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TomoScand

Ionospheric imaging

26.10.2023 **Johannes Norberg**



Contents

- Ionospheric electron density measurements
- Ionospheric imaging with TomoScand
- Recent developments



Ionospheric electron density measurements

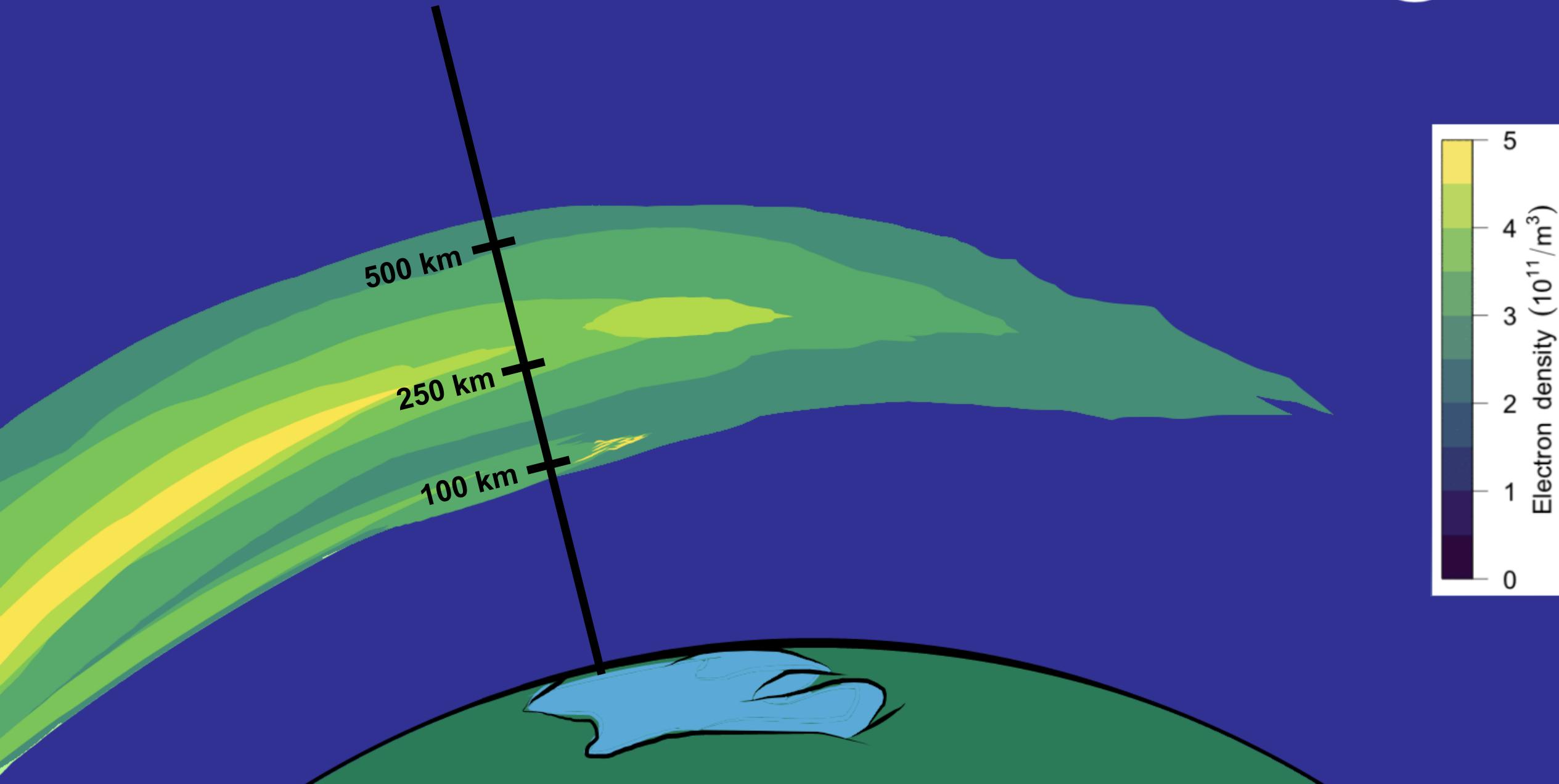


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Ionosphere



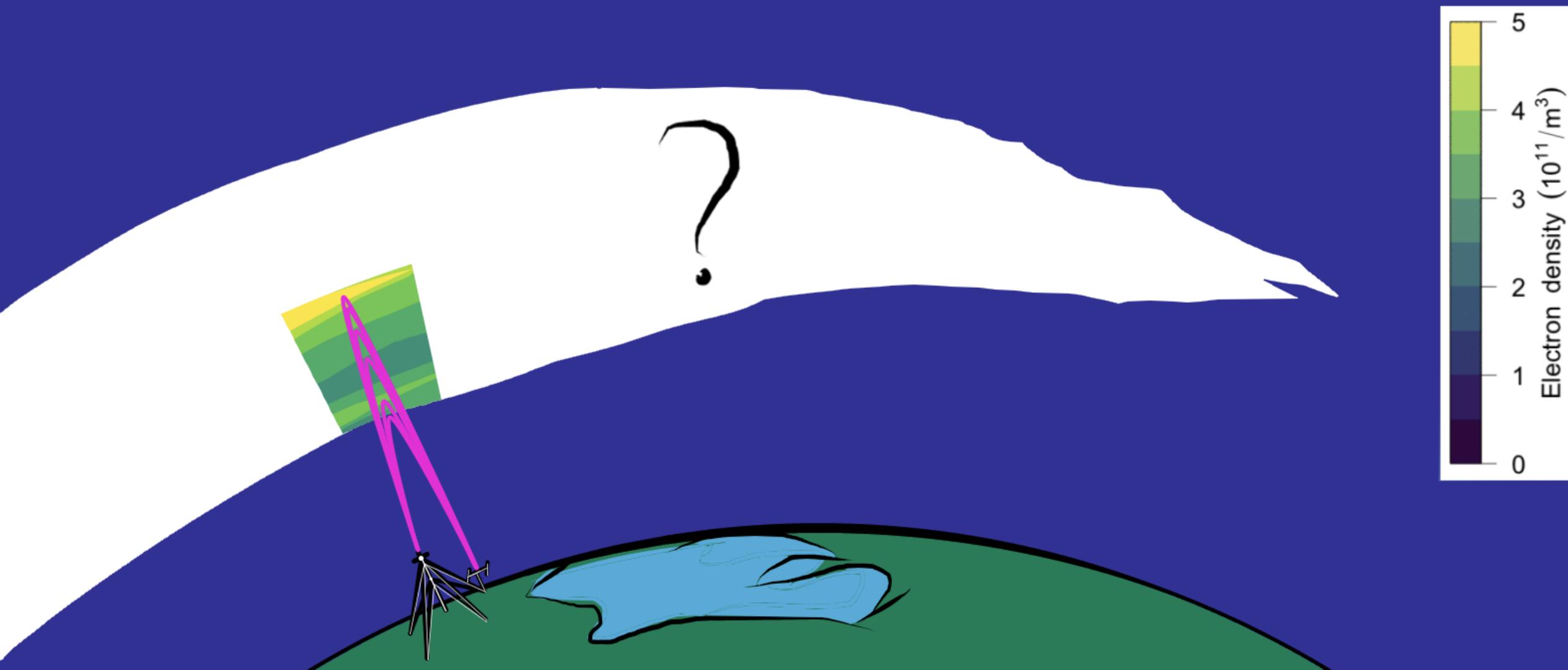
FMI



Ionosonde measurements



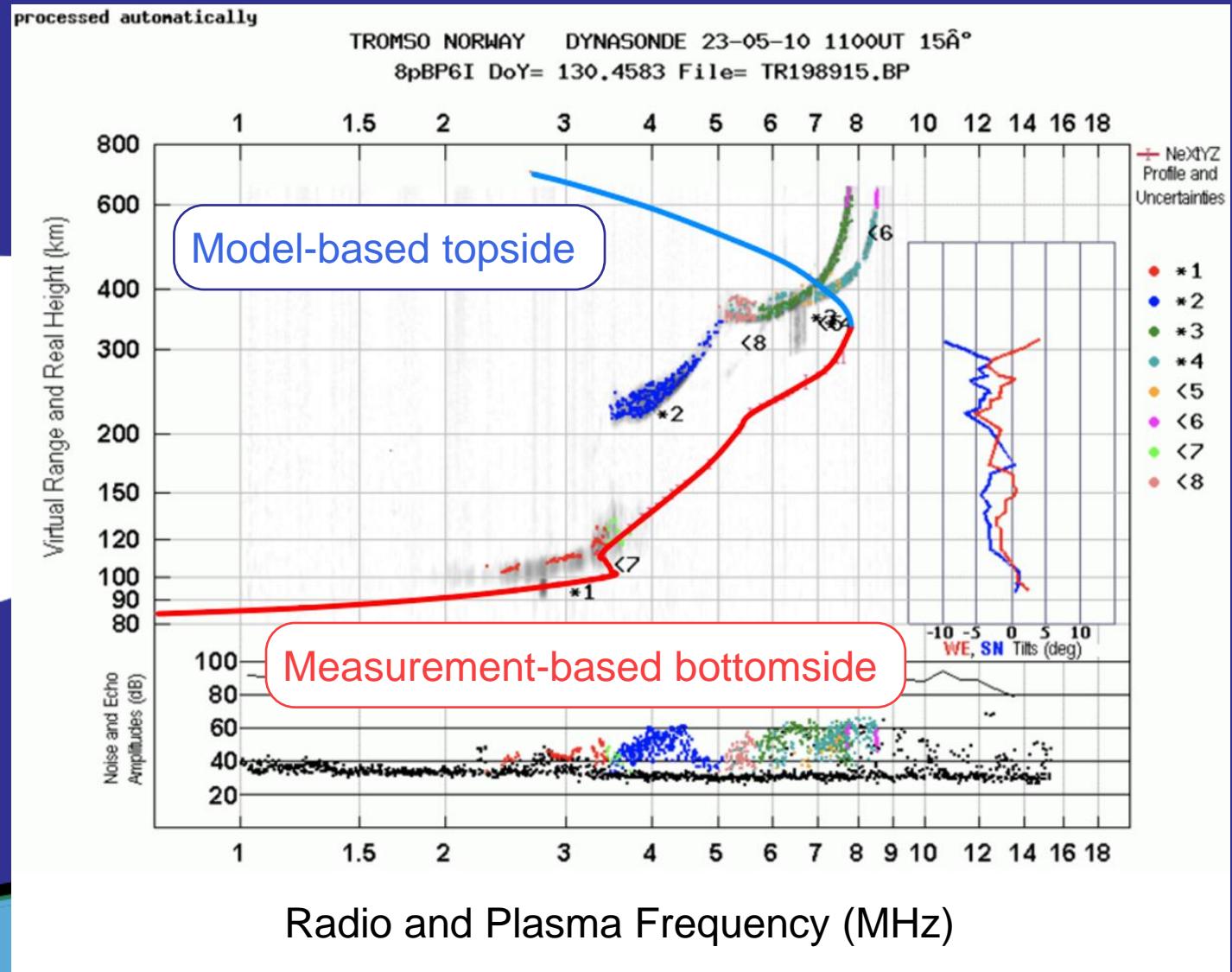
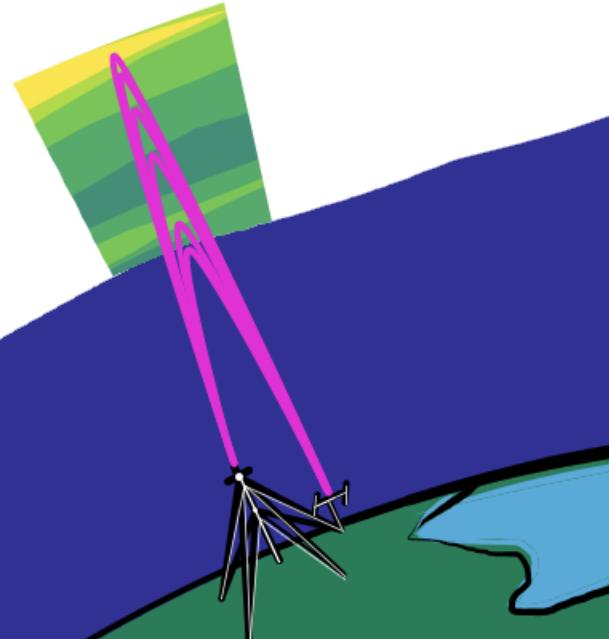
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Ionosonde measurements



FMI



Incoherent scatter radar measurements



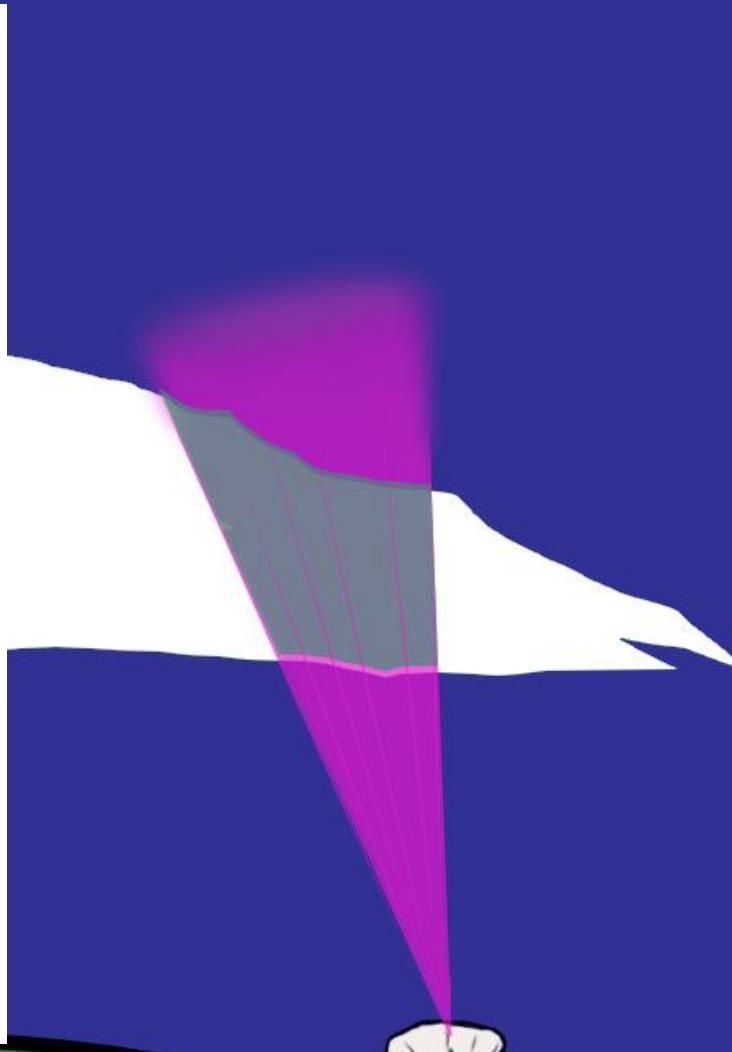
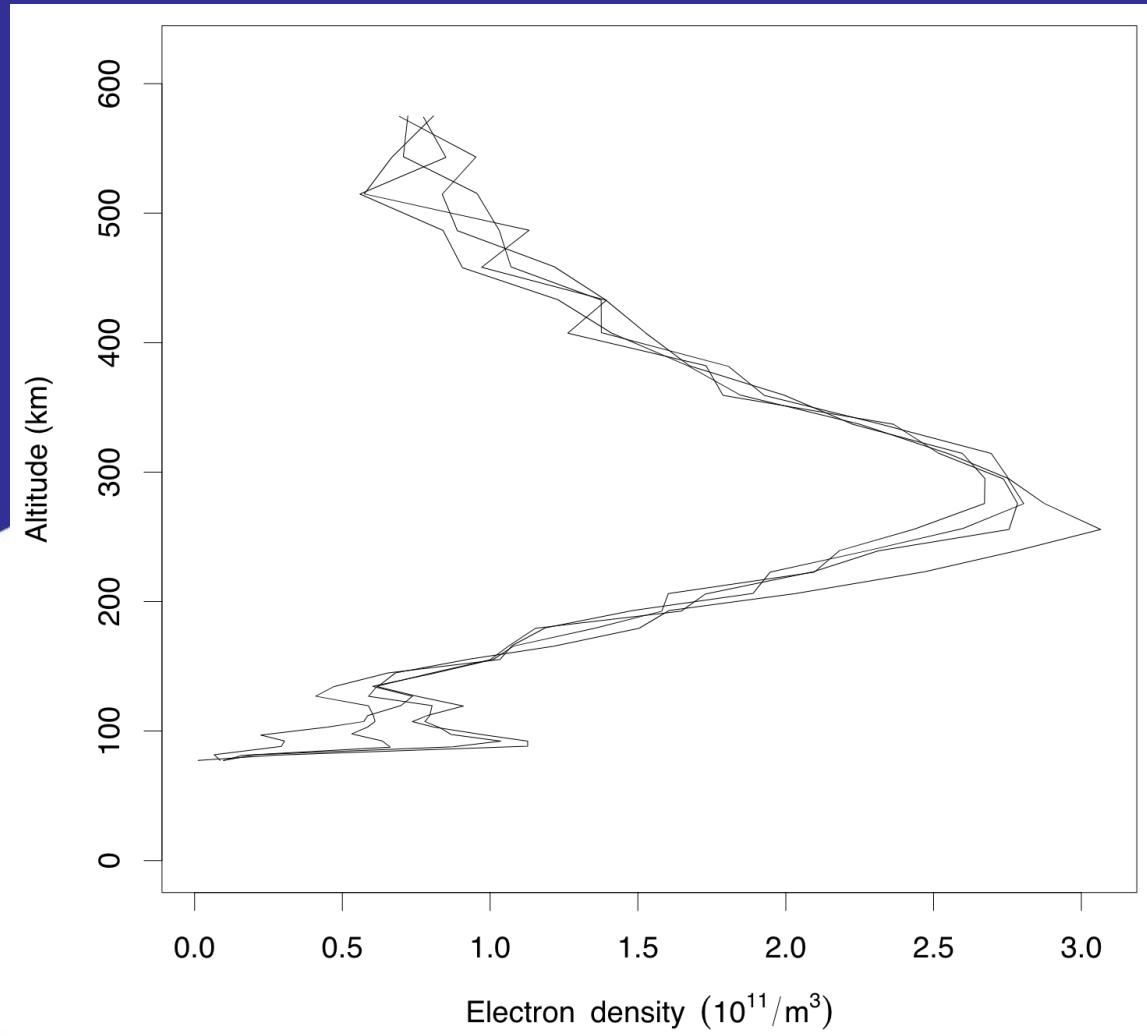
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Incoherent scatter radar measurements



