

Маа-амет

# Verification of GNSS data in Estonia

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### Outline

- Introduction
- Data used
- GNSS networks and time series
- Models (LU, GIA) and comparisons
- Results



#### Introduction

- Estonia is situated at the South-East corner of the Fennoscandian post-glacial rebound area
- The impact of ongoing Glacial Isostatic Adjustment (GIA) can be noticed on accurate geodetic measurements, such is GNSS



#### Data used

- From GNSS network
  - Estonian GNSS permanent reference stations
  - GPS campaigns held in 1997 and 2008
- From modelling
  - land uplift models (NKG2005LU and EST2013LU)
  - GIA model



#### ESTPOS and NGN I order network





#### Campaign-wise GPS measurements

- 1997 and 2008 for I-order geodetic network
- The computations with Bernese, versions 4.2 and 5.0



## ESTREF computations

- Since 2007 (week 1448) cumulative daily and weekly solutions
- Bernese software (versions 5.0 and 5.2)
- Guidelines for EPN and NKG
- Altogether ca 80 stations computed



#### Time series analysis

- TS from 7 CORS were analysed and horizontal and vertical uplift rates were derived
- The time-series were compiled using programs CATREF and CATS



#### Velocity from GNSS















### Comparisons with models

- The observed displacements of geodetic points as well as velocity estimates of CORS were compared with the predictions
  - latest PGR empirical models (e.g. NKG2005LU and EST2013 LU)
  - GIA model



#### Velocity from models (LU, GIA)



#### Comparison with LU models

Comparison with GIA model



#### Results

- In most cases good fit between the observations and models was found
- The higher discrepancies appeared in the East and South-East Estonia
  - Noise in measurements (GNSS, levelling, TG, gravity)
  - no observation data from study area have been used in compilation of widespread ice and GIA models



#### References

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