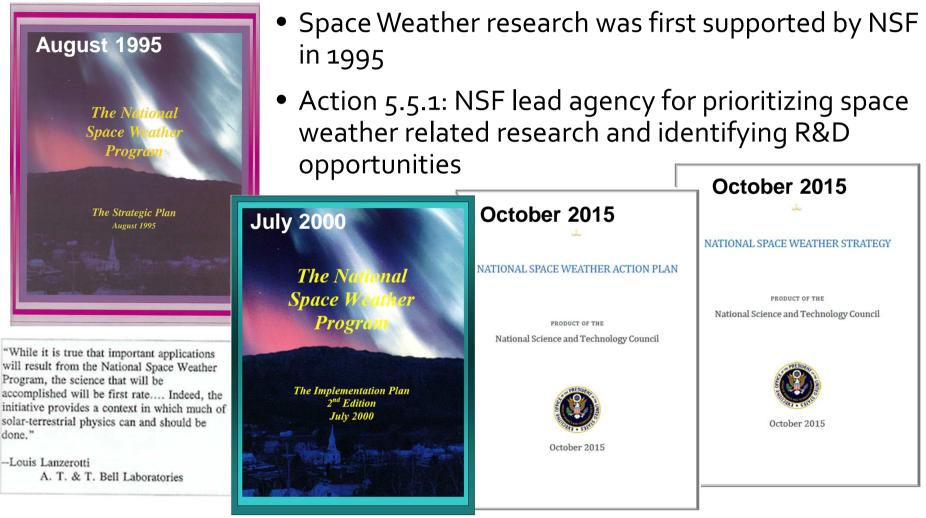
Space Weather

- Space Weather refers to conditions in space that can influence the performance and reliability of space-borne and groundbased technological systems and can pose risk to human health
- Preparing for space weather requires a strong commitment to:
 - basic research, development of predictive models, advancement of stateof-the-art instruments, creative experiments exploiting space- and groundbased sensors



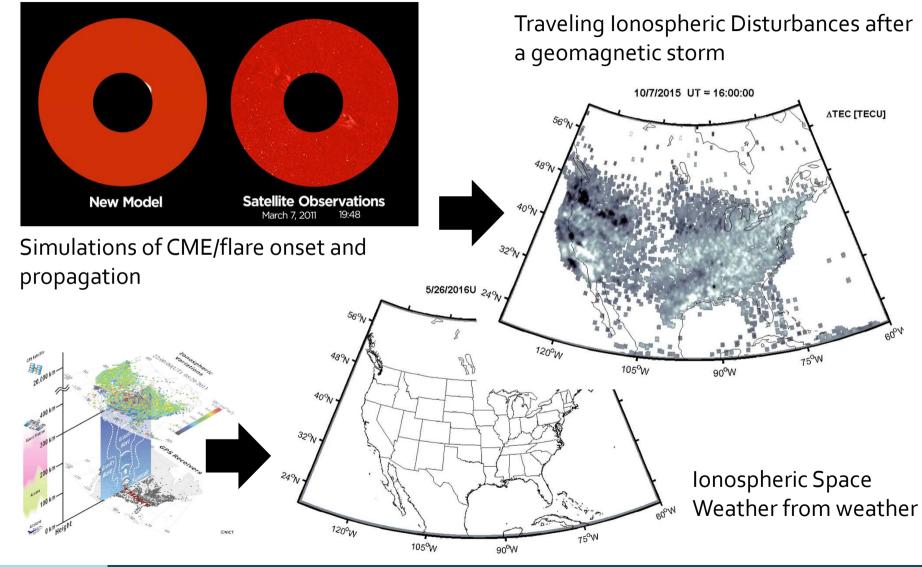


NSF Contributions to the National Space Weather Plan





Space Weather is Multi-Domain and Multi-Scale

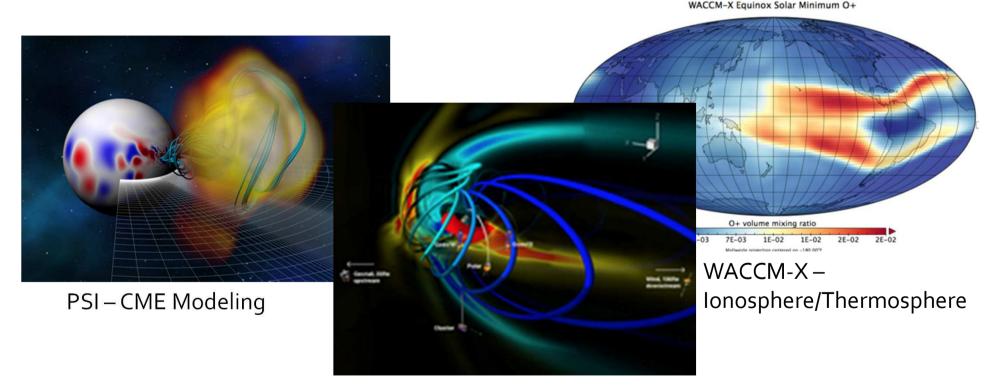


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Space Weather Modeling

- Support for numerical modeling of the complete Sun-to-Earth chain
- Many of the NSF-funded 'research' models now transitioned to CCMC for community use and to NOAA SWPC for operational support
- Continue support for capability building for Space Weather prediction