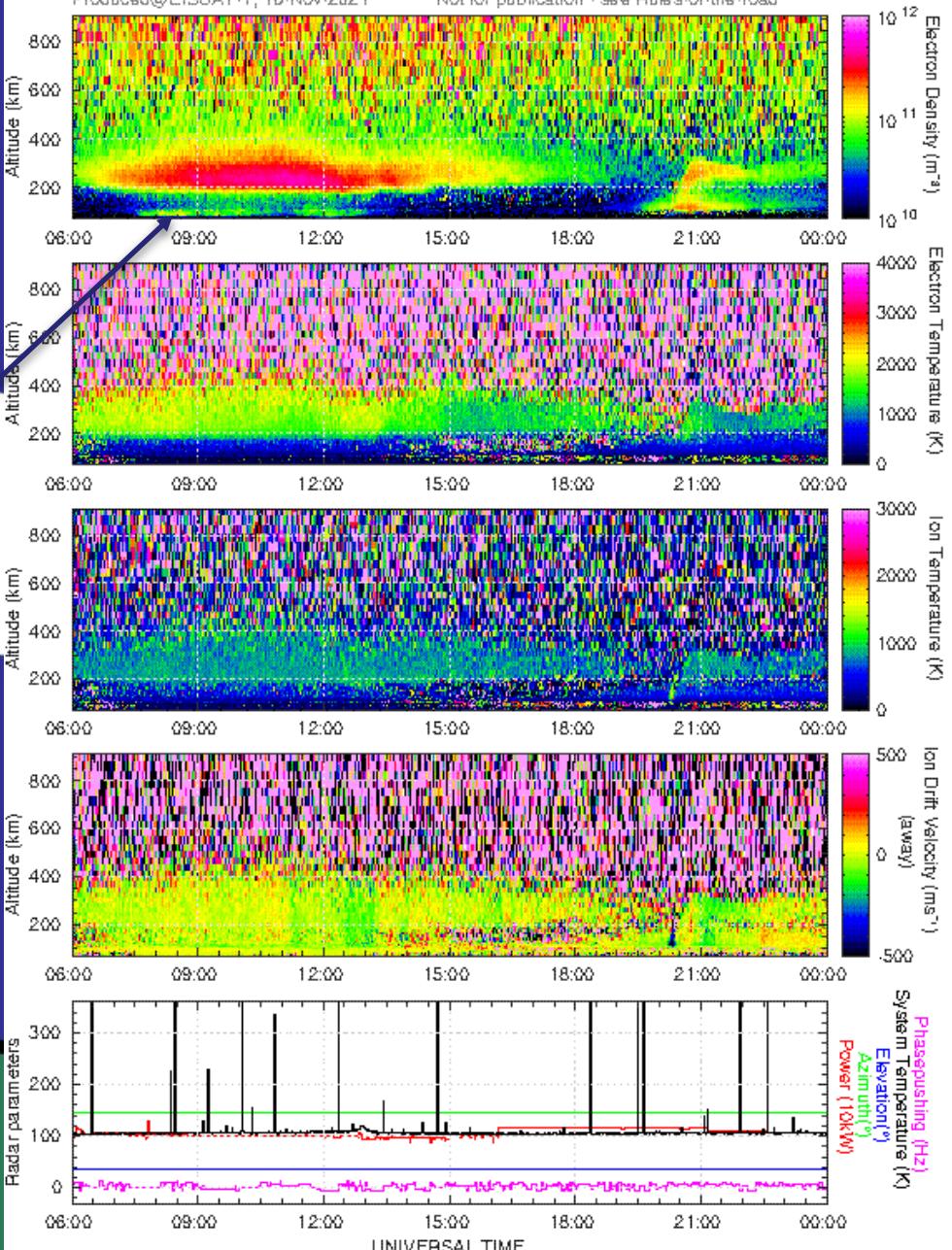
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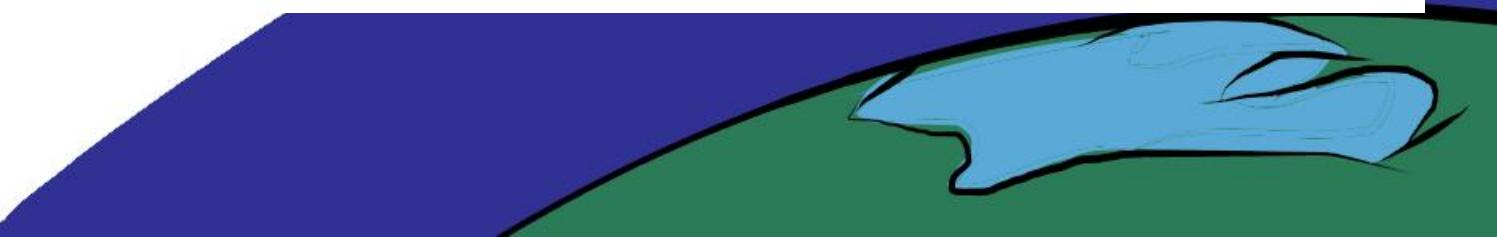
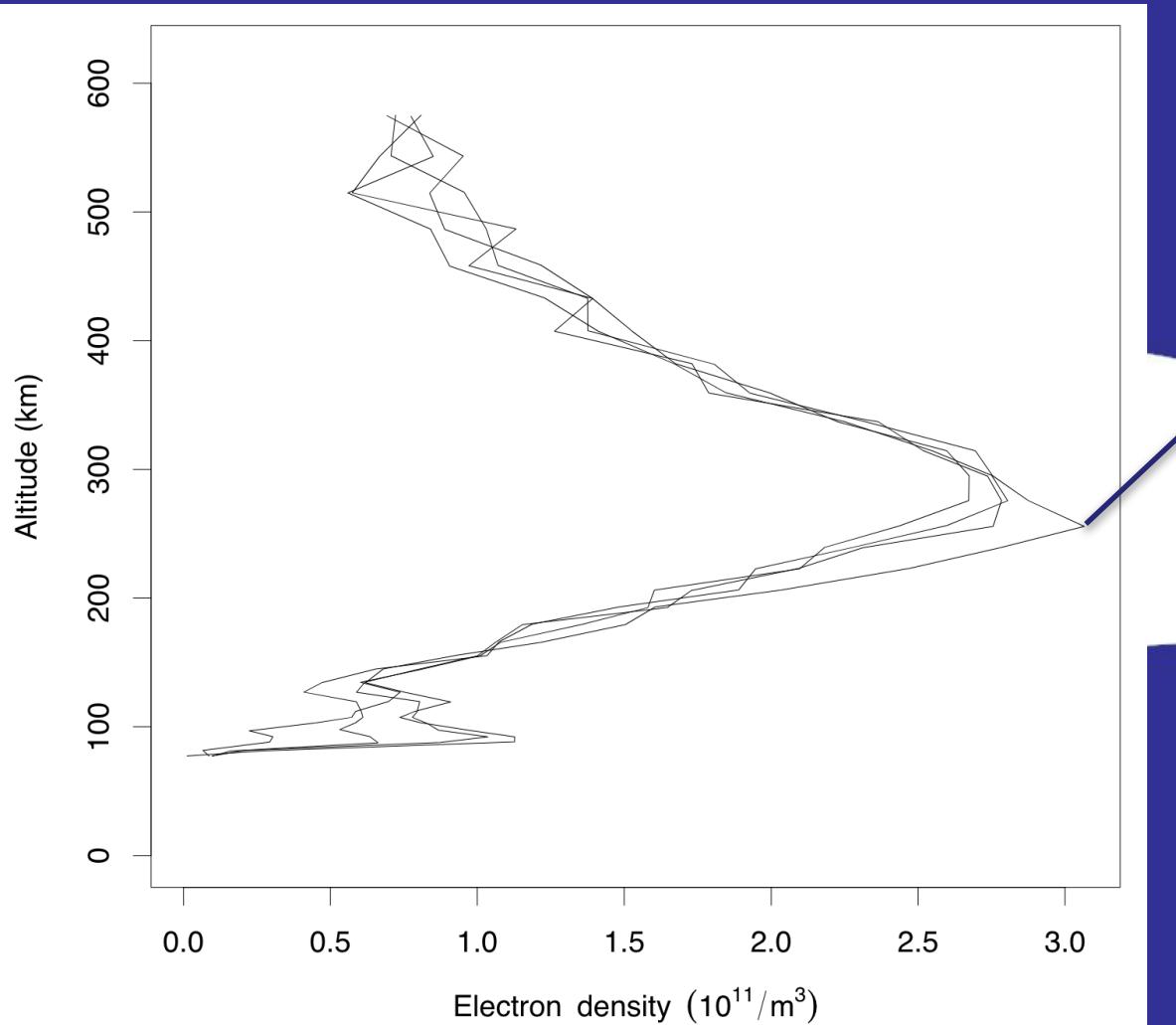


Produced@EISCAT-T, 16-Nov-2021

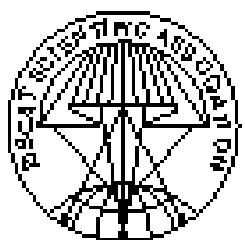
Not for publication - see Rules-of-the-road



Incoherent scatter radar measurements



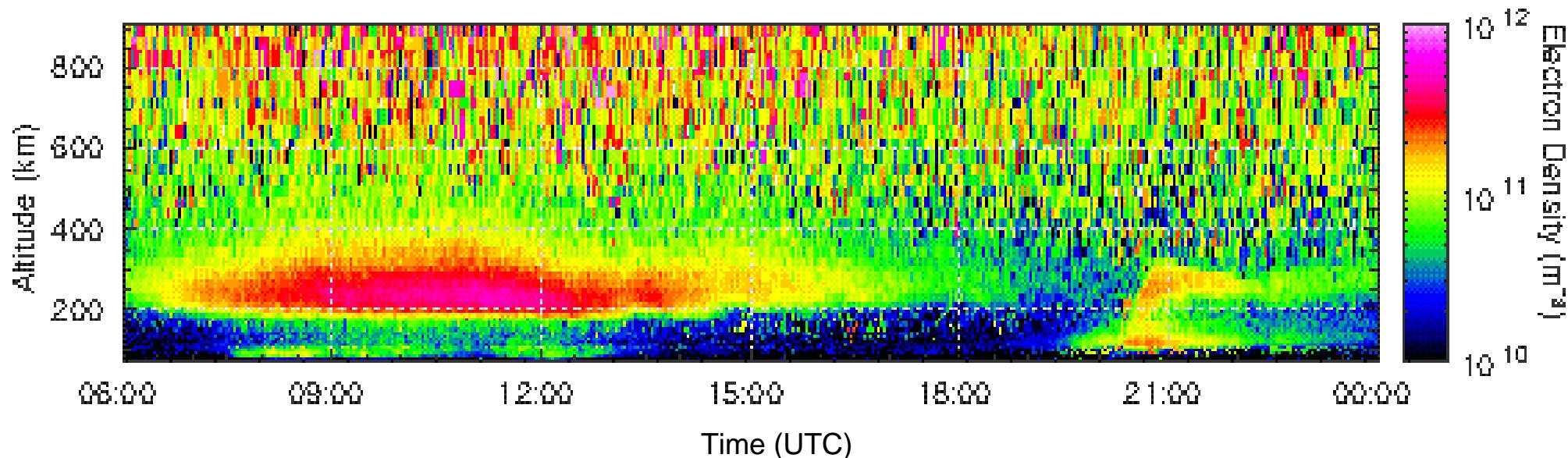
Incoherent scatter radar measurements



EISCAT Scientific Association

EISCAT UHF RADAR

SP, uhf, bella, 10 November 2021

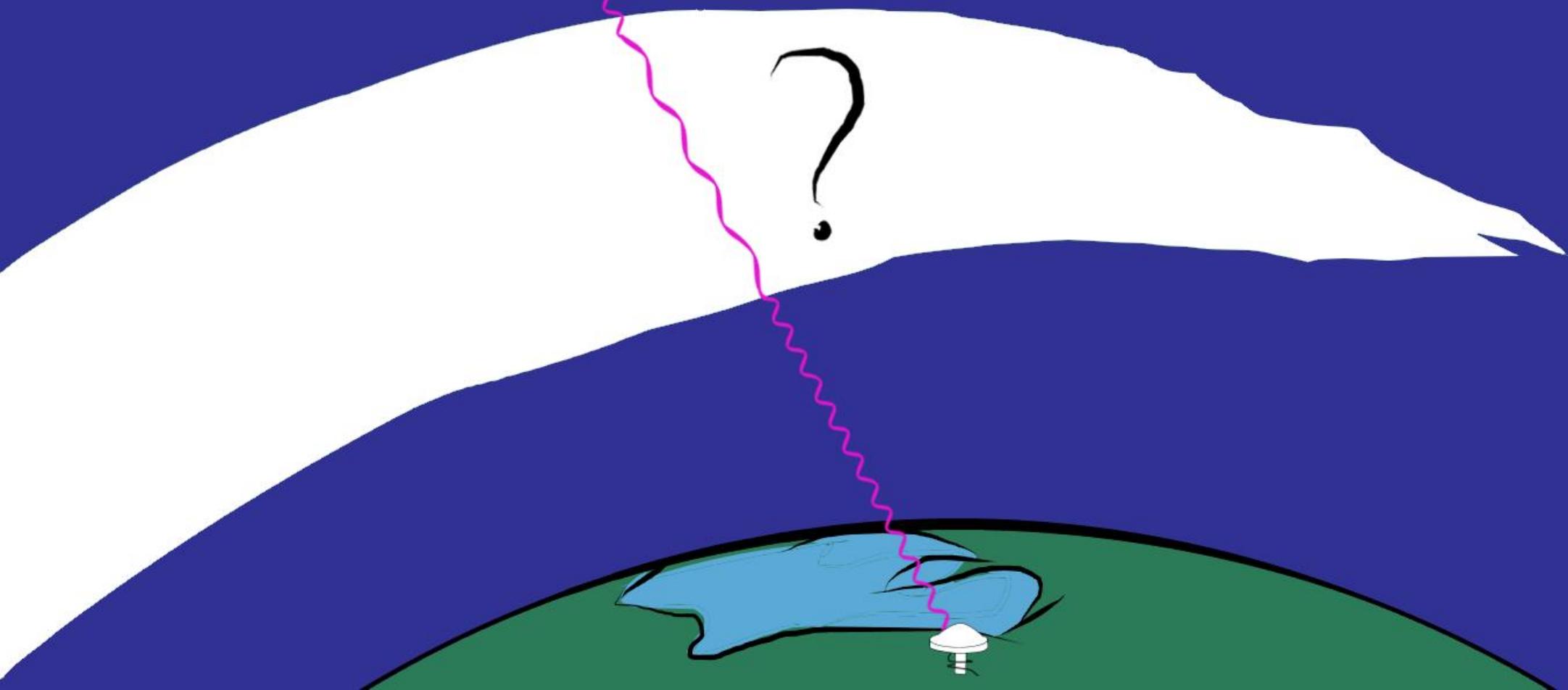




GNSS measurements



FMI





GNSS measurements



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Satellite clock offset (up to hundreds of km)

Relativistic clock correction <13 m

Satellite instrumental delays ~m

Geometric range ~20 000 km

Ionospheric delay 2-50 m

Tropospheric delay 2-20 m

Receiver clock offset <300 km

Receiver instrumental delay ~m



(Navipedia)



GNSS measurements



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Satellite clock offset (up to hundreds of km)

Relativistic clock correction <13 m

Satellite instrumental delays ~m

Geometric range ~20 000 km

Depends on the signal frequency

Ionospheric delay 2-50 m

Tropospheric delay 2-20 m

Receiver clock offset <300 km

Receiver instrumental delay ~m



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Slant total electron content (TECU $10^{16}/m^2$)

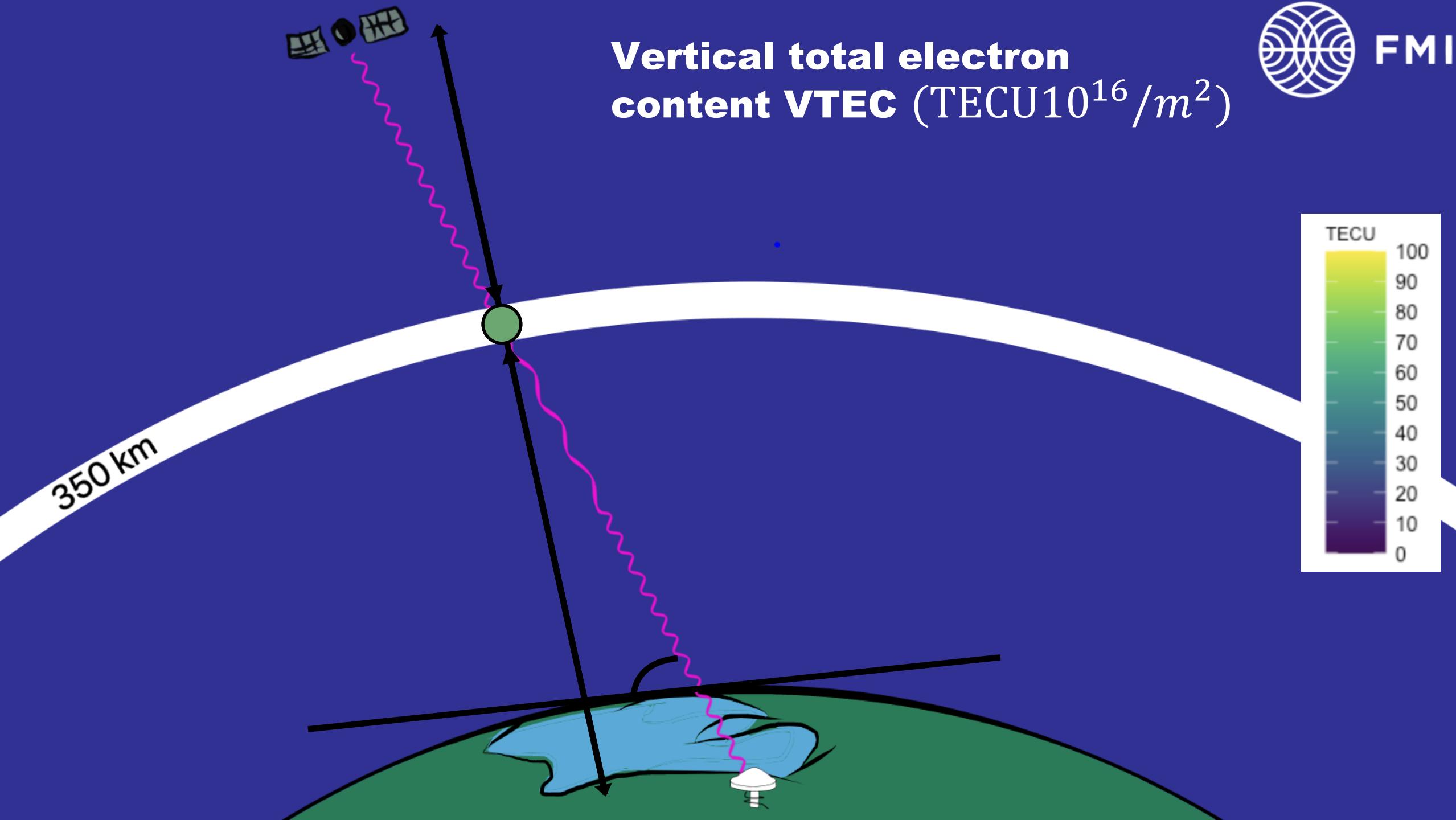
$$TEC = \int_L Ne(z)dz$$





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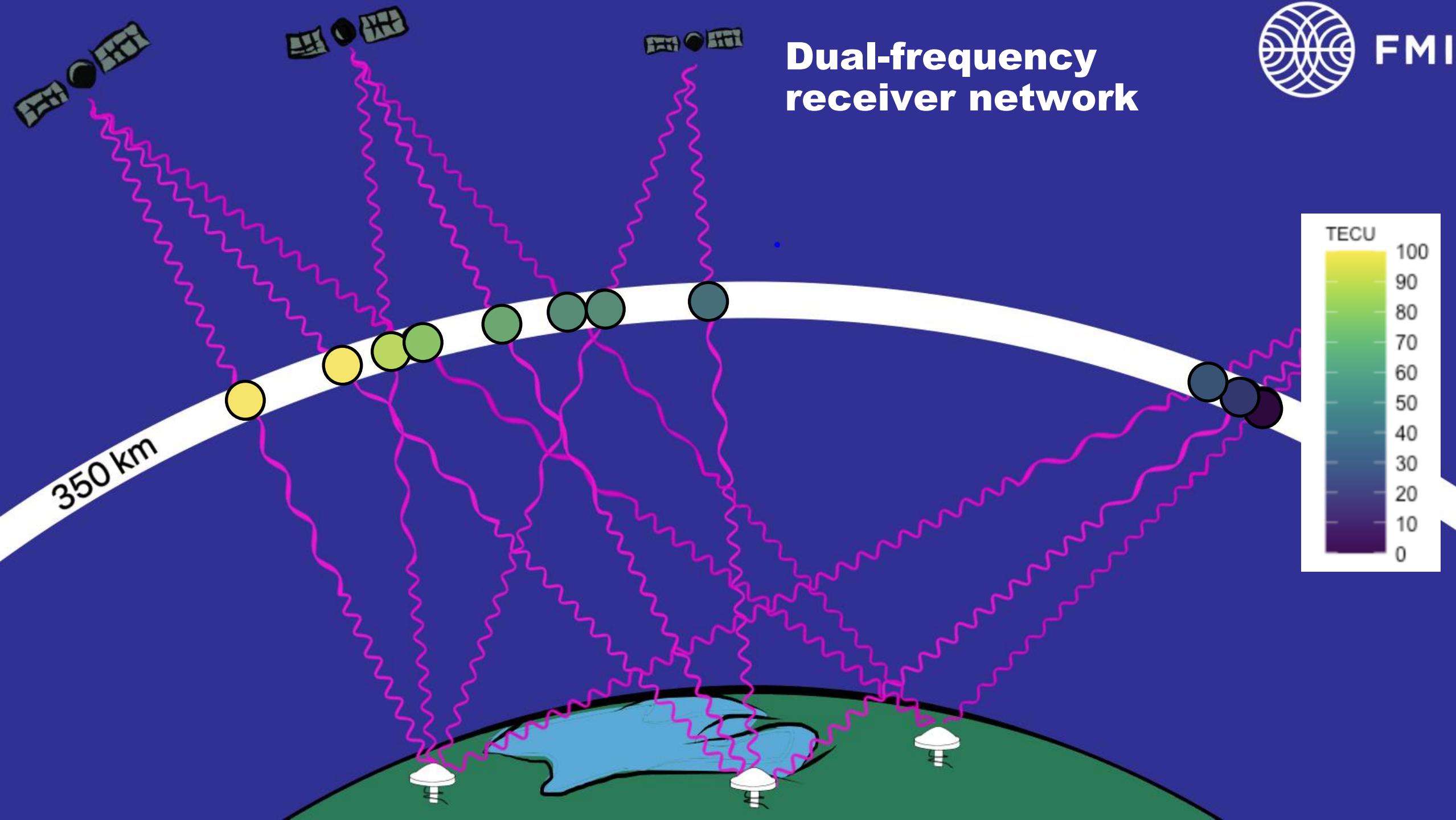
Vertical total electron content VTEC ($\text{TECU} \cdot 10^{16}/\text{m}^2$)



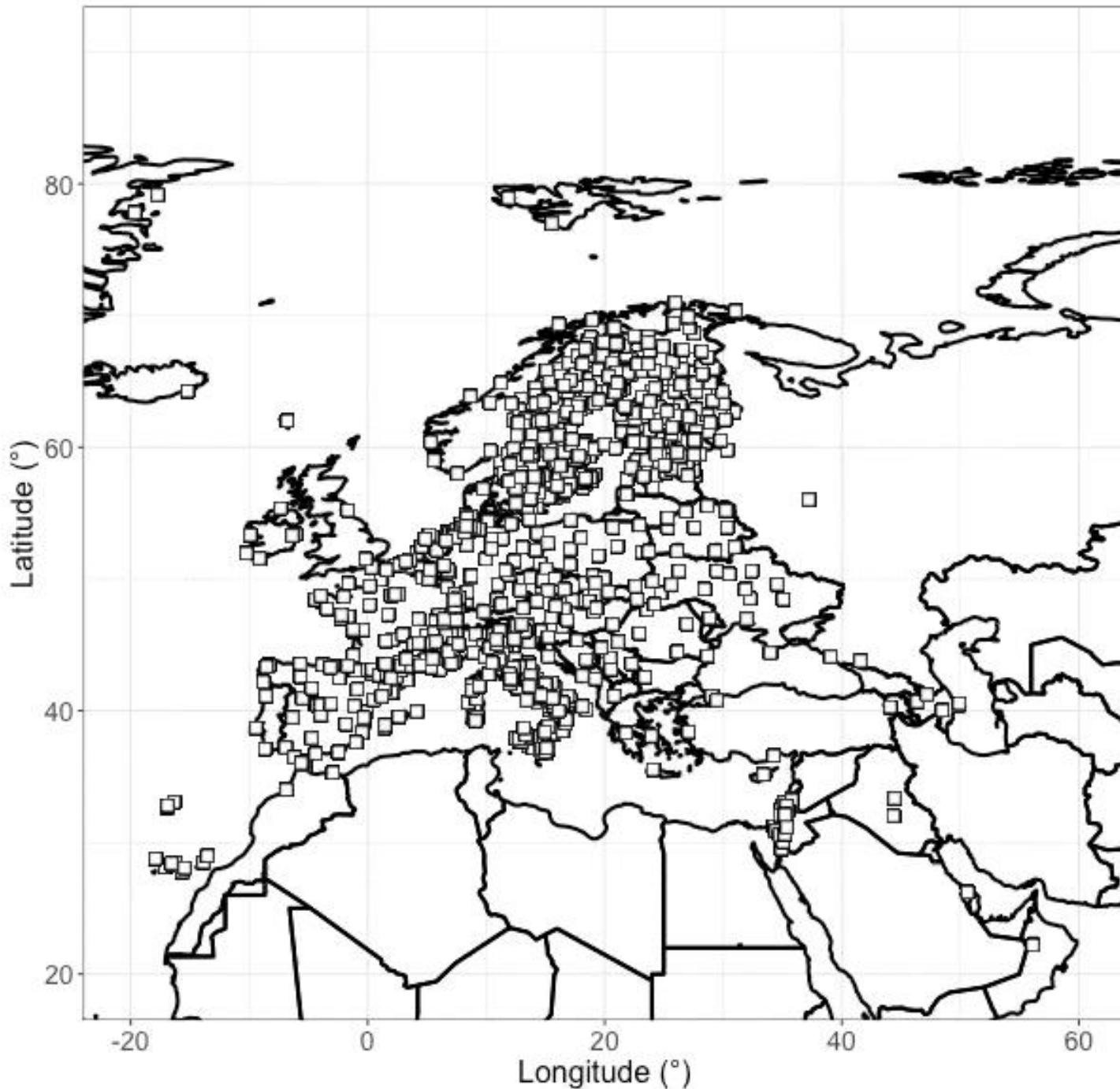


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Dual-frequency receiver network



GNSS receivers

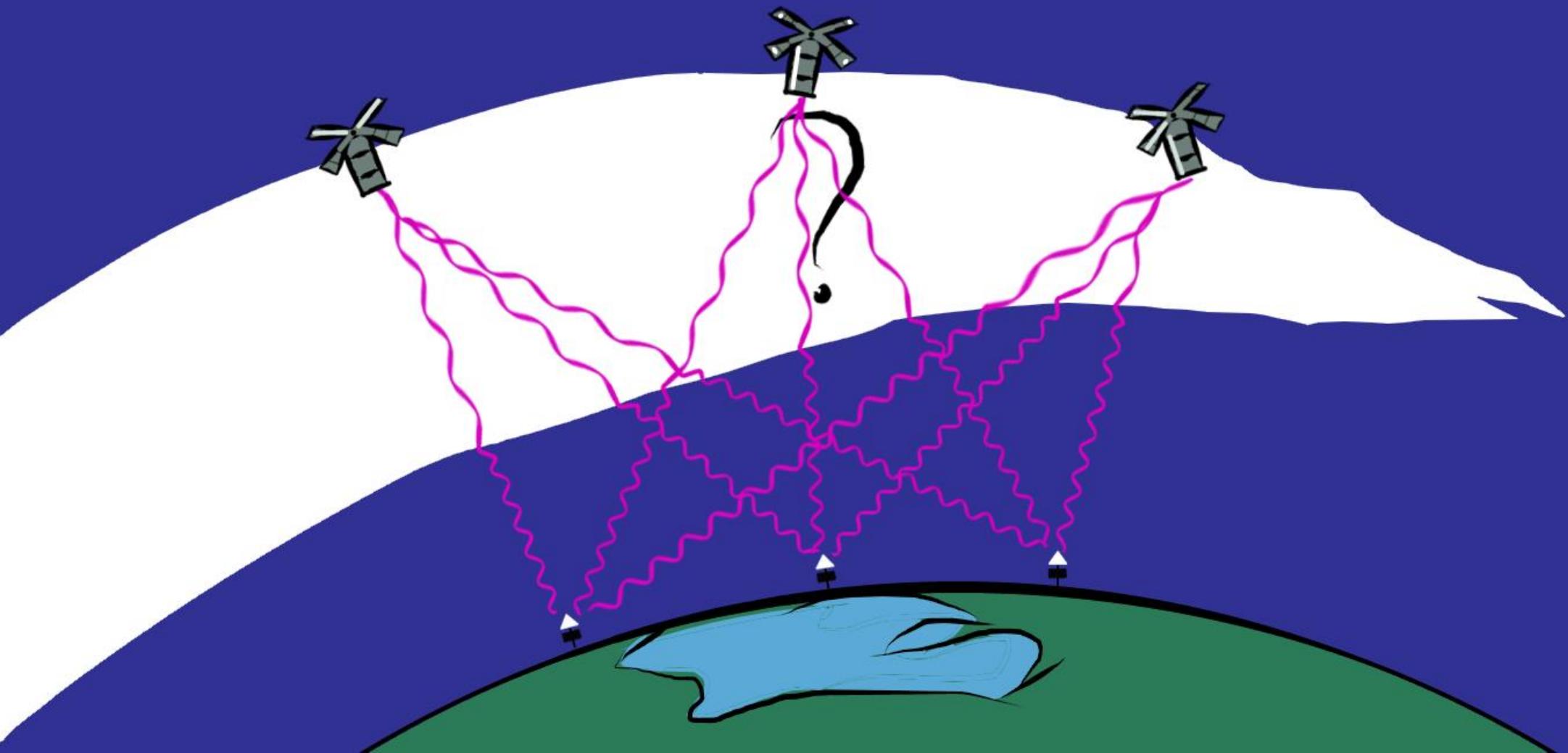


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Low Earth orbit (LEO) beacon satellite measurements



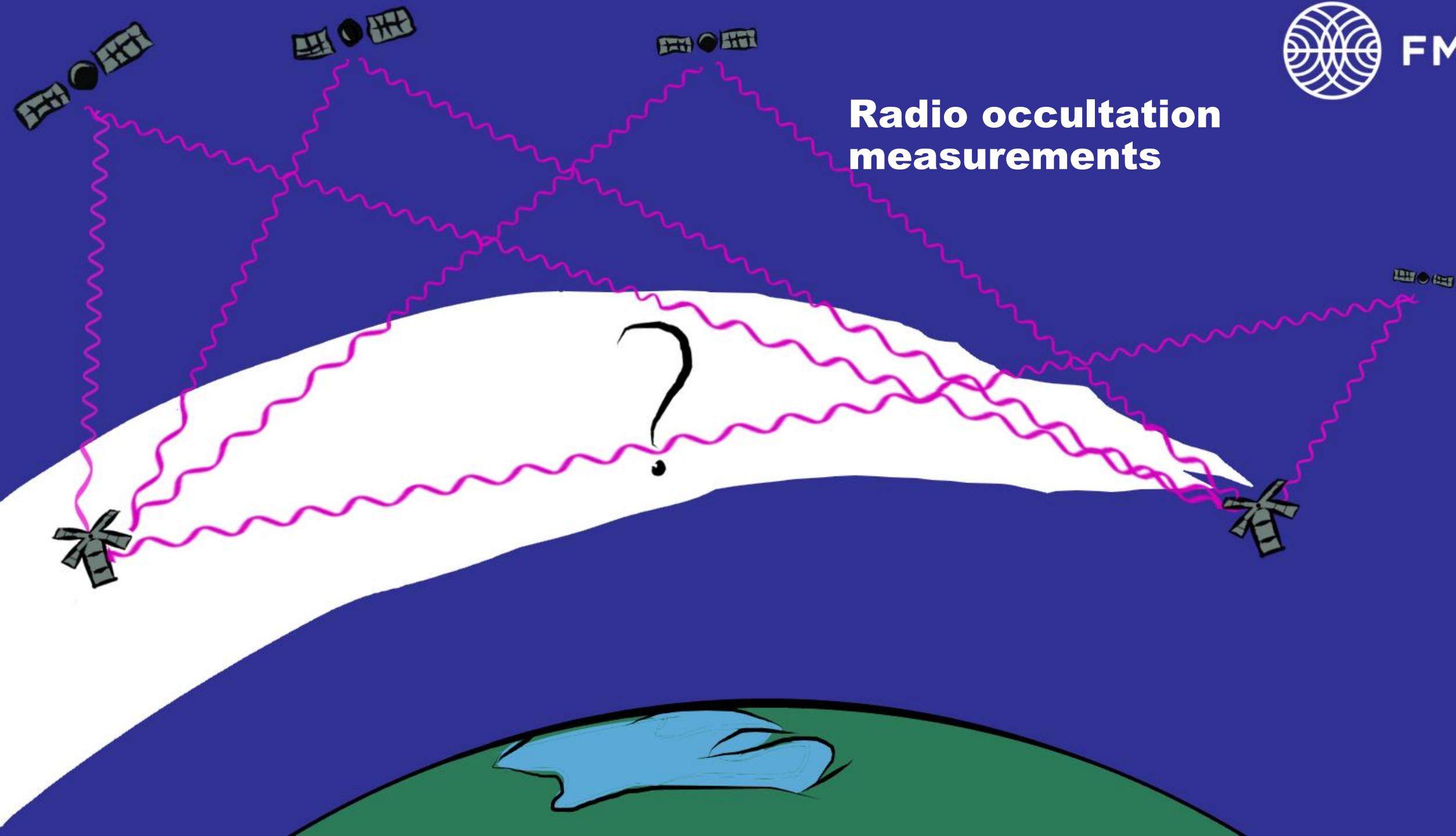
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Radio occultation measurements

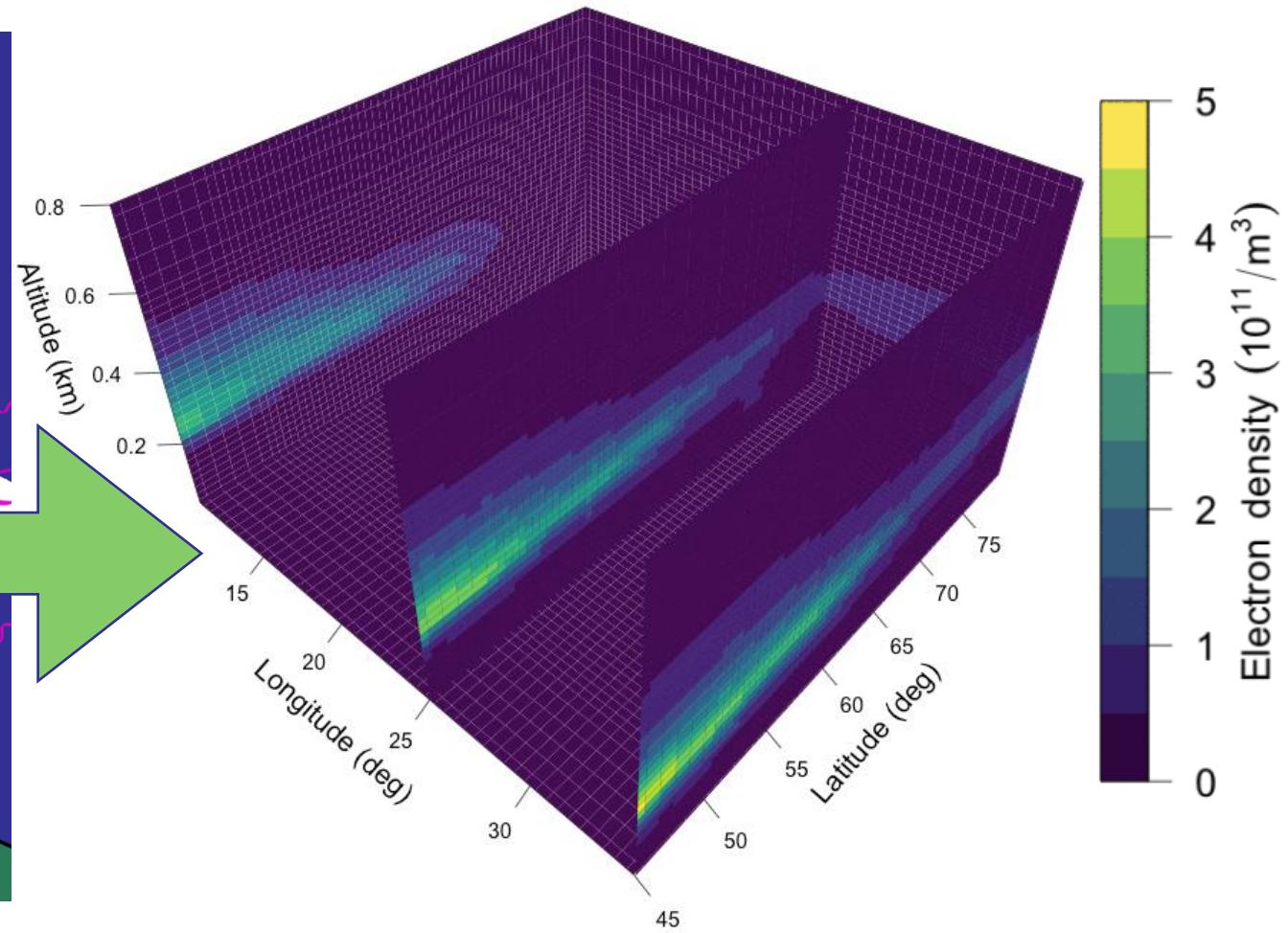
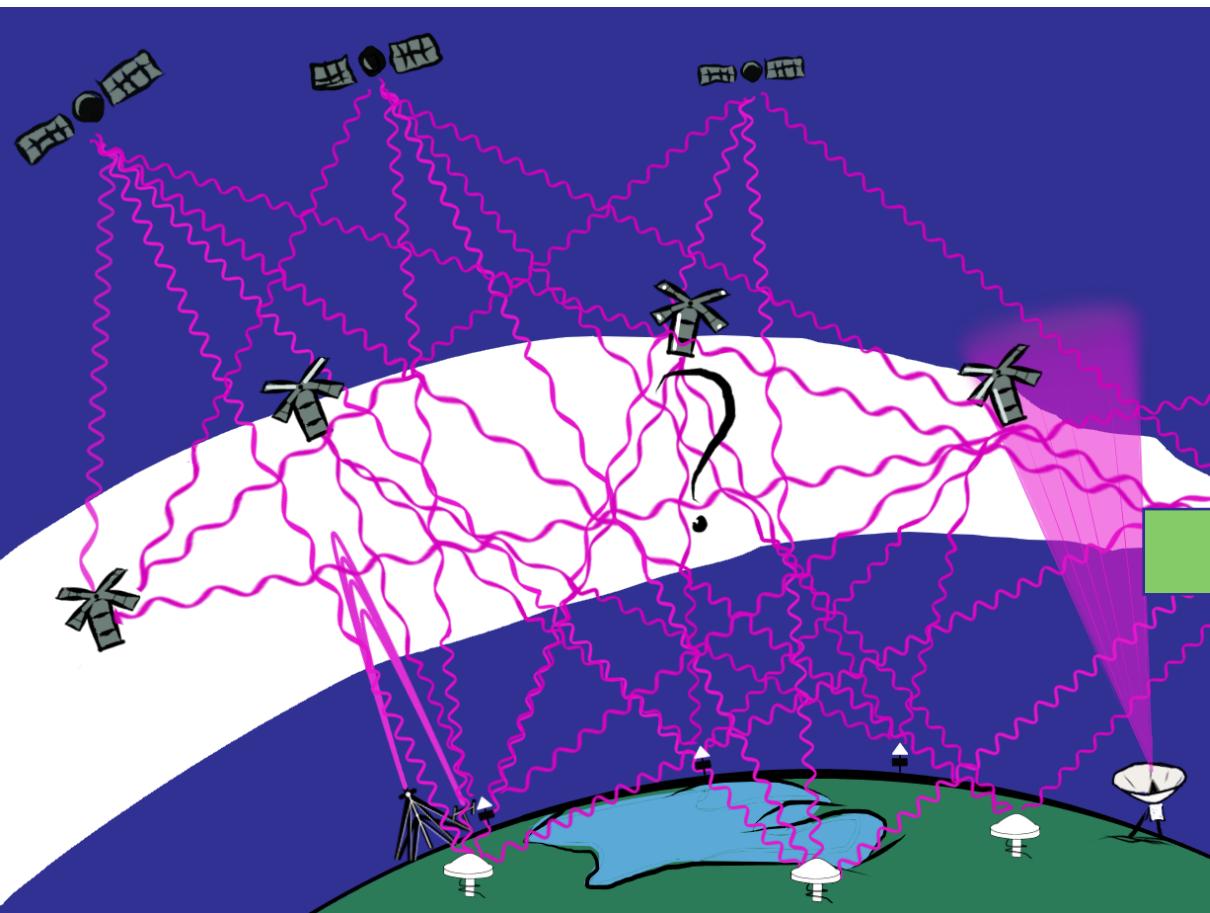