SWMF – Geospace Model



Space Weather Observations

http://dkist.nso.edu/

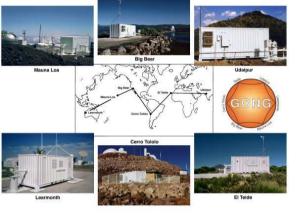
MLSO/HAO/KCOR K—Coronagraph



Super DARN Super Dual Auroral Radar Network

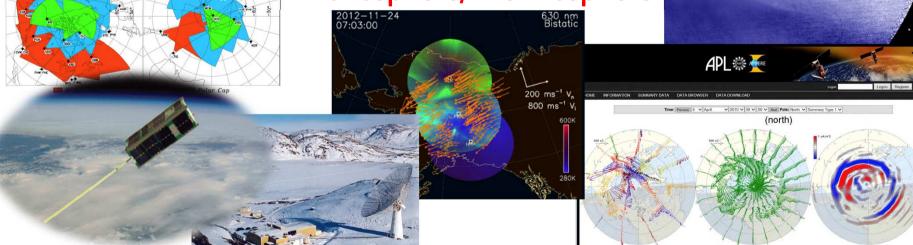
Southern Hemisphere

Northern Hemisphere



• Sun

- Magnetosphere
- Ionosphere/Thermosphere



1. Azeem

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15 Jan 2016 19:12:14 UT



NSF CubeSat Missions

14 missions to date

20 CubeSats

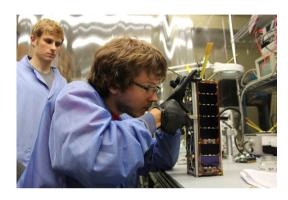






CADRE and MINXSS Released May 2016

RAX – Auroral Turbulence





An International Network of Double and Triple CubeSats

in a string-of-pearls configuration for multi-point, in-situ, long-duration exploration of the lower thermosphere (200-380 km), for re-entry research and for in-orbit demonstration of technologies and miniaturised sensors.



QBUS MICHIGAN Stanford



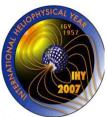
University of Colorado

University

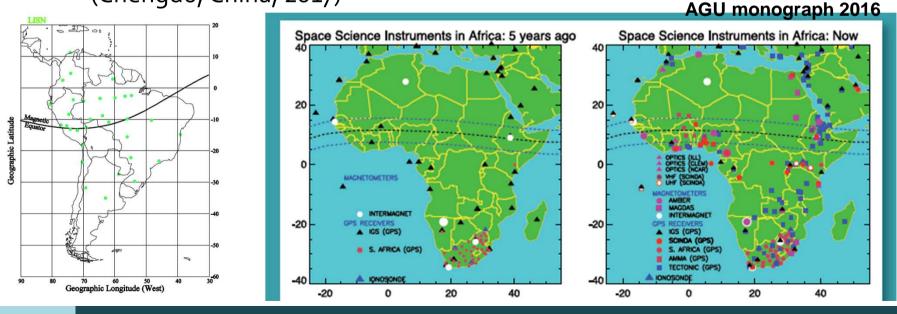
Boulder

- US QB50 Consortium
 - >Four Universities
 - >ITM science expertise
 - > Over 100 students involved





- Support international travel and scientific collaborations through science grants
- International workshops on Space Weather
 - > International Heliophysical Year (IHY) (Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, 2007)
 - AGU Chapman conference for Earth & Space sciences (Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, 2012)
 - AGU Chapman conference on Dayside Magnetosphere Interactions (Chengdu, China, 2017)



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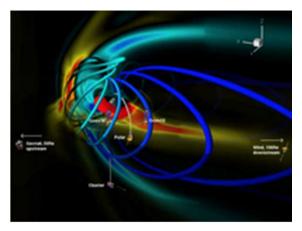


Advancing Fundamental Knowledge

Tackling the key science questions Improved Sun to Understanding

Better observations processes $t = 90 (R_{\odot}/V_{AO})$

Earth models



- Space Weather is a global concern
- NSF recognizes that R2O-O2R is important for Space Weather preparedness
- Fundamental understanding of Space Weather processes is critical for improving predictive capabilities
- NSF is committed to supporting cutting-edge research that will enable the global community to become Space Weather Ready