Ionospheric imaging

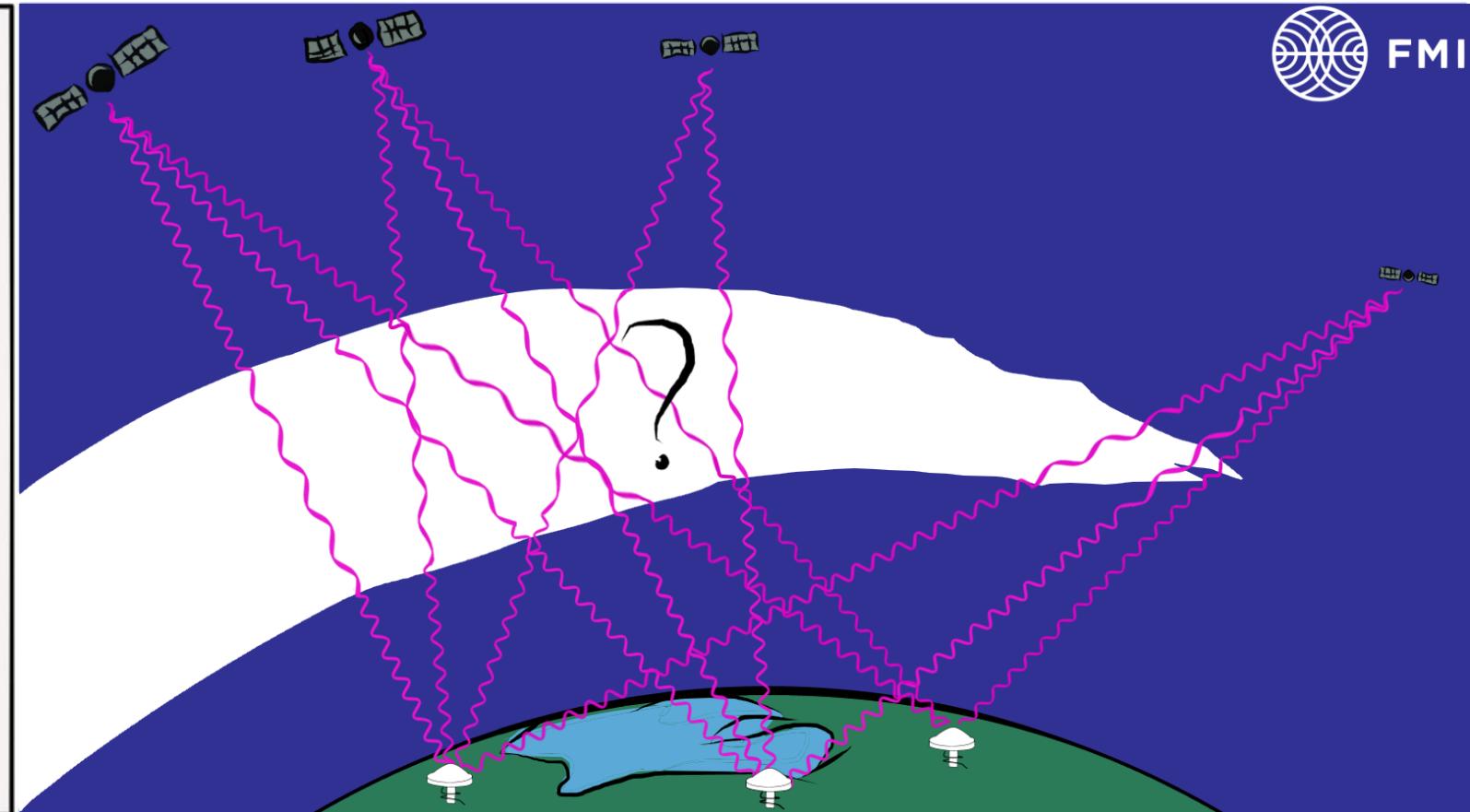
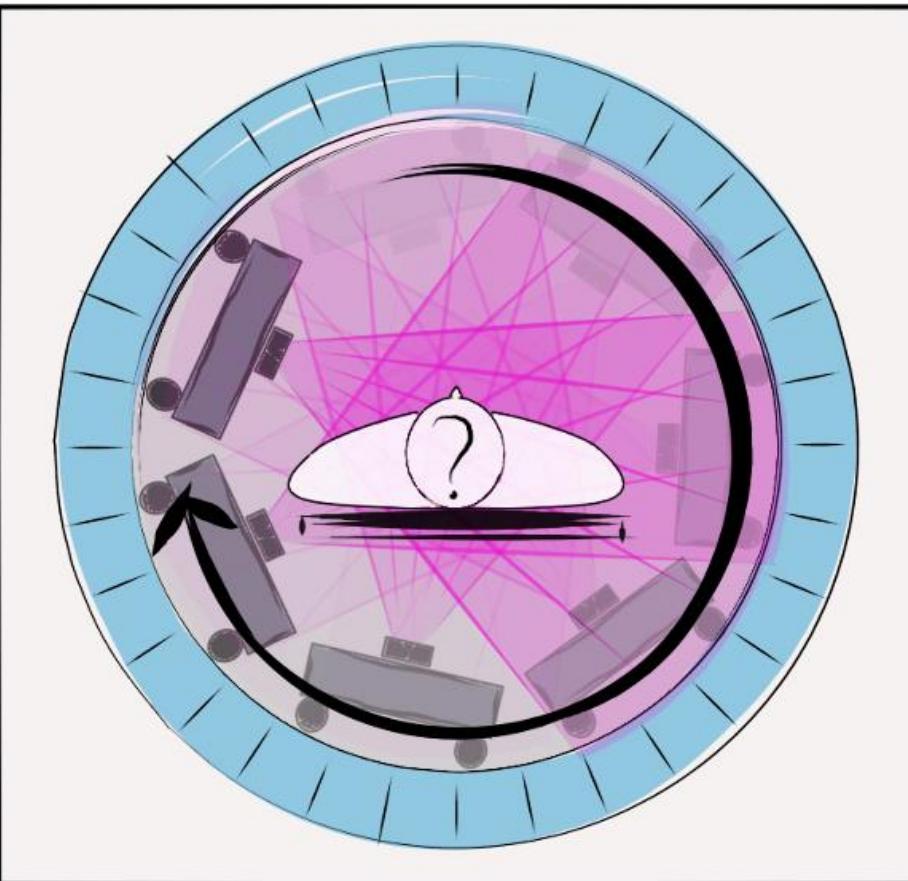


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Ionospheric imaging

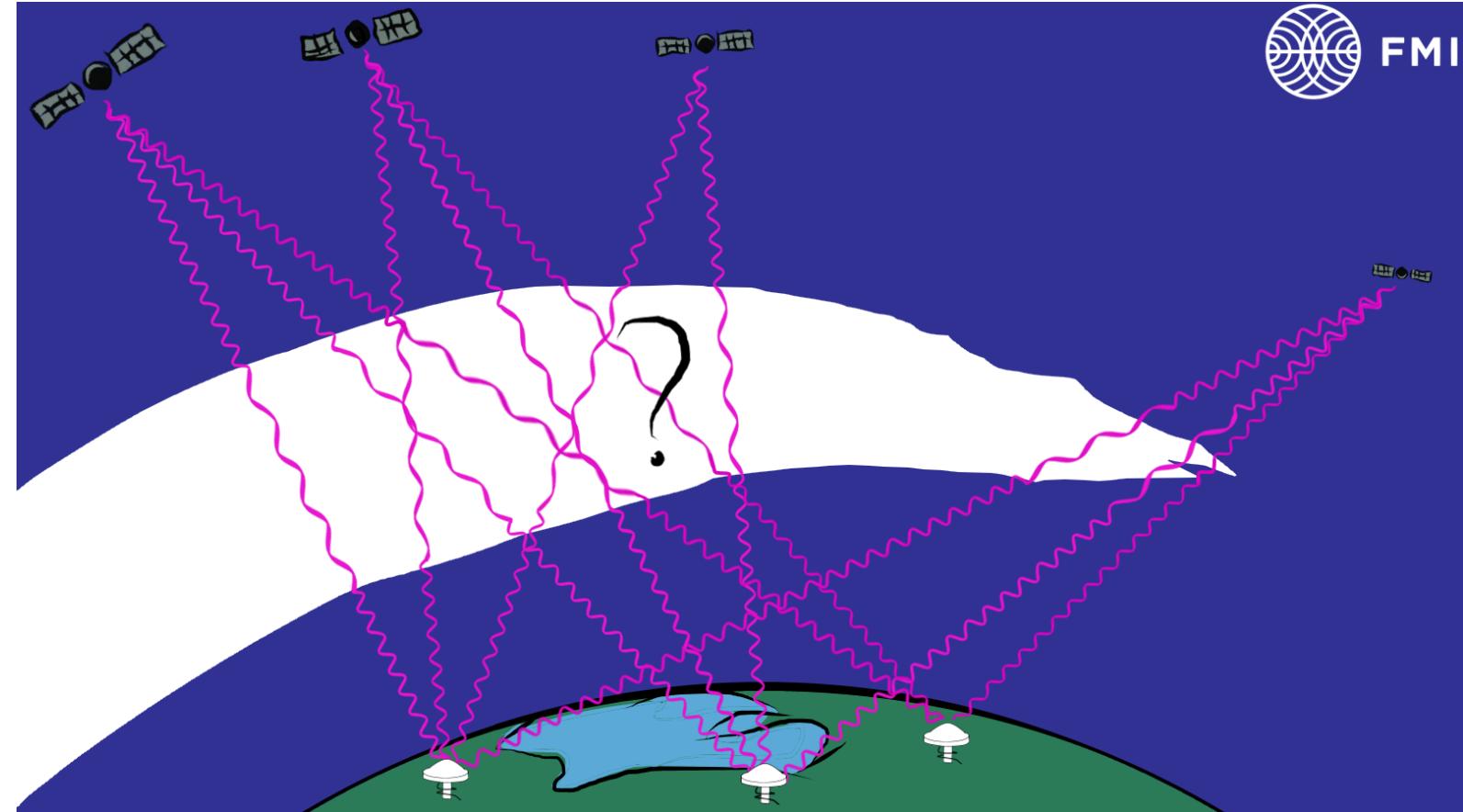


Tomography



Tomography

- Little information on the vertical structure
- Additional regularising information is needed
- Ionospheric model?



TomoScand approach

IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON GEOSCIENCE AND REMOTE SENSING

Gaussian Markov Random Field Priors in Ionospheric 3-D Multi-Instrument Tomography

Johannes Norberg^{ID}, Juha Vierinen, Lassi Roininen, Mikko Orispää, Kirsti Kauristie,
William C. Rideout, Anthea J. Coster, and Markku S. Lehtinen

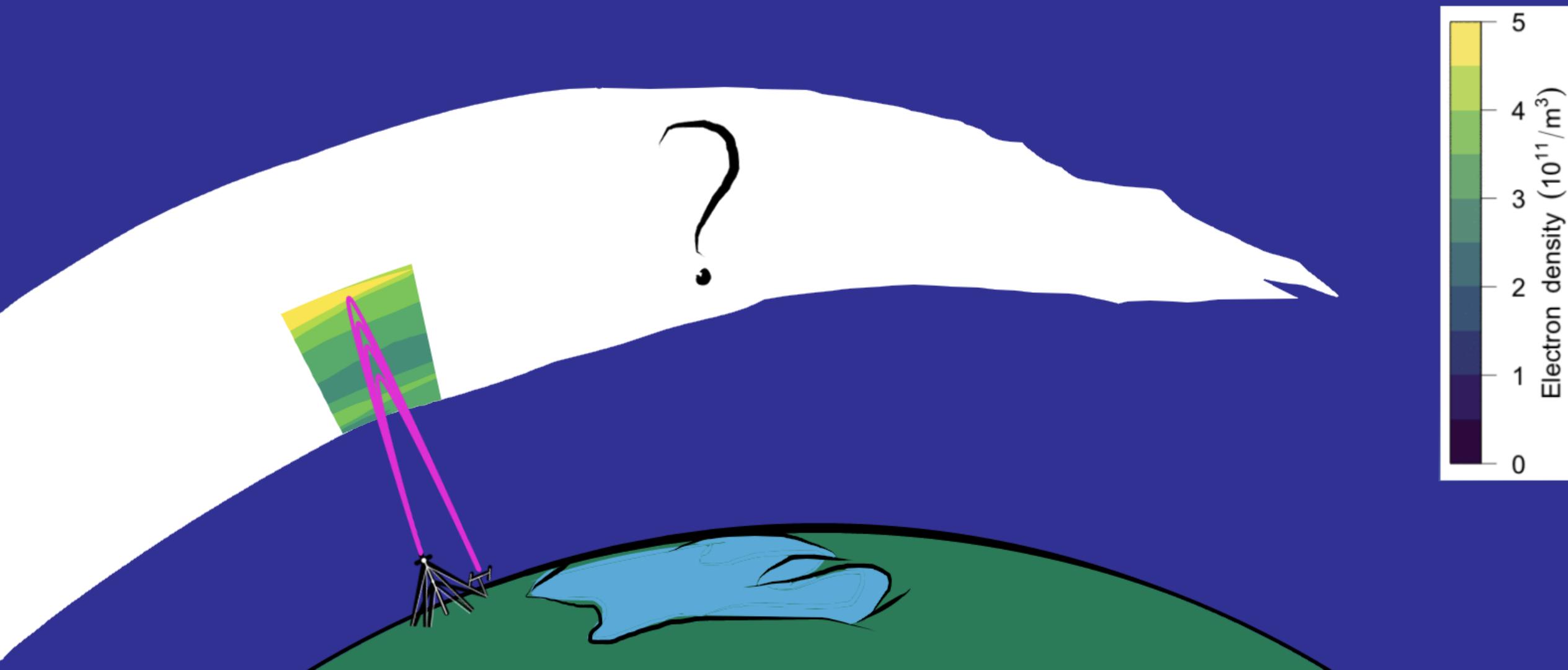


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ionosonde measurements



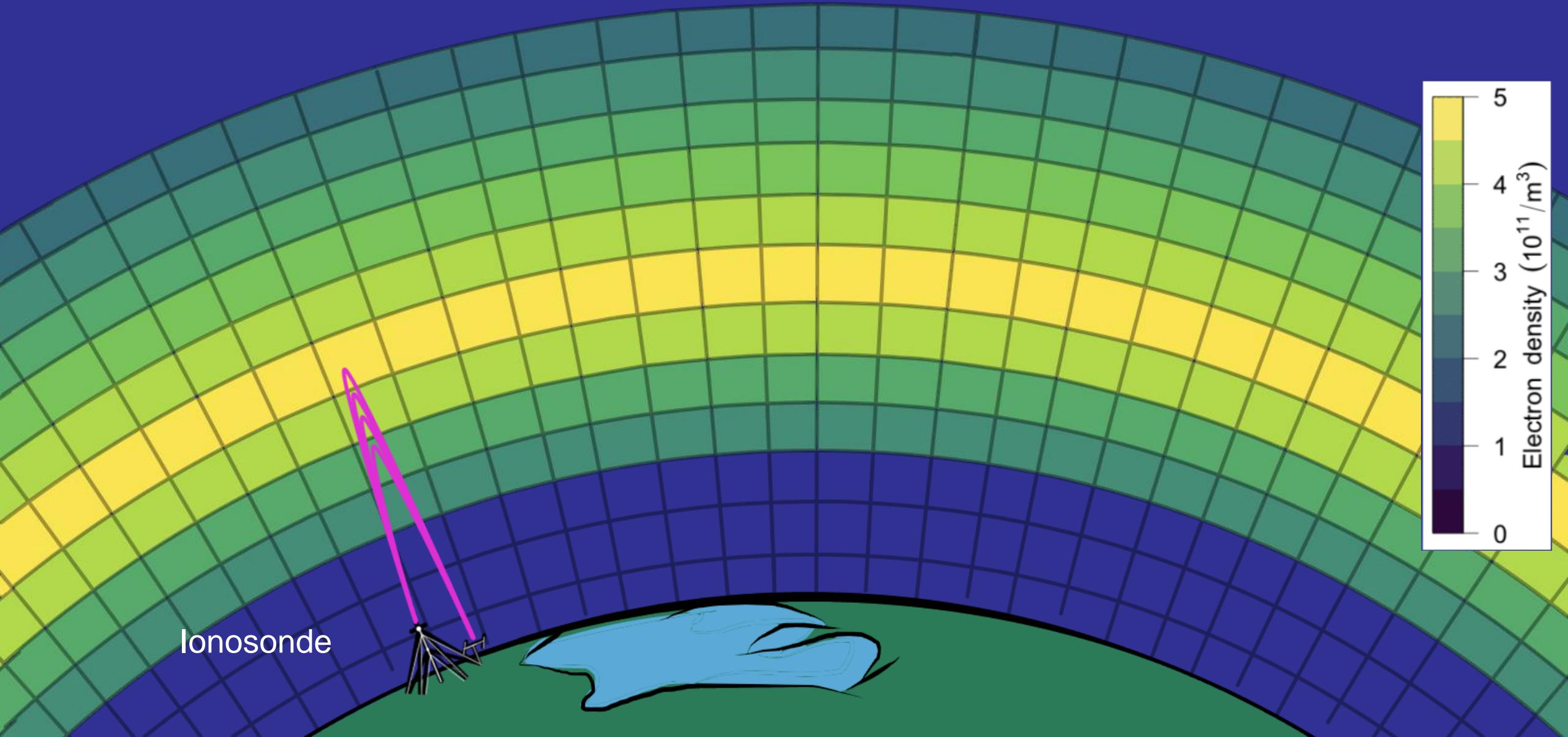
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Initial mean



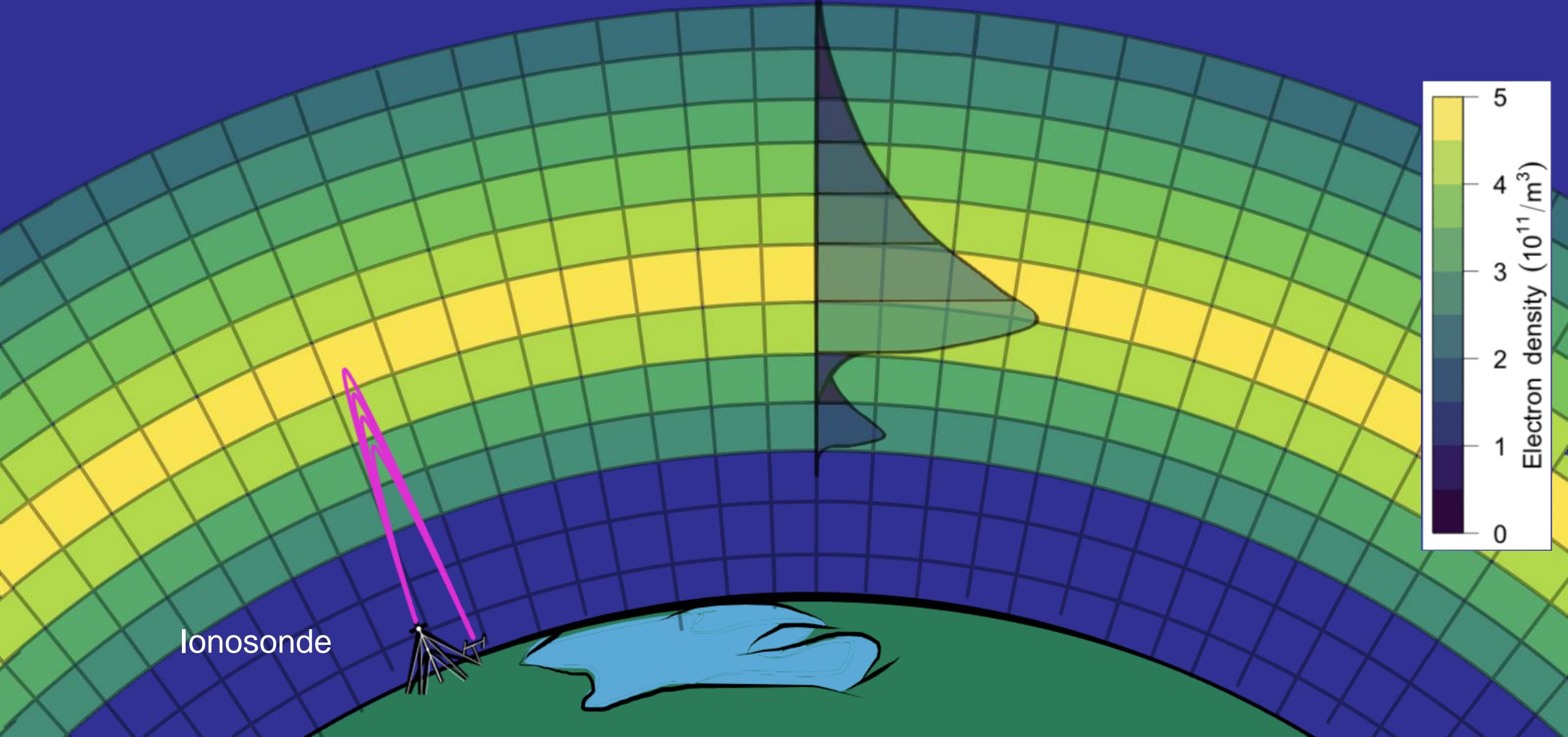
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Predictive distribution for t_1



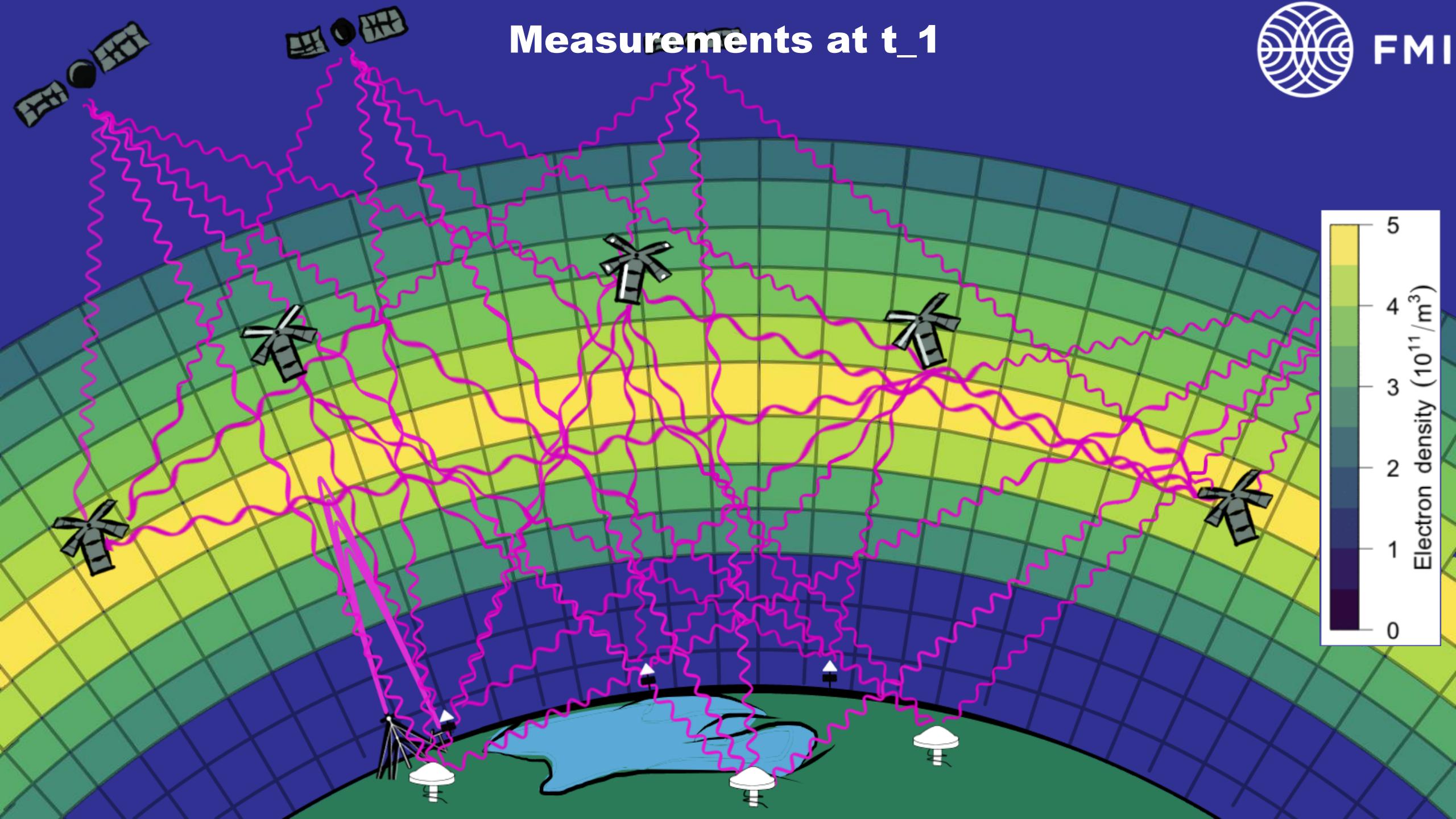
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Measurements at t_1



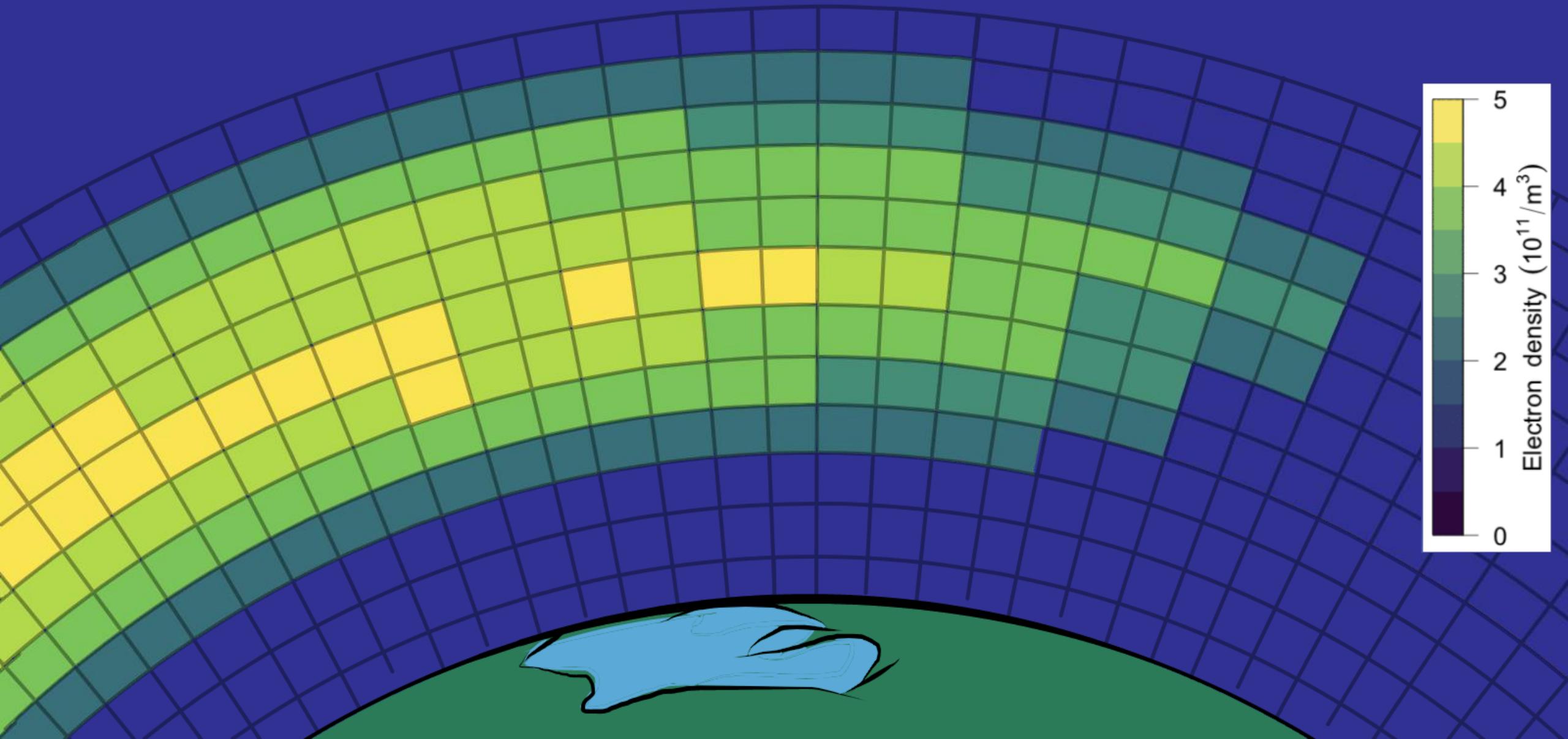
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Reconstruction t_1



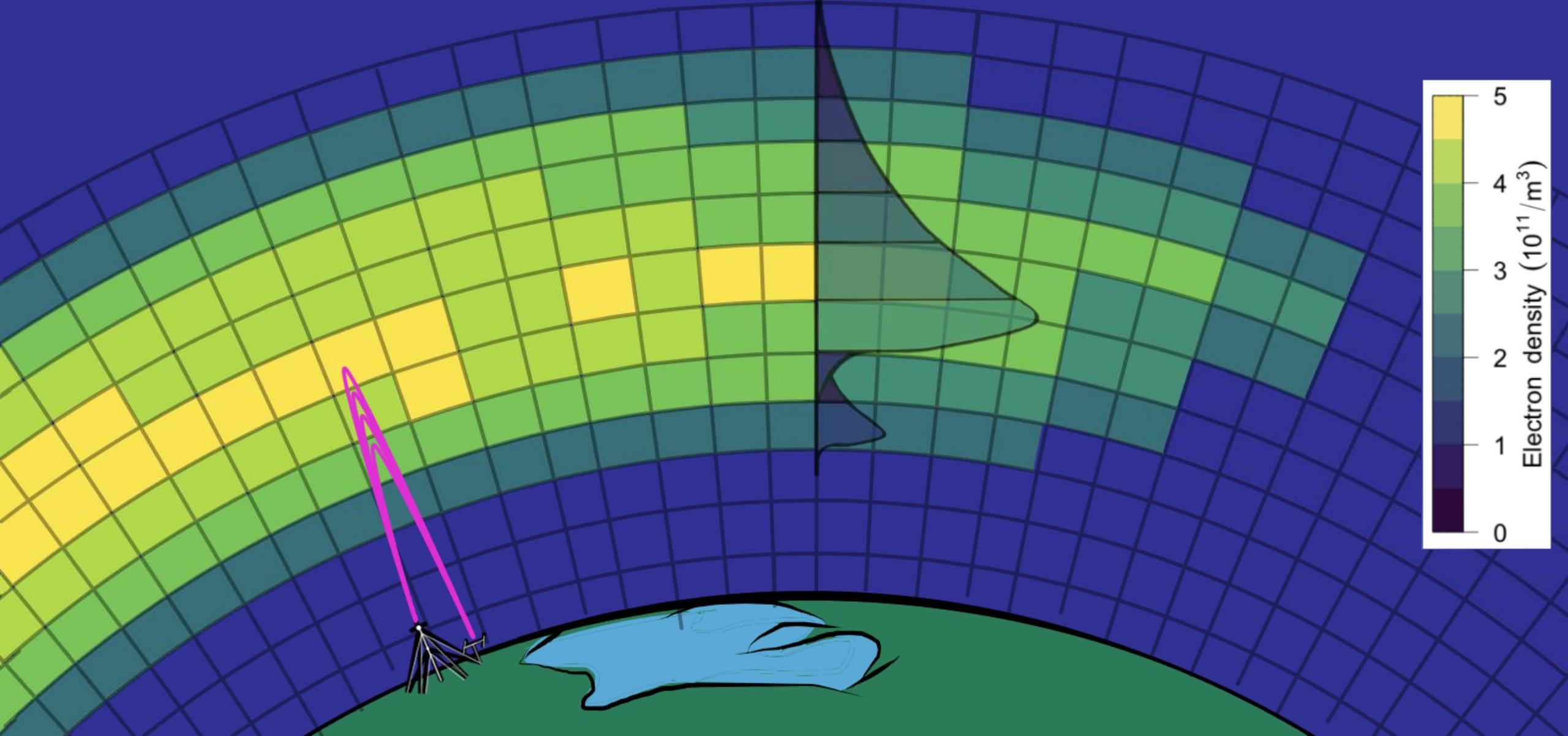
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Predictive distribution for t_2



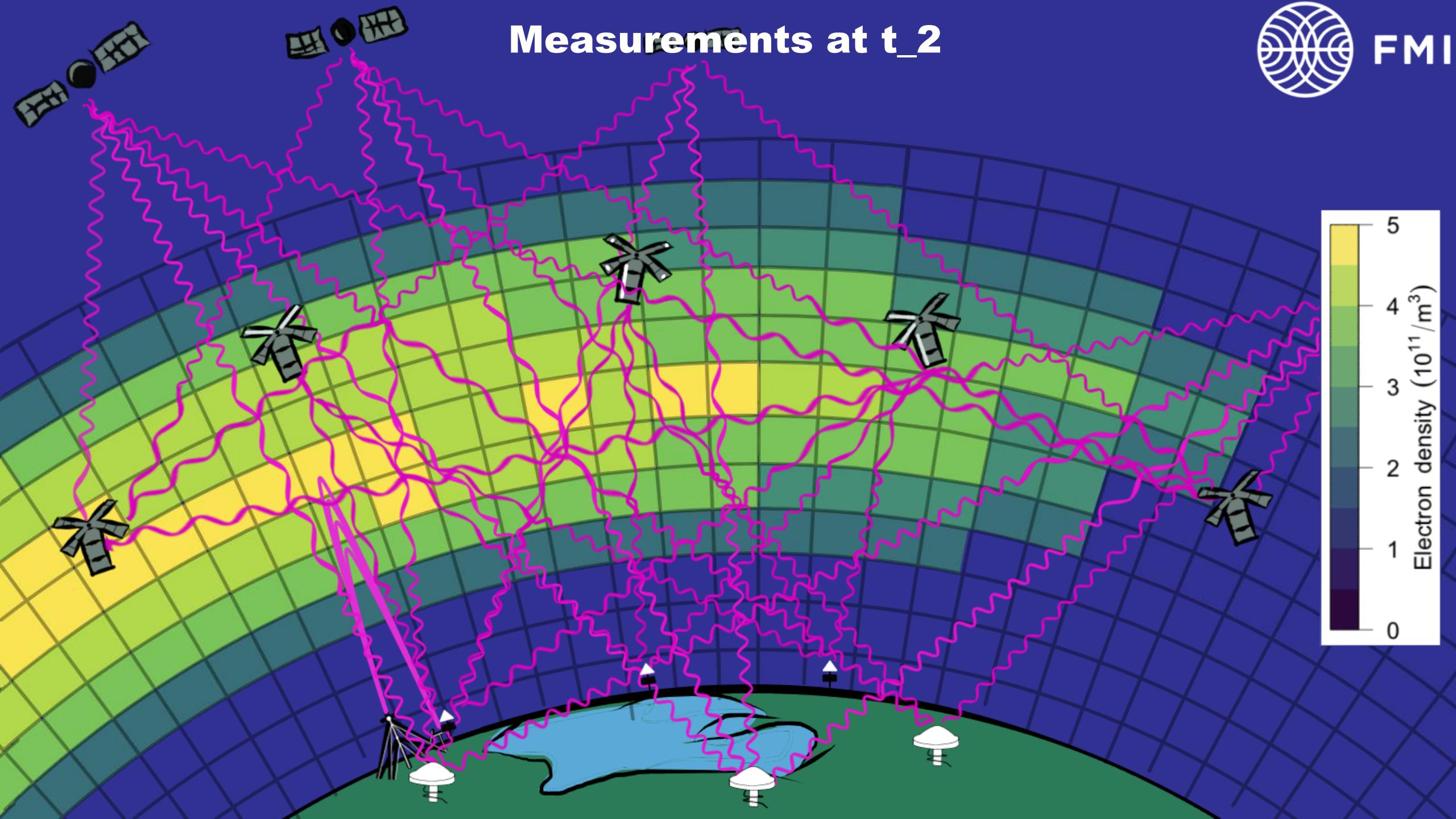
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Measurements at t_2



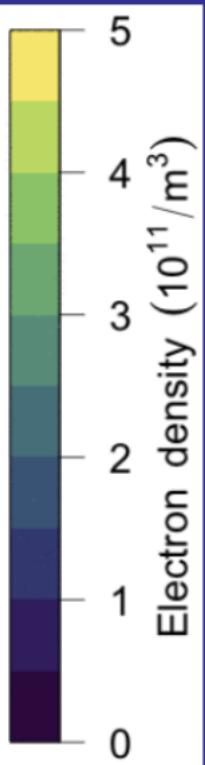
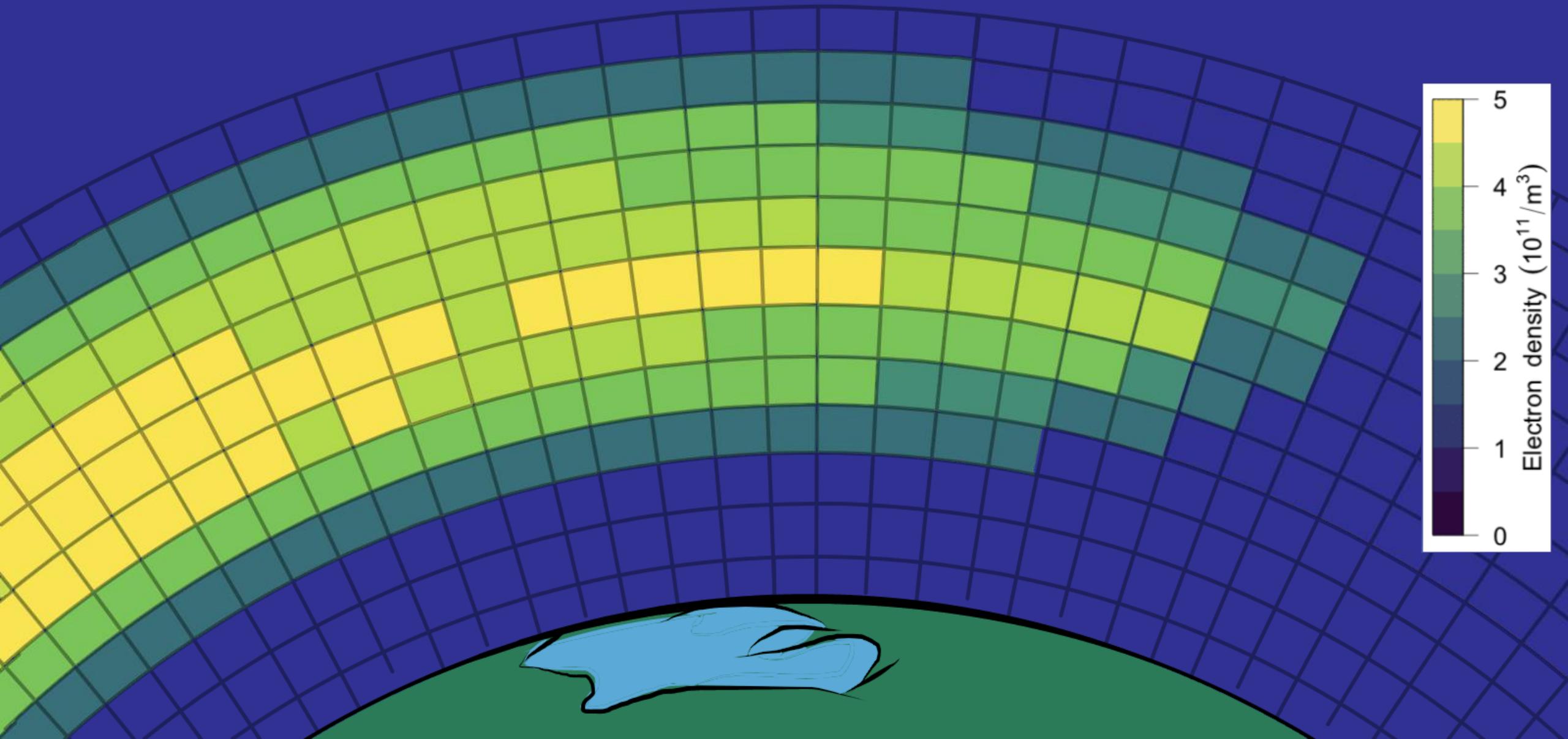
FMI



Reconstruction t_2



FMI



Validation results



JGR Space Physics

RESEARCH ARTICLE

10.1029/2022JA030794

Key Points:

- A Kalman filter application with Gaussian Markov random field priors enabling fast computation
- No external ionospheric electron

Model-Free Approach for Regional Ionospheric Multi-Instrument Imaging

J. Norberg¹ , S. Käki¹ , L. Roininen² , J. Mielich³ , and I. I. Virtanen⁴ 

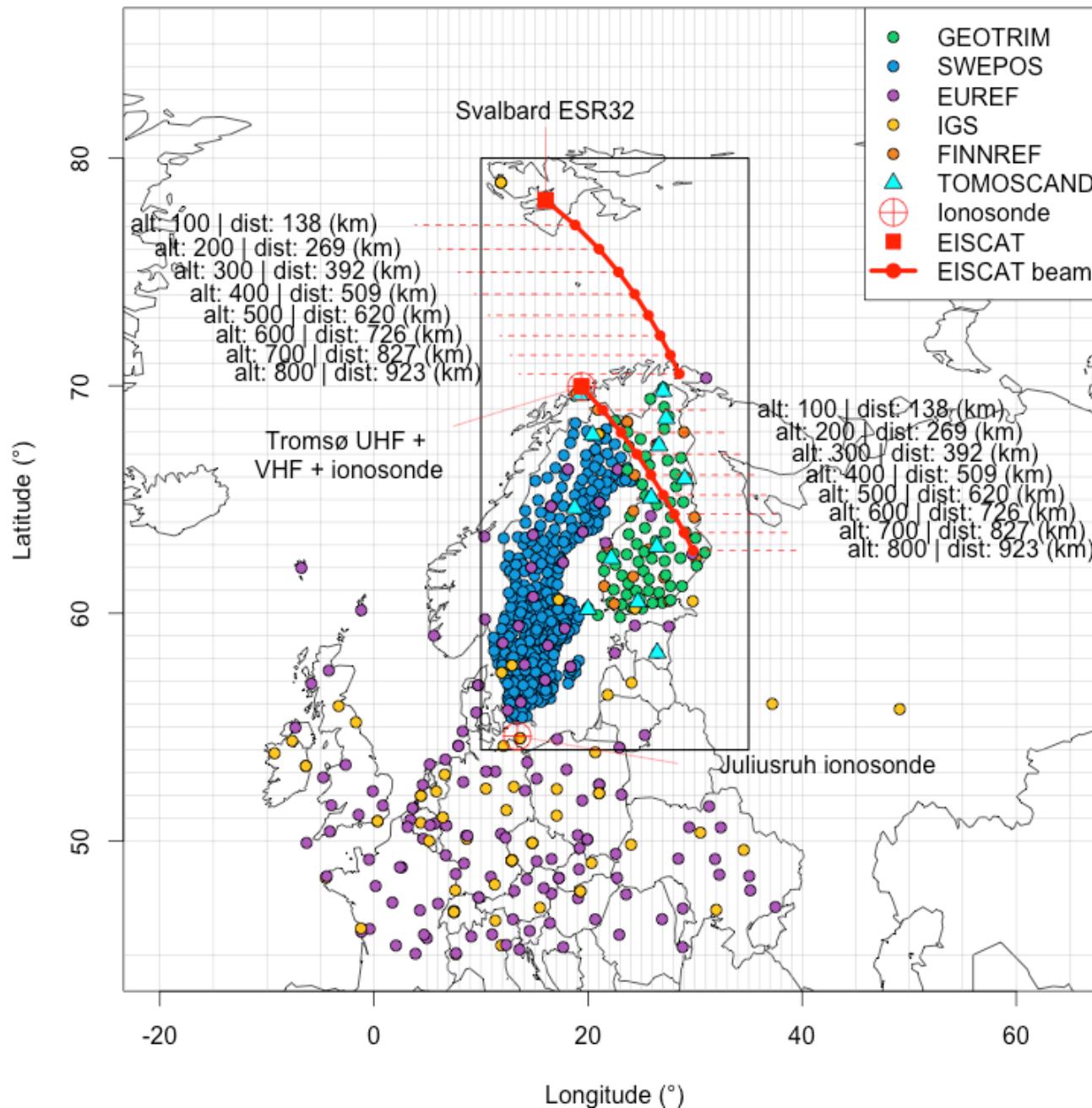
¹Finnish Meteorological Institute, Helsinki, Finland, ²Lappeenranta-Lahti University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland,

³Leibniz Institute of Atmospheric Physics at the University of Rostock, Rostock, Germany, ⁴University of Oulu, Oulu, Finland



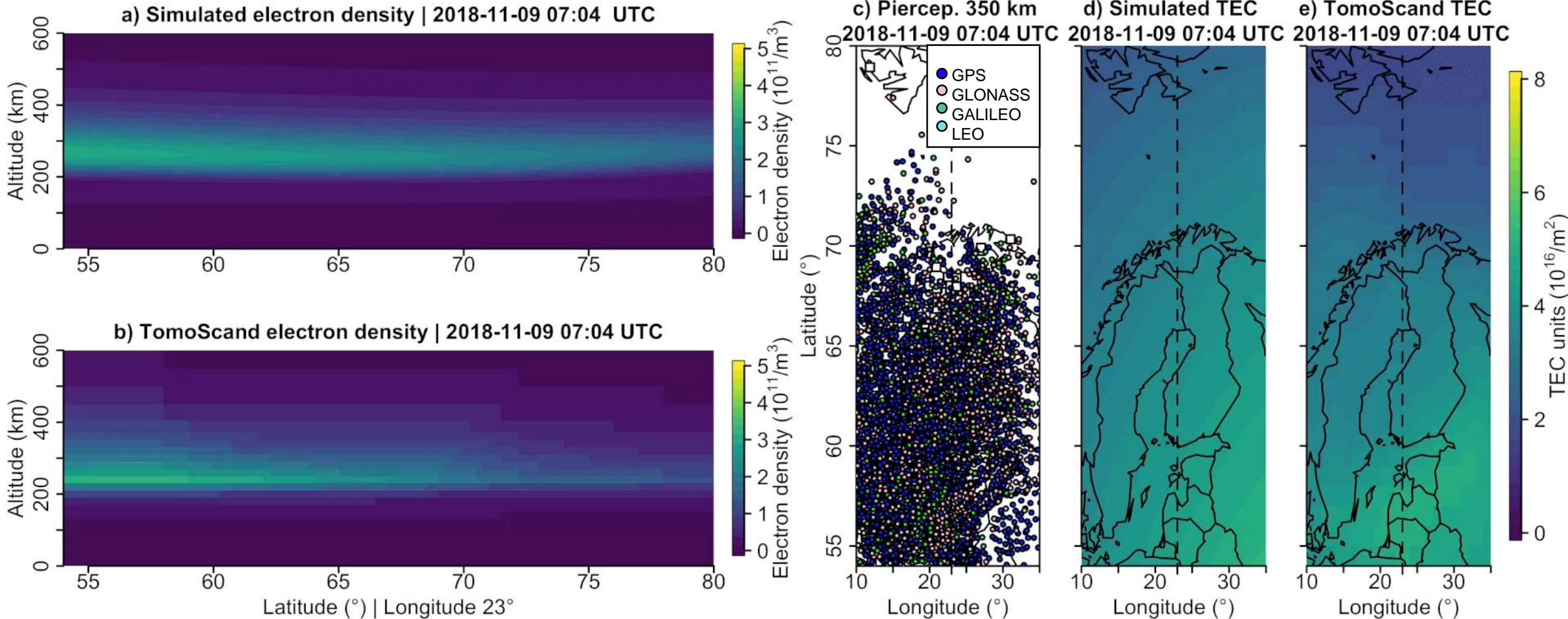
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a) Instruments, domain and grid



Simulation study

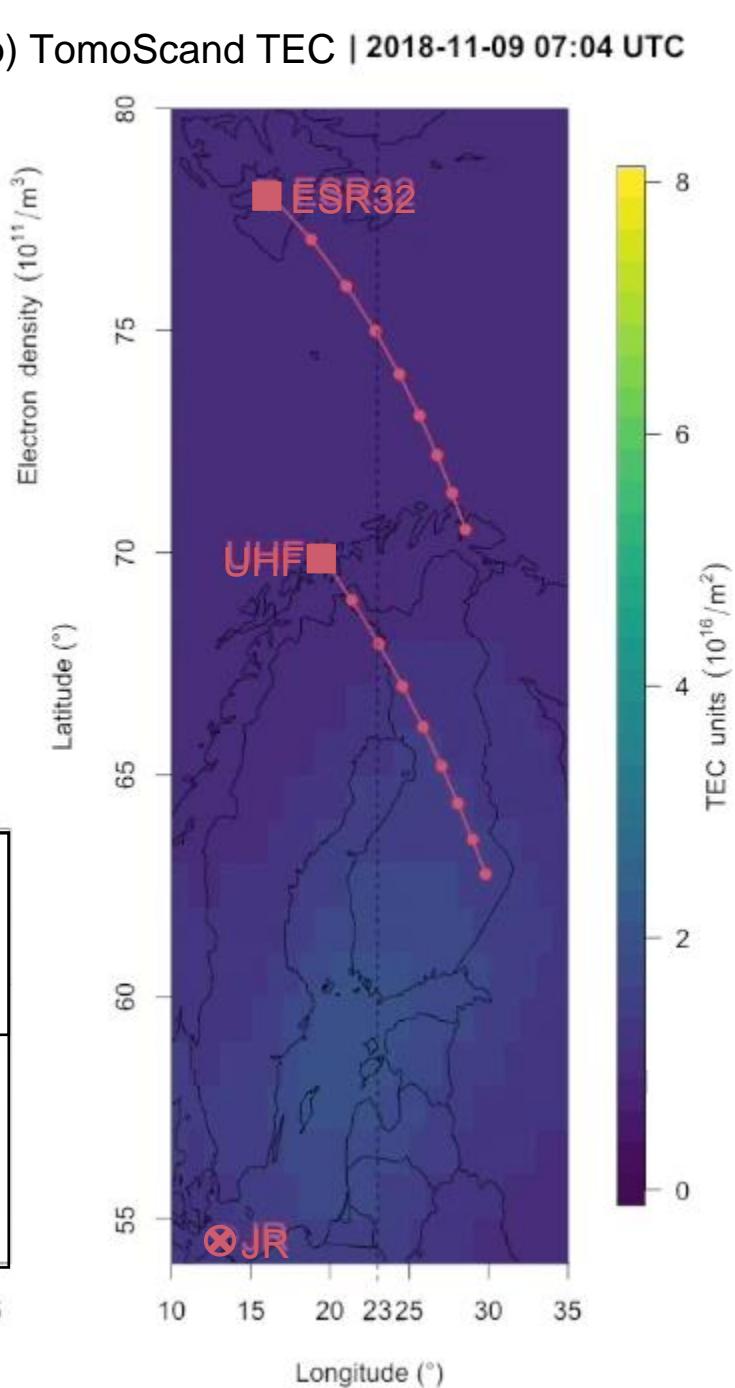
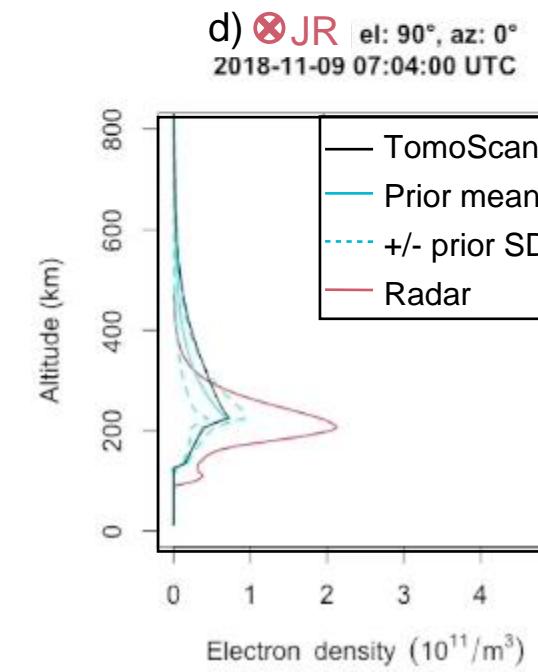
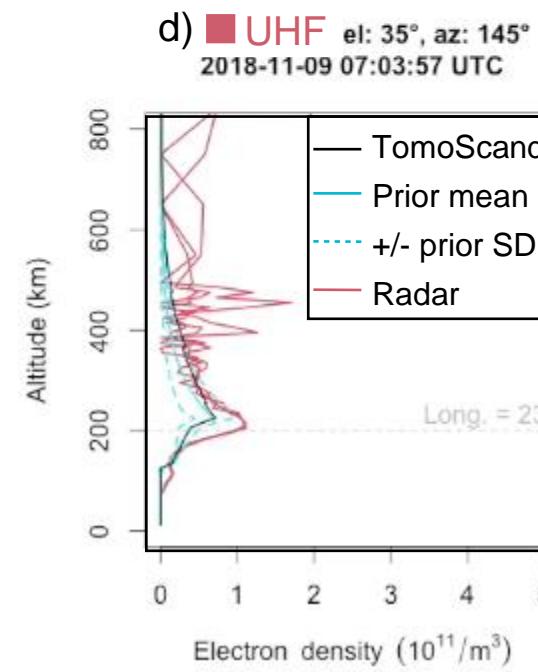
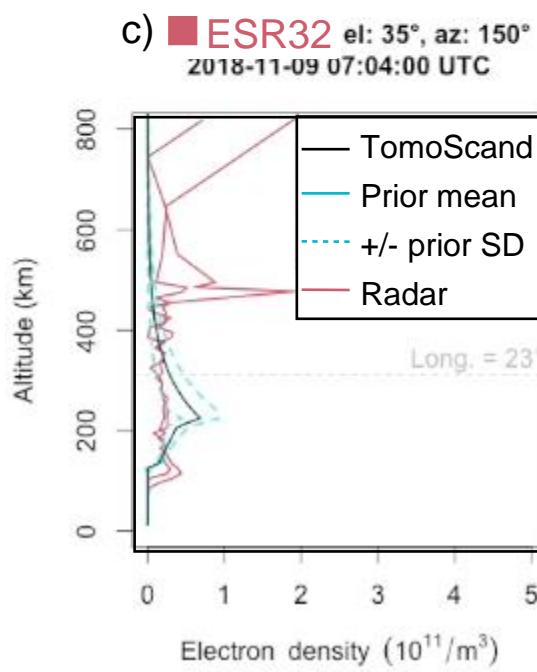
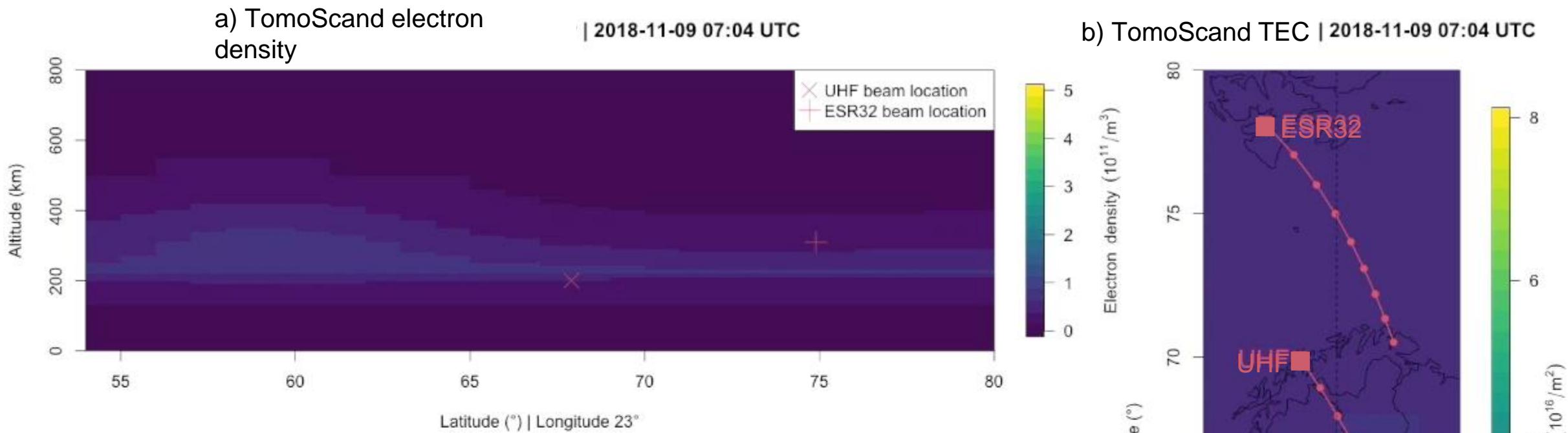
- Synthetic ionospheric model
- Chapman profiles
- Ionospheric trough
- Night-time E-region
- Measurement geometries from real measurements
- Errors and instrument biases added to simulated measurements



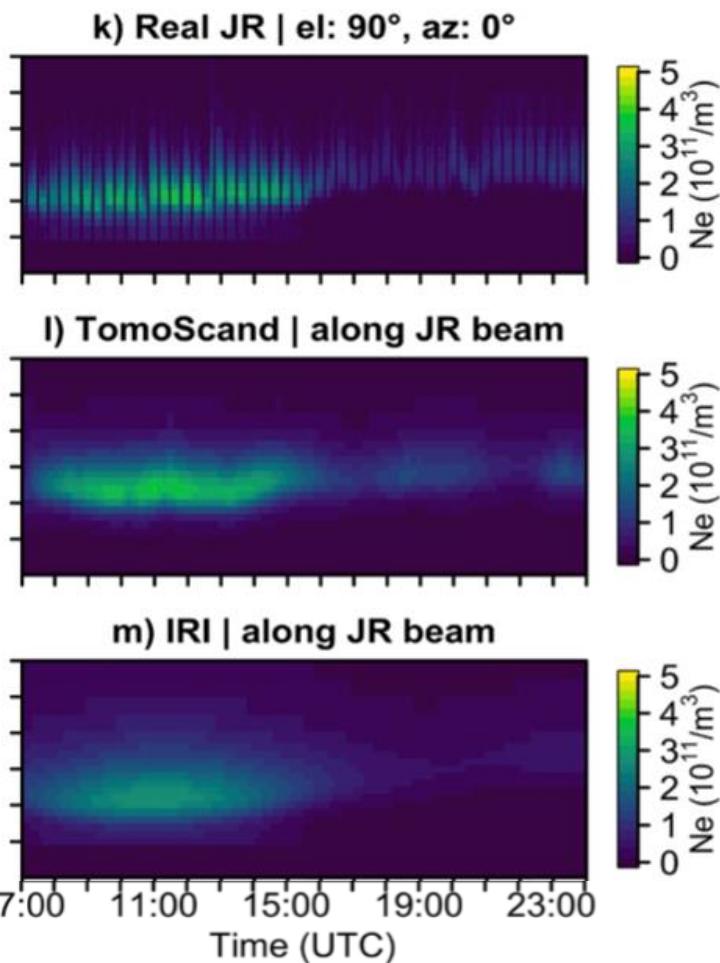
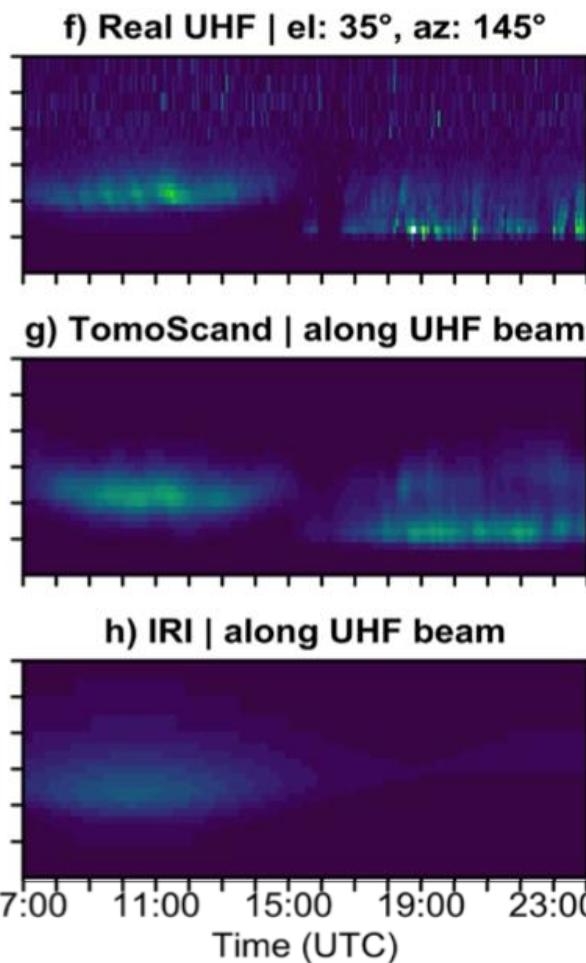
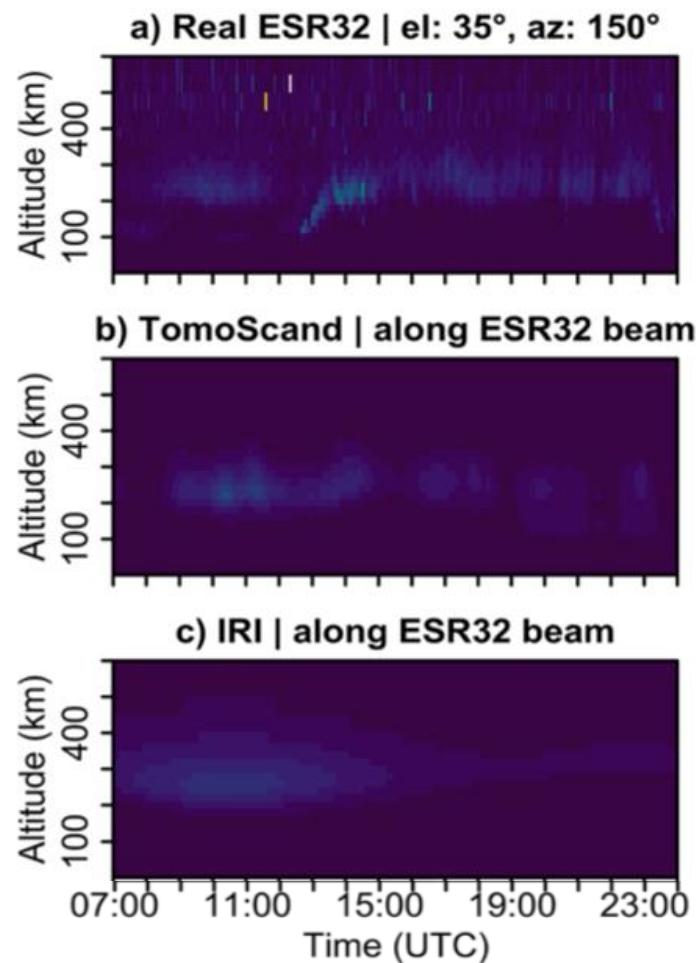
Real data validation

- EISCAT UHF incoherent scatter radar in Tromsø, Norway
- ESR 32m incoherent scatter radar in Svalbard
- Juliusruh ionosonde in north Germany

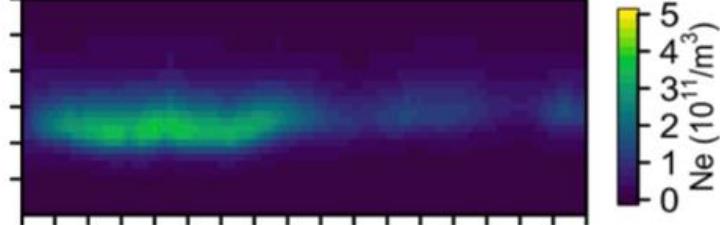
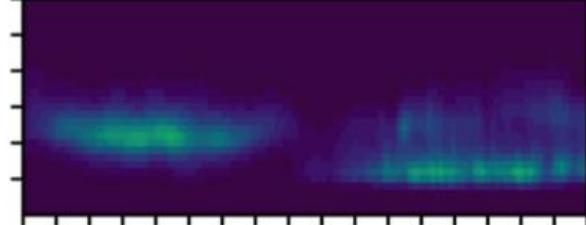
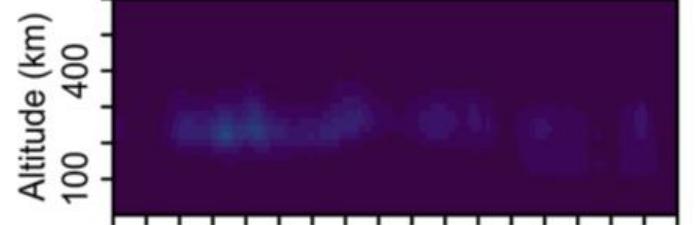




Measurement



TomoScand



IRI 2012

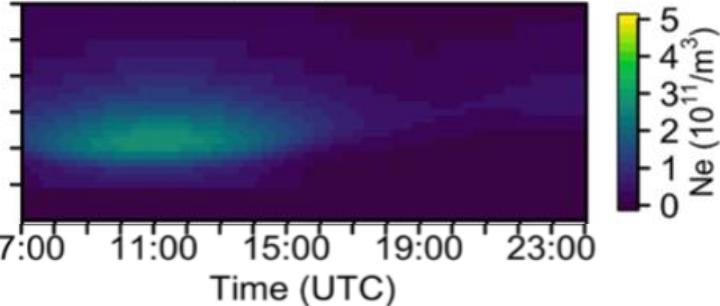
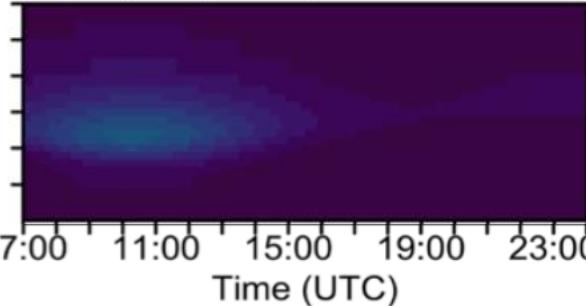
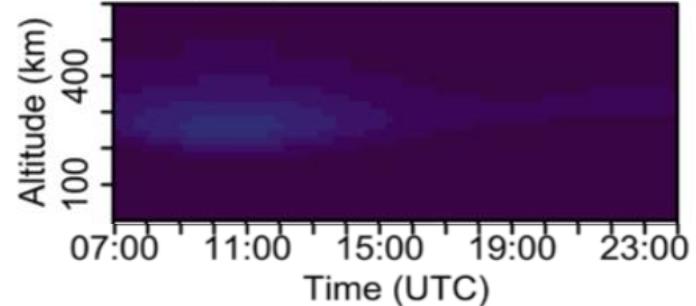


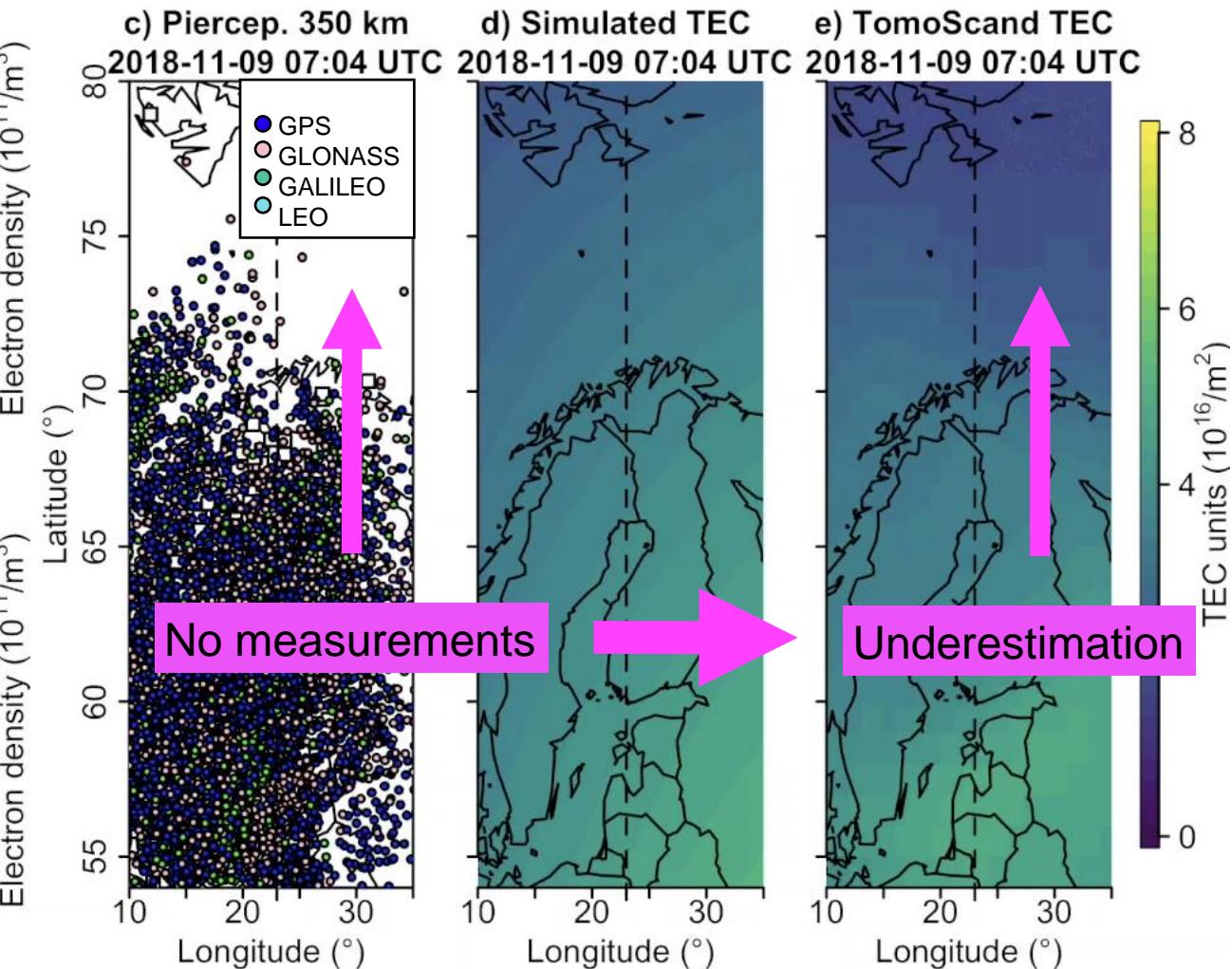
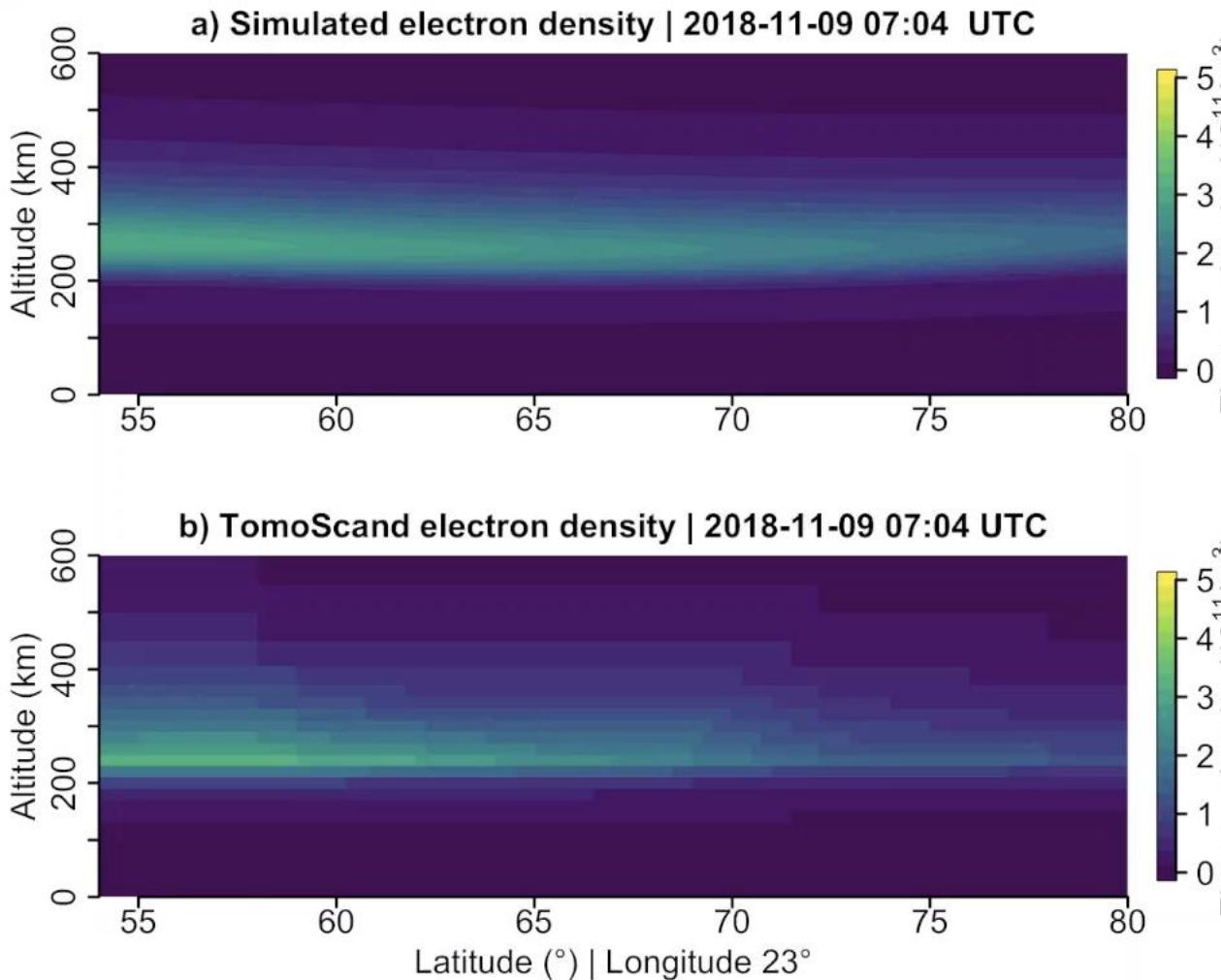
Figure 5. Comparison of measured real validation profiles, corresponding profiles from TomoScand reconstruction and IRI 2012 model from 9 November 2018. EISCAT ESR32 incoherent scatter radar is located in Longyearbyen, Norway (78.2°N , 16.1°E), UHF incoherent scatter radar in Tromsø, Norway (69.6°N , 19.3°E) and JR ionosonde in Juliusruh, Germany (54.6°N , 13.4°E).

Recent development

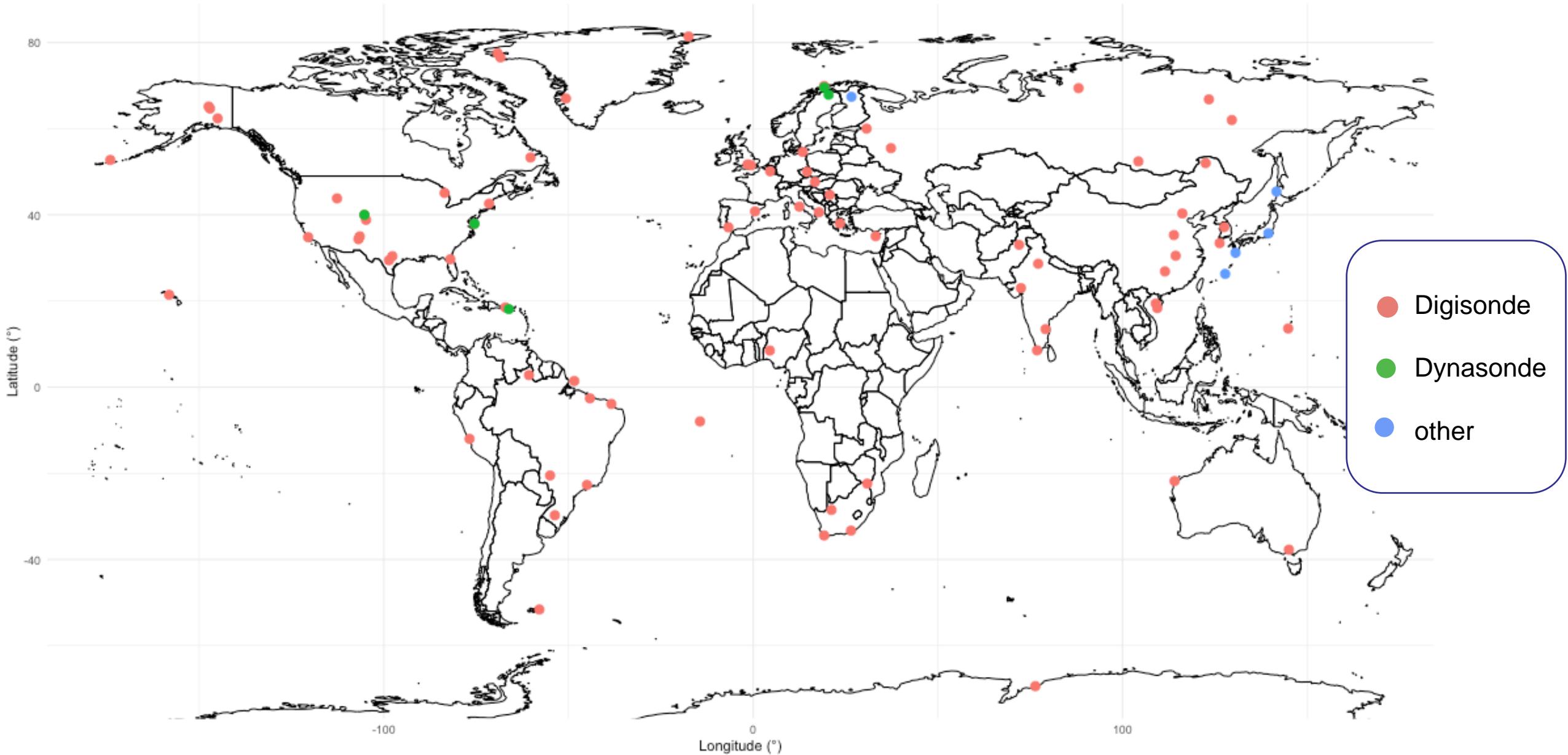


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Problems with the current approach



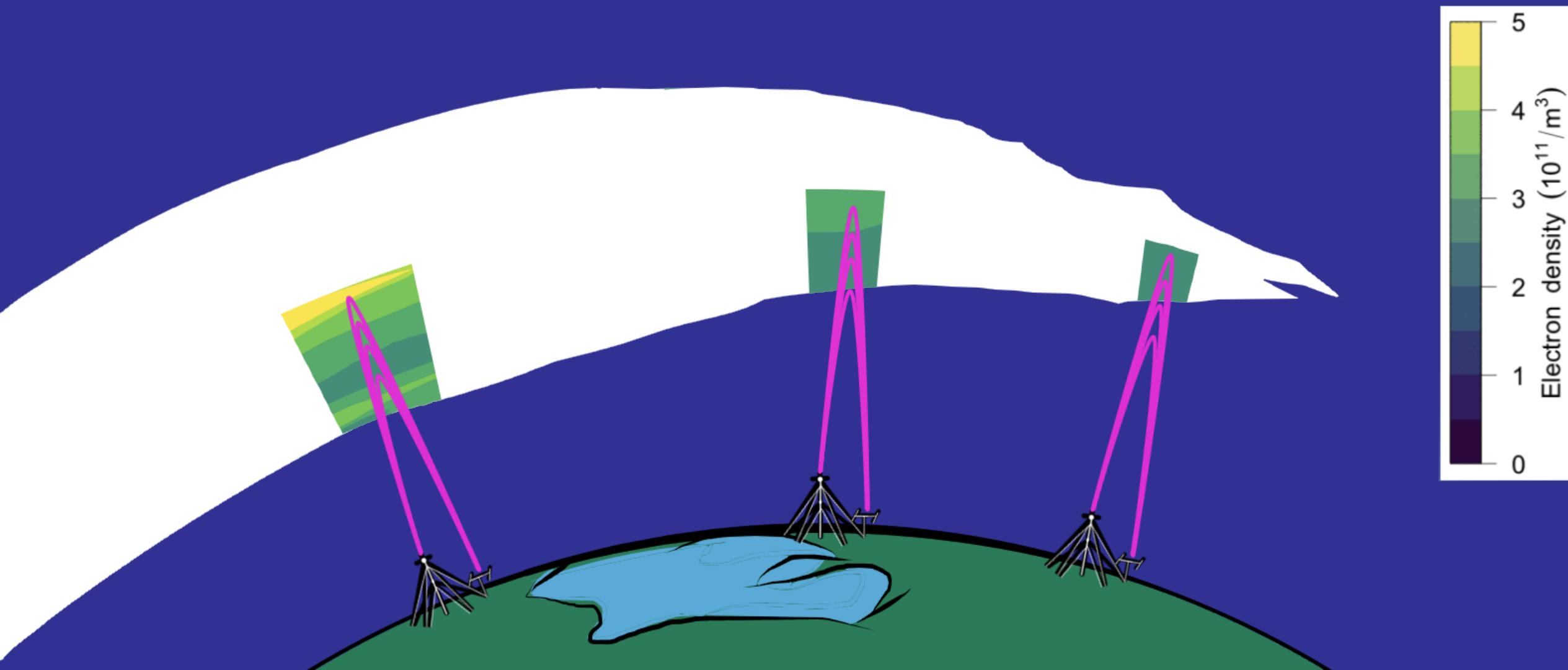
Ionosonde locations



Ionosonde measurements



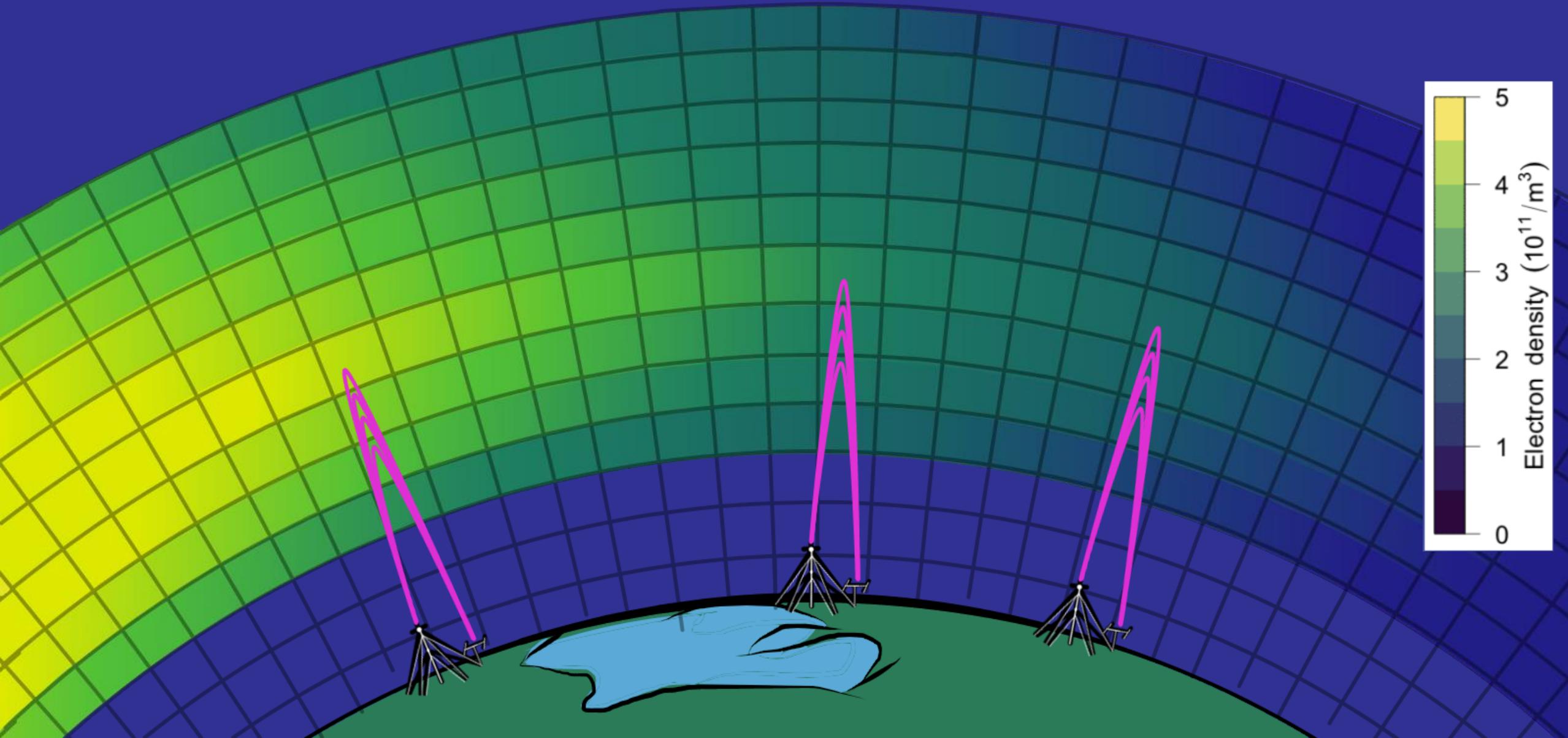
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Ionosonde-based smooth non-uniform background



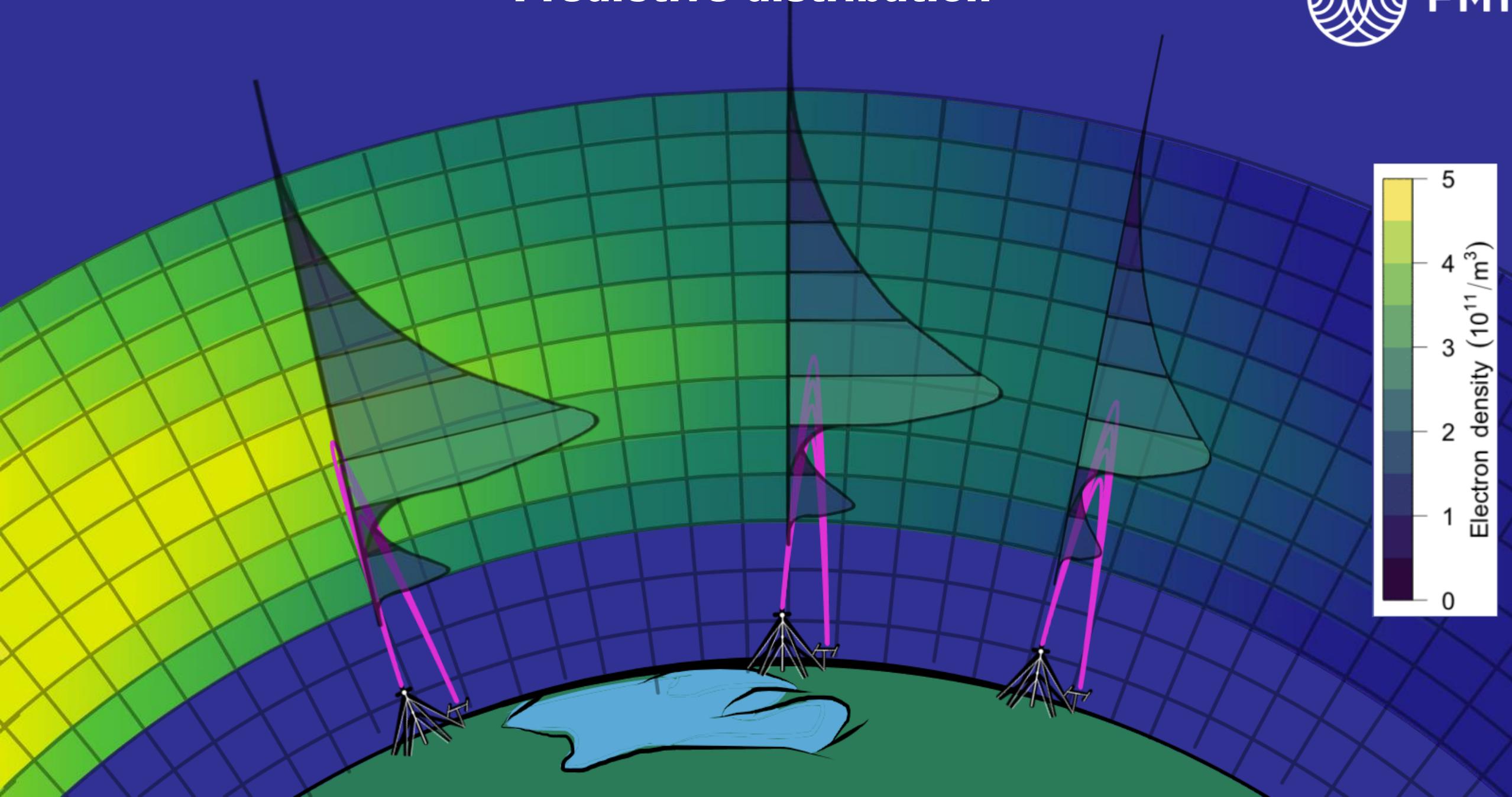
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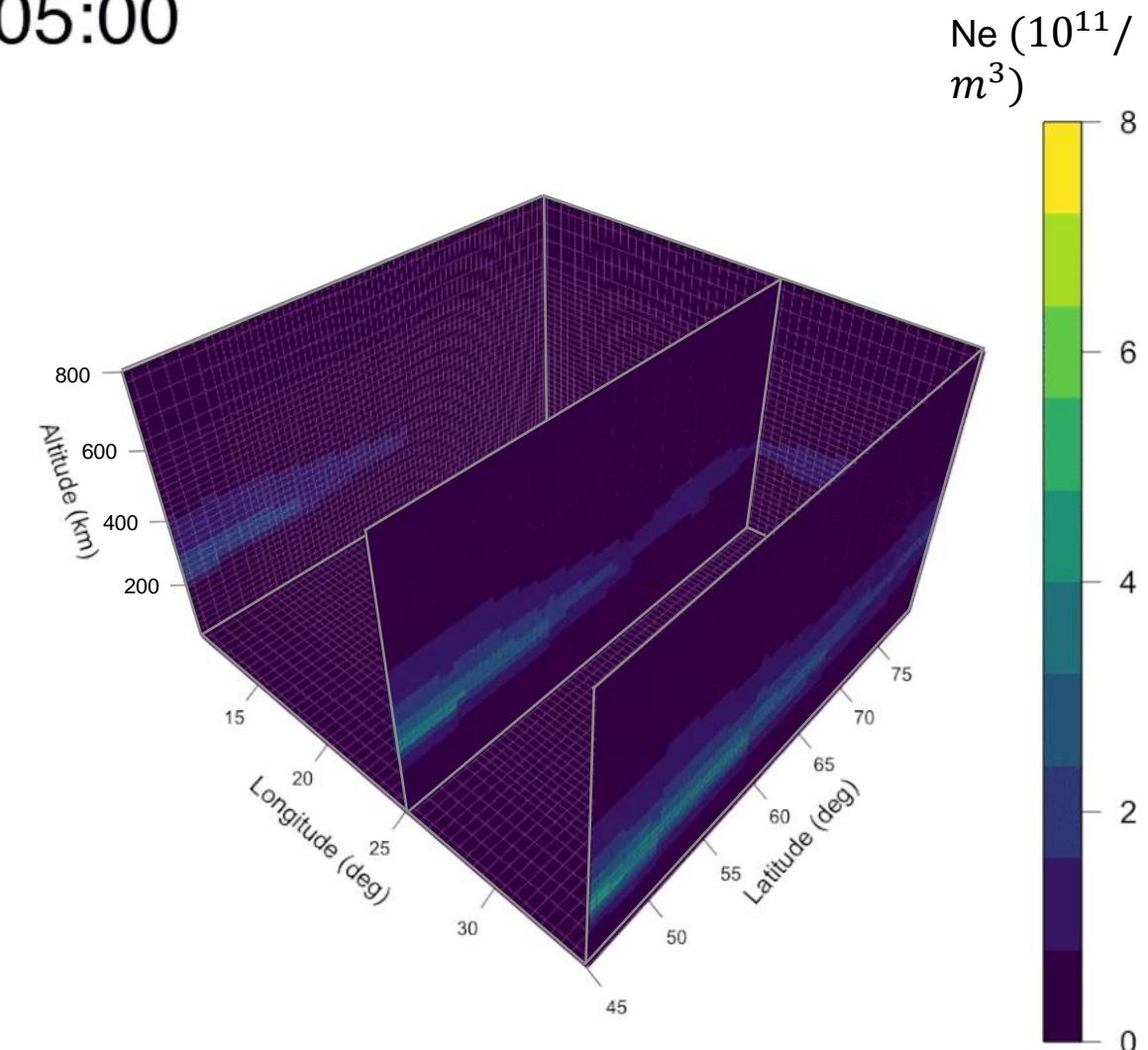
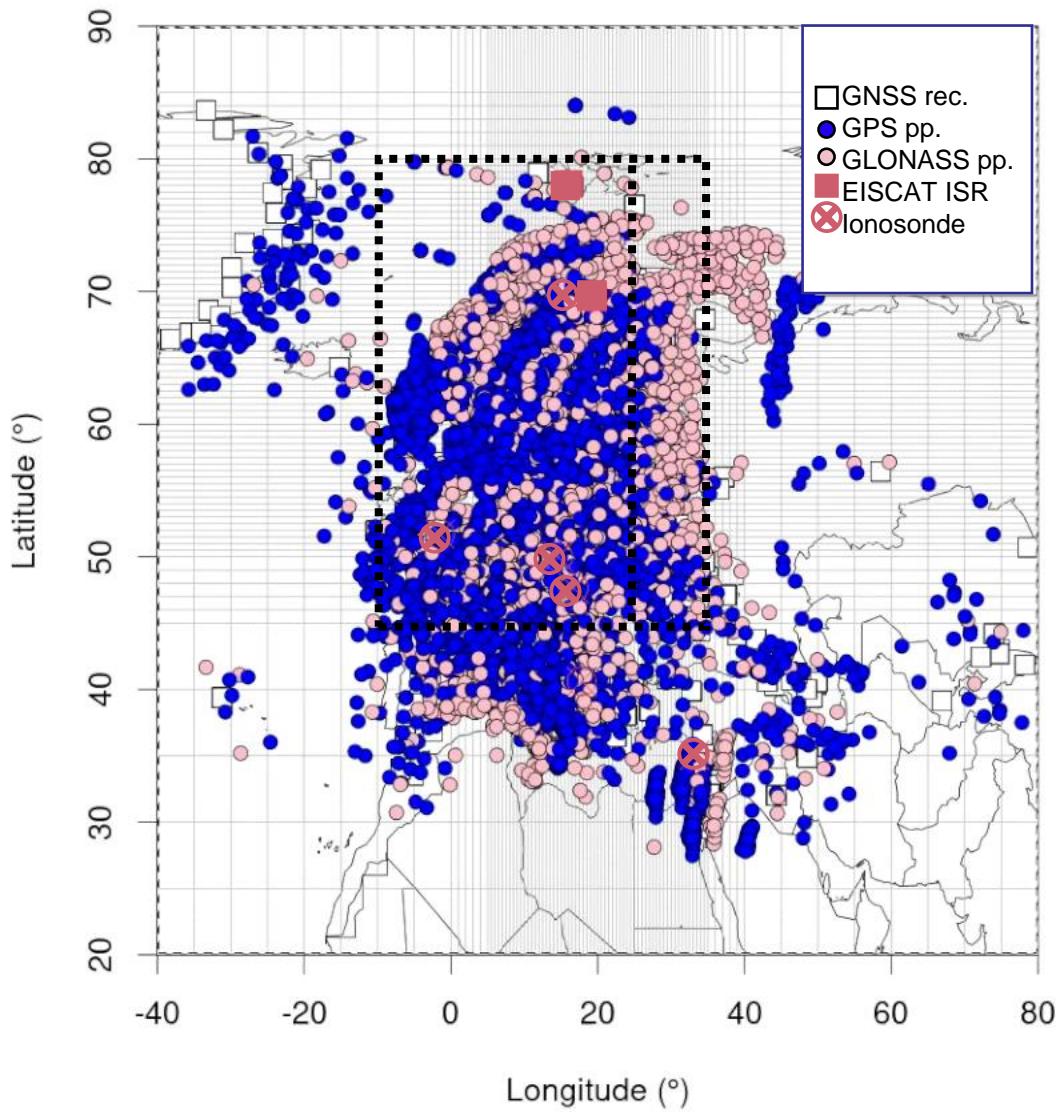
Predictive distribution



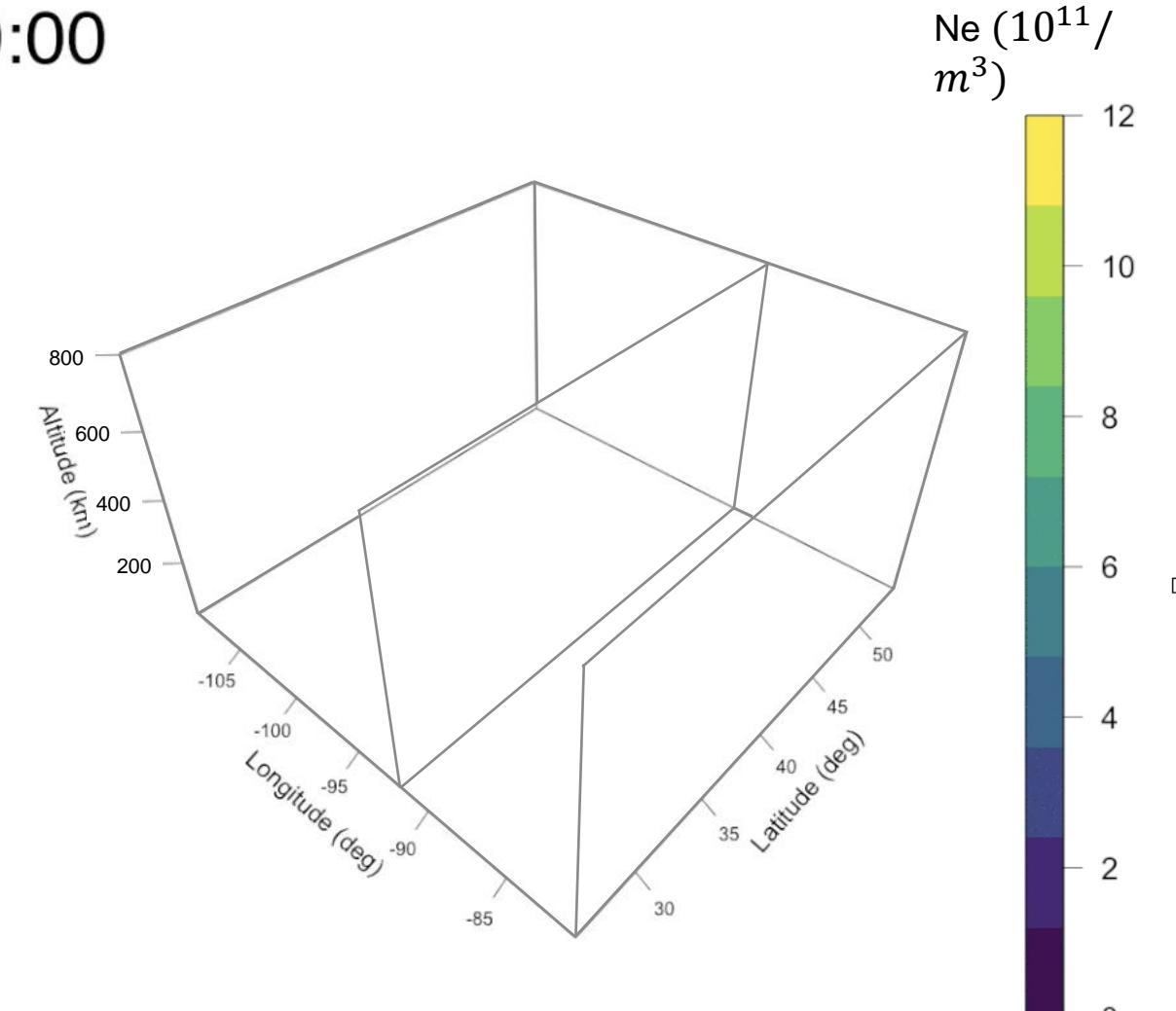
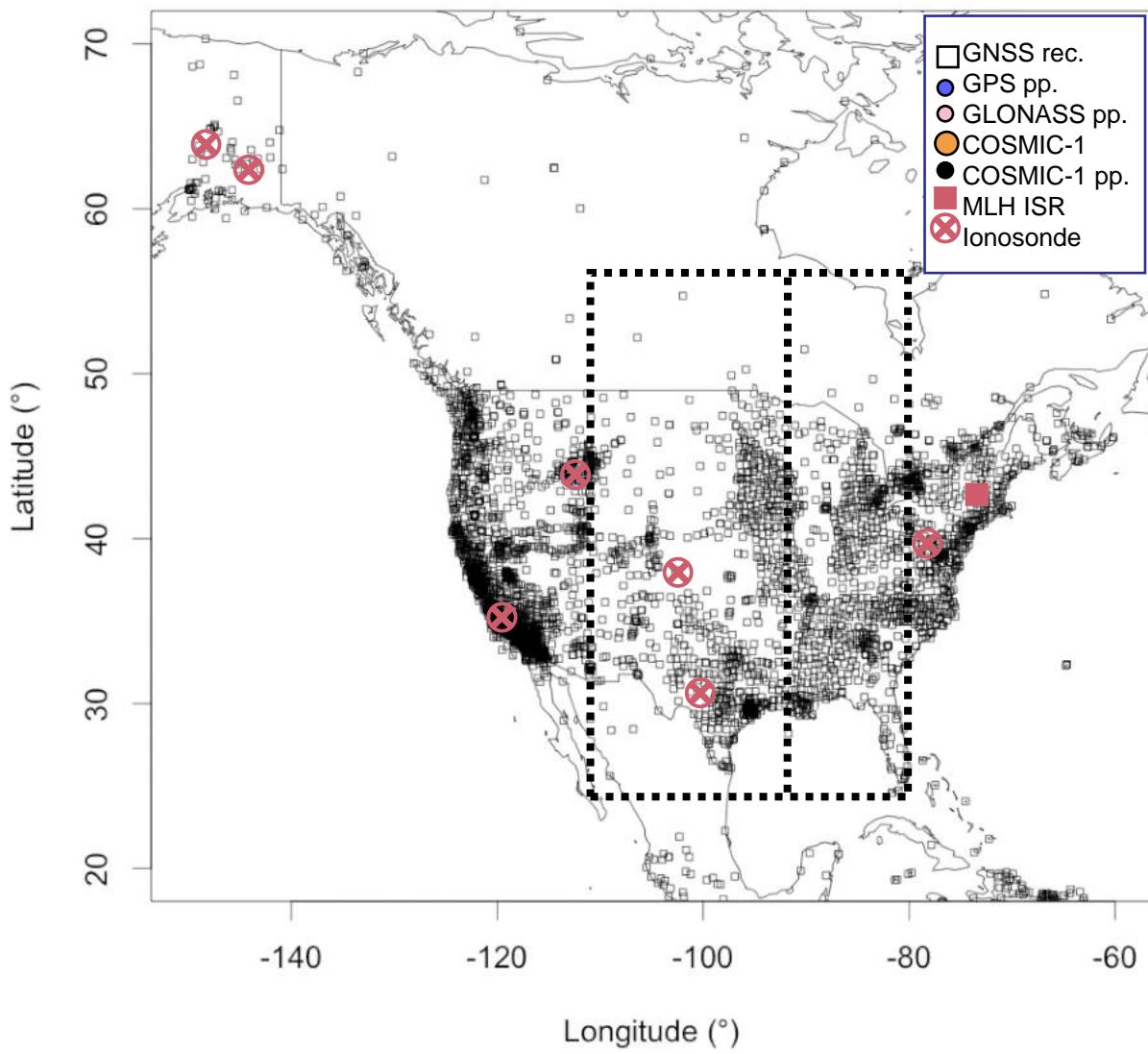
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21.11.10 06:05:00



16.03.14 17:00:00



Norberg, J., Vierinen, J., Roininen, L., Orispää, M., Kauristie, K., Rideout, W. C., Coster, A. J., & Lehtinen, M. S. (2018). Gaussian Markov Random Field Priors in Ionospheric 3-D Multi-Instrument Tomography. *IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing*, 1–13. <https://doi.org/10.1109/TGRS.2018.2847026>

Norberg, J., Käki, S., Roininen, L., Mielich, J., & Virtanen, I. I. (2023). Model-Free Approach for Regional Ionospheric Multi-Instrument Imaging. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Space Physics*, 128(1).
<https://doi.org/10.1029/2022JA030794>

